

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 18.310, 148.752)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 18.310, 148.752)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 18.261, 149.085)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8CAB92
RGB	140, 171, 146
RGB Percent	55%, 67%, 57%
CMY	0.4521, 0.3306, 0.4286
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.15, 0.33
HSL	132°, 16%, 61%
HSV	132°, 18%, 67%
XYZ	30.4409, 36.6320, 32.5443
YIQ	158.8810, -10.4510, -14.3470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

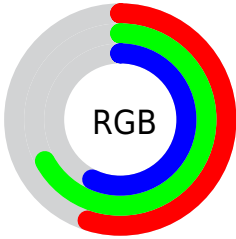
Format	Color
RYB	140, 166, 171
Decimal	9218962
CIELab	67.00, -15.67, 9.38
CIELCh	67, 18.261, 149.085
Yxy	36.6320, 0.3056, 0.3677
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287409042 (0xFF8CAB92)
YUV	158.8810, -6.3503, -16.5586
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, -16.1406, 10.4865

Details

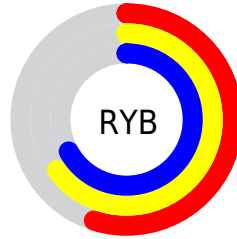
The CIELCh color $67, 18.261, 149.085$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $62, 18.329, 331.412$, and the grayscale version is $65, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $87, 17.950, 149.164$, and $47, 18.805, 148.790$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $66, 28.337, 148.244$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $69, 8.164, 149.824$.

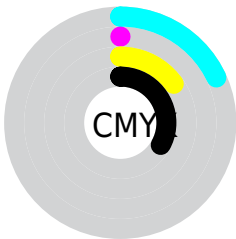
Distribution



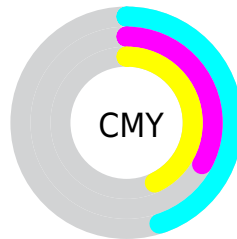
- Red (55%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (33%)





- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (43%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 18.261, 149.085 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 18.261, 149.085 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 67, 18.261,
149.085


 67, 18.261,
149.085


 100, 18.261,
149.085


 57, 18.261,
149.085


 87, 18.261,
149.085

 47, 18.261,
149.085

 97, 18.261,
149.085

 37, 18.261,
149.085

 27, 18.261,
149.085

 17, 18.261,
149.085

 7, 18.261, 149.085

 0, 18.261, 149.085

67, 18.261,
149.085

67, 18.261,
149.085

66, 28.337,
148.244

69, 8.164, 149.824

64, 38.236,
147.274

70, 1.842, 330.265

63, 47.778,
146.157

72, 11.668,
330.931

63, 56.753,
144.883

74, 21.257,
331.413

62, 64.939,
143.457

76, 30.571,
331.831

61, 72.117,
141.908

78, 39.590,
332.199


61, 78.087,
140.296

80, 47.478,
330.999

61, 82.731,

80, 52.671,
326.241

138.762

 61, 83.470,
138.527

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 18.261, 149.085



62, 18.329, 331.412

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 18.261, 149.085



67, 18.261, 199.085



67, 18.261, 329.085



67, 18.261, 19.085

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 18.263, 149.085



87, 6.179, 150.045



69, 17.052, 116.096



47, 4.252, 149.994



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 18.263, 149.085



84, 27.409, 148.743



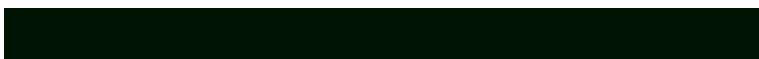
67, 12.742, 173.153



35, 5.604, 149.744



53, 74.764, 138.726



5, 10.394, 149.392

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 18.329, 331.412



76, 27.517, 331.686



61, 13.375, 356.580



33, 5.621, 330.840



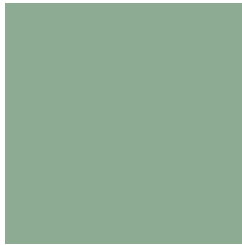
33, 66.412, 337.568



2, 9.766, 332.470

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 18.261, 149.085 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

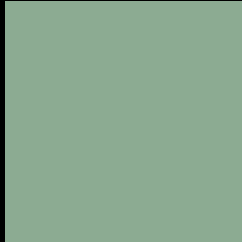
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 18.261, 149.085 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

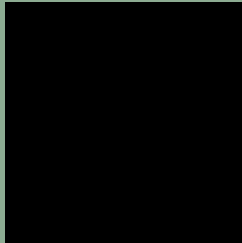
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

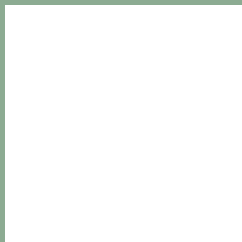
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 18.261, 149.085

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 18.261, 149.085.

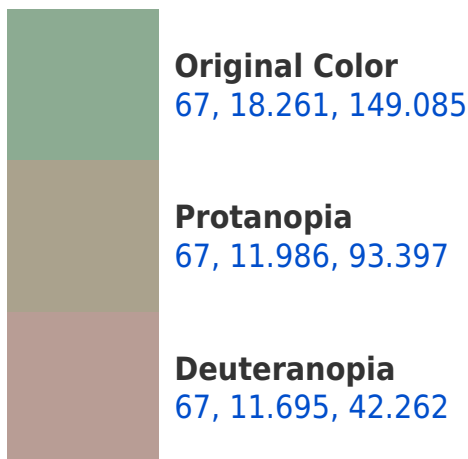


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 18.261, 149.085.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
67, 9.952, 245.385

Trichromacy



Original Color
67, 18.261, 149.085

Protanomaly
67, 12.332, 119.992

Deuteranomaly
67, 8.053, 92.244

Tritanomaly
67, 8.800, 195.086

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 18.261, 149.085

Achromatopsia
65, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
66, 6.554, 149.525

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 18.261, 149.085 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 171, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 171, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 171, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 171, 146) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 18.261, 149.085 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 171, 146) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 171, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 171, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 171, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 171, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 171,  
146) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 18.261, 149.085 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 171, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
171, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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