

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 16.042, 52.264)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 16.042, 52.264) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 15.910, 51.412)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BD9C8D
RGB	189, 156, 141
RGB Percent	74%, 61%, 55%
CMY	0.2579, 0.3873, 0.4462
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.25, 0.26
HSL	19°, 27%, 65%
HSV	19°, 25%, 74%
XYZ	37.7960, 36.6320, 30.3649
YIQ	164.1570, 24.4830, 2.3310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

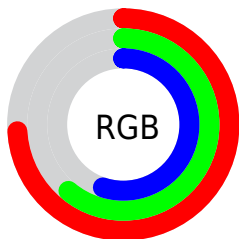
Format	Color
R _{YB}	189, 163, 141
Decimal	12426381
CIE Lab	67.00, 9.92, 12.44
CIE LCh	67, 15.910, 51.412
Yxy	36.6320, 0.3607, 0.3496
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290616461 (0xFFBD9C8D)
YUV	164.1570, -11.4164, 21.7873
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, 5.5512, 12.6214

Details

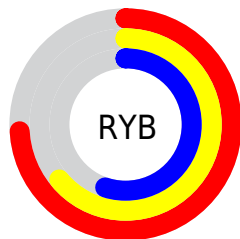
The CIELCh color $67, 15.910, 51.412$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be $69, 13.768, 235.618$, and the grayscale version is $68, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $87, 15.825, 51.803$, and $47, 15.873, 51.692$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $63, 23.042, 50.894$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $71, 9.284, 52.015$.

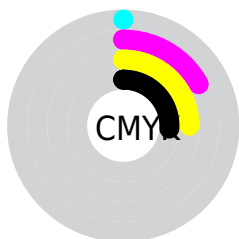
Distribution



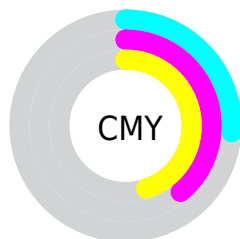
- Red (74%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 15.910, 51.412 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 15.910, 51.412 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67, 15.910, 51.412

■ 67, 15.910, 51.412

■ 100, 15.910,
51.412

■ 57, 15.910, 51.412

■ 87, 15.910, 51.412

■ 47, 15.910, 51.412

■ 97, 15.910, 51.412

■ 37, 15.910, 51.412

■ 27, 15.910, 51.412

■ 17, 15.910, 51.412

■ 7, 15.910, 51.412

■ 0, 15.910, 51.412

■ 67, 15.910, 51.412

■ 67, 15.910, 51.412

■ 63, 23.042, 50.894

■ 71, 9.284, 52.015

60, 30.703, 50.460

75, 3.126, 52.587

56, 38.883, 50.134

79, 2.609, 233.638

53, 47.500, 49.906

82, 7.968, 234.254

50, 56.333, 49.707

86, 12.995,
234.981

48, 64.864, 49.344

90, 17.732,
235.723

45, 72.054, 48.384

94, 19.094,
210.364

44, 75.092, 47.987

96, 21.324,
198.104

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 15.910, 51.412



69, 13.768, 235.618

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 15.910, 51.412



67, 15.910, 101.412



67, 15.910, 231.412



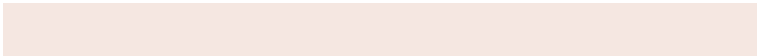
67, 15.910, 281.412

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 15.909, 51.421



93, 5.798, 52.450



64, 25.906, 336.075



49, 4.142, 52.363



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 15.909, 51.421



82, 23.641, 51.141



73, 21.049, 97.478



38, 3.340, 52.380



37, 65.410, 48.457



4, 10.297, 41.398

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 13.768, 235.618



86, 19.789, 236.310



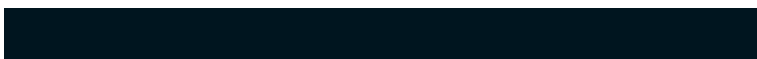
63, 21.655, 283.826



38, 3.183, 233.952



43, 34.752, 257.758



6, 9.747, 247.217

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 15.910, 51.412 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

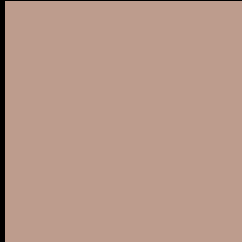
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 15.910, 51.412 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

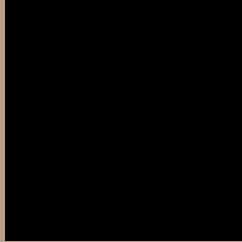
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 15.910, 51.412

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 15.910, 51.412.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 15.910, 51.412.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


67, 15.910, 51.412

Protanopia

67, 10.272, 93.384

Deuteranopia

67, 15.168, 55.476



Tritanopia
67, 16.466, 357.468

Trichromacy



Original Color
67, 15.910, 51.412

Protanomaly
67, 11.365, 74.724

Deuteranomaly
67, 15.512, 54.603

Tritanomaly
67, 14.669, 16.503

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 15.910, 51.412

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 5.418, 50.142

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 15.910, 51.412 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 156, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 156, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 156, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 156, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 15.910, 51.412 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 156, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 156, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 156, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 156, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 156, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 156,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 15.910, 51.412 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 156, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
156, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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