

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 17.632, 325.201)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 17.632, 325.201)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 17.360, 325.206)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B59BB5
RGB	181, 155, 181
RGB Percent	71%, 61%, 71%
CMY	0.2900, 0.3919, 0.2900
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	300°, 15%, 66%
HSV	300°, 14%, 71%
XYZ	39.1480, 36.6320, 48.7557
YIQ	165.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

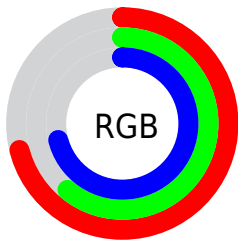
Format	Color
RYB	181, 155, 181
Decimal	11901877
CIELab	67.00, 14.26, -9.91
CIELCh	67, 17.360, 325.206
Yxy	36.6320, 0.3144, 0.2941
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290091957 (0xFFB59BB5)
YUV	165.7380, 7.5242, 13.3848
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, 9.5386, -5.3943

Details

The CIELCh color $67, 17.360, 325.206$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be $71, 17.340, 143.585$, and the grayscale version is $68, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $87, 17.119, 325.052$, and $47, 17.095, 325.417$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $63, 29.497, 325.749$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72, 5.242, 324.632$.

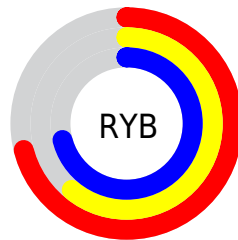
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (61%)

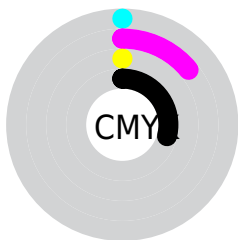
Blue (71%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (71%)

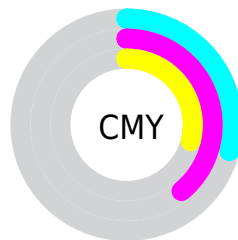


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (29%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 17.360, 325.206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 17.360, 325.206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 67, 17.360,
325.206


 67, 17.360,
325.206

 100, 17.360,
325.206

 57, 17.360,
325.206

 87, 17.360,
325.206

 47, 17.360,
325.206

 97, 17.360,
325.206

 37, 17.360,
325.206

 27, 17.360,
325.206

 17, 17.360,
325.206

 7, 17.360, 325.206

 0, 17.360, 325.206

67, 17.360,
325.206

67, 17.360,
325.206

63, 29.497,
325.749

72, 5.242, 324.632

58, 41.436,
326.272

76, 6.701, 144.178

54, 52.868,
326.761

81, 18.377,
143.633

51, 63.401,
327.201

86, 29.731,
143.126

48, 72.584,
327.575

91, 40.737,
142.646

46, 79.971,
327.868

94, 46.315,
142.407


44, 85.229,
328.074


94, 46.315,
142.407

43, 88.261,

94, 46.315,
142.407

328.191

 94, 46.315,
142.407

 43, 89.367,
328.233

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 17.360, 325.206



71, 17.340, 143.585

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 17.360, 325.206



67, 17.360, 15.206



67, 17.360, 145.206



67, 17.360, 195.206

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 17.358, 325.206



91, 5.937, 324.613



65, 14.480, 291.705



48, 4.217, 324.661



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 17.358, 325.206



83, 25.392, 325.367



67, 12.270, 344.836



36, 6.910, 324.927



37, 79.889, 328.233



3, 18.823, 324.744

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 17.358, 325.206



83, 25.392, 325.367



71, 12.050, 162.466



36, 6.910, 324.927



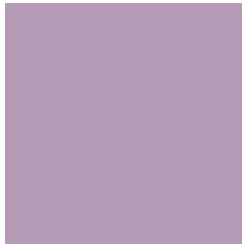
37, 79.889, 328.233



3, 18.823, 324.744

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 17.360, 325.206 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

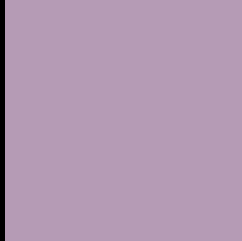
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 17.360, 325.206 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 17.360, 325.206

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 17.360, 325.206.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 17.360, 325.206.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


67, 17.360, 325.206

Protanopia

67, 12.738, 286.672

Deuteranopia

67, 12.483, 312.007



Tritanopia
67, 10.703, 342.230

Trichromacy



Original Color
67, 17.360, 325.206

Protanomaly
67, 14.189, 303.341

Deuteranomaly
67, 13.751, 318.500

Tritanomaly
67, 13.083, 334.829

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 17.360, 325.206

Achromatopsia
68, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 6.044, 324.687

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 17.360, 325.206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 155, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 155, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 155, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 155, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 17.360, 325.206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 155, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 155, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 155, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 155, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 155, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 155,  
181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 17.360, 325.206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 155, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
155, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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