

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 19.289, 246.411)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(67, 19.289, 246.411)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(67, 19.083, 245.298)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7FA9C2
RGB	127, 169, 194
RGB Percent	50%, 66%, 76%
CMY	0.5031, 0.3384, 0.2404
CMYK	0.35, 0.13, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	202°, 35%, 63%
HSV	202°, 35%, 76%
XYZ	32.5408, 36.6320, 56.2095
YIQ	159.2920, -33.0570, -1.1290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

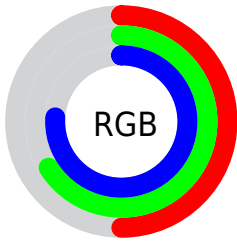
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	127, 153, 194
Decimal	8366530
CIELab	67.00, -7.97, -17.34
CIElCh	67, 19.083, 245.298
Yxy	36.6320, 0.2595, 0.2922
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286556610 (0xFF7FA9C2)
YUV	159.2920, 17.1110, -28.3201
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, -9.9476, -12.6961

# Details

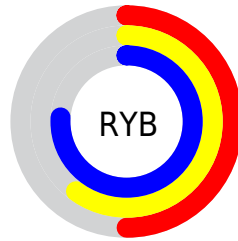
The CIELCh color **67, 19.083, 245.298** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **66, 22.718, 57.514**, and the grayscale version is **65, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87, 19.181, 246.525**, and **47, 18.899, 244.835** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 23.991, 247.382**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70, 13.860, 243.602**.

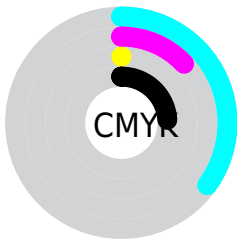
# Distribution



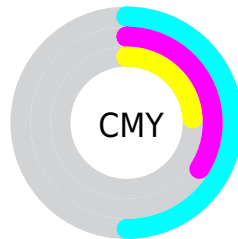
- Red (50%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)




- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 19.083, 245.298 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 19.083, 245.298 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 67, 19.083,  
245.298


 67, 19.083,  
245.298


 100, 19.083,  
245.298

 57, 19.083,  
245.298

 87, 19.083,  
245.298

 47, 19.083,  
245.298

 97, 19.083,  
245.298

 37, 19.083,  
245.298

 27, 19.083,  
245.298

 17, 19.083,  
245.298

 7, 19.083, 245.298

 0, 19.083, 245.298

67, 19.083,  
245.298

67, 19.083,  
245.298

64, 23.991,  
247.382

70, 13.860,  
243.602

61, 28.549,  
249.940

73, 8.375, 242.238

77, 2.676, 241.222

58, 32.740,  
253.047

80, 3.188, 59.985

55, 36.587,  
256.763

84, 9.175, 59.313

53, 40.166,  
261.097

87, 15.248, 58.698

90, 19.194, 63.382

50, 43.608,  
265.967

92, 20.223, 76.026

49, 45.513,  
268.636

93, 22.130, 86.898

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 19.083, 245.298



66, 22.718, 57.514

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 19.083, 245.298



67, 19.083, 295.298



67, 19.083, 65.298



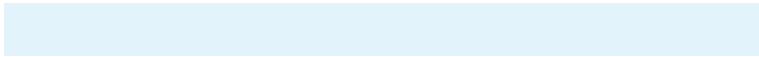
67, 19.083, 115.298

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 19.082, 245.295



95, 7.172, 241.732



73, 33.723, 154.103



51, 4.922, 241.889



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

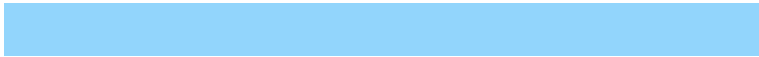


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 19.082, 245.295



82, 28.168, 246.948



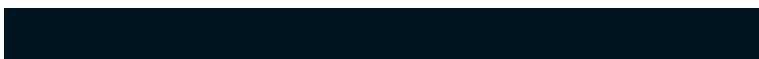
58, 33.062, 288.939



39, 3.285, 241.649



41, 39.228, 267.859



6, 11.214, 255.925





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 34.215, 340.185



74, 51.221, 340.978



75, 31.155, 100.346



38, 5.559, 338.044



35, 62.782, 350.292



3, 17.206, 344.622



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 19.083, 245.298 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

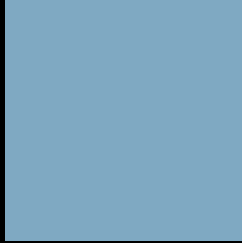
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 67, 19.083, 245.298 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

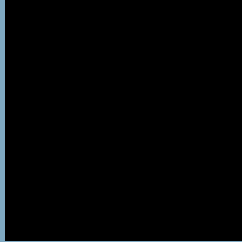
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

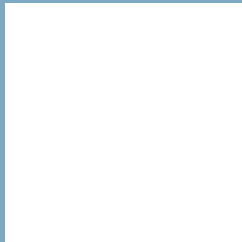
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 67, 19.083, 245.298

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 19.083, 245.298.

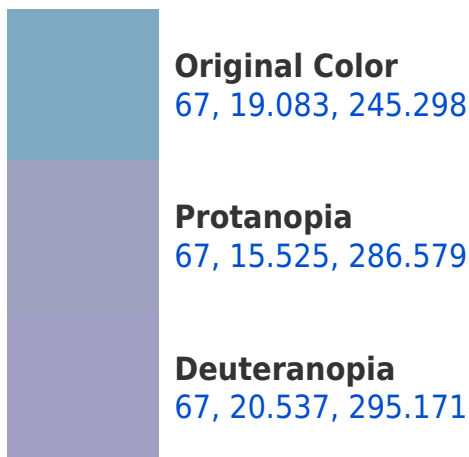


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 19.083, 245.298.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
67, 16.988, 225.577



# Trichromacy



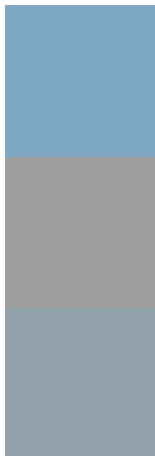
**Original Color**  
67, 19.083, 245.298

**Protanomaly**  
67, 15.969, 268.939

**Deuteranomaly**  
67, 18.179, 276.756

**Tritanomaly**  
67, 17.618, 232.993

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
67, 19.083, 245.298

**Achromatopsia**  
65, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
66, 7.548, 240.547

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 19.083, 245.298 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 169, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 169, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 169, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 169, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 19.083, 245.298 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 169, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 169, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 169, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 169, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 169, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 169,  
194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 19.083, 245.298 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 169, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
169, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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