

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 2.146, 130.781)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 2.146, 130.781) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 2.334, 129.009)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A2A4A0
RGB	162, 164, 160
RGB Percent	64%, 64%, 63%
CMY	0.3658, 0.3579, 0.3736
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.02, 0.36
HSL	90°, 2%, 63%
HSV	90°, 2%, 64%
XYZ	34.3904, 36.6320, 38.3886
YIQ	162.9460, 0.0920, -1.6680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

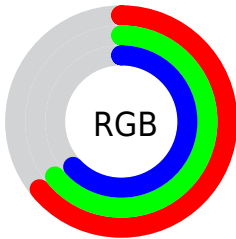
Format	Color
RYB	160, 164, 162
Decimal	10658976
CIELab	67.00, -1.47, 1.81
CIELCh	67, 2.334, 129.009
Yxy	36.6320, 0.3143, 0.3348
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288849056 (0xFFA2A4A0)
YUV	162.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, -4.4925, 4.7613

Details

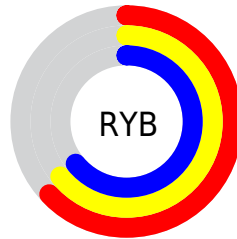
The CIELCh color **67, 2.334, 129.009** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **66, 2.359, 309.143**, and the grayscale version is **67, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87, 2.209, 129.047**, and **47, 1.955, 134.623** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 11.950, 128.546**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 7.228, 309.374**.

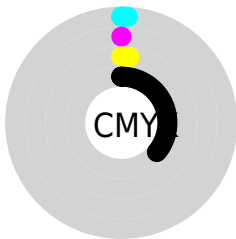
Distribution



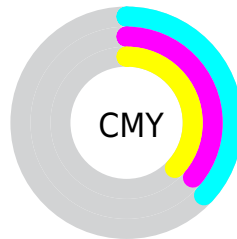
- Red (64%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 2.334, 129.009 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 2.334, 129.009 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67, 2.334, 129.009

■ 67, 2.334, 129.009

■ 100, 2.334,
129.009

■ 57, 2.334, 129.009

■ 87, 2.334, 129.009

■ 47, 2.334, 129.009

■ 97, 2.334, 129.009

■ 37, 2.334, 129.009

■ 27, 2.334, 129.009

■ 17, 2.334, 129.009

■ 7, 2.334, 129.009

■ 0, 2.334, 129.009

■ 67, 2.334, 129.009

■ 67, 2.334, 129.009

■ 66, 11.950,

■ 68, 7.228, 309.374

128.546

69, 16.701,
309.756

65, 21.557,
128.076

71, 26.055,
310.096

64, 31.078,
127.597

72, 35.268,
310.402

63, 40.398,
127.130

73, 44.329,
310.675

63, 49.353,
126.716

75, 51.747,
311.402

62, 57.710,
126.417

75, 52.454,
314.300

61, 65.144,
126.323

76, 53.278,
317.159

61, 71.260,
126.553

77, 54.218,
319.966

60, 75.699,
127.222

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 2.334, 129.009



66, 2.359, 309.143

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 2.334, 129.009



67, 2.334, 179.009



67, 2.334, 309.009



67, 2.334, 359.009

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 2.336, 129.022



85, 1.172, 129.145



67, 1.331, 74.893



45, 0.671, 129.153



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 2.336, 129.022



84, 3.536, 128.988



67, 2.692, 144.391



34, 2.160, 128.954



54, 71.552, 127.743



4, 8.527, 130.708

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 2.359, 309.143



83, 3.569, 309.178



66, 2.707, 324.491



34, 2.180, 309.212



22, 81.912, 312.122



1, 8.355, 307.417

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 2.334, 129.009 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 67, 2.334, 129.009 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

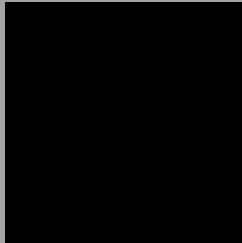
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

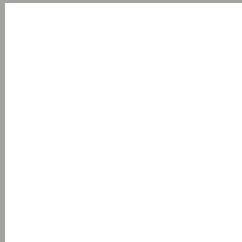
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 2.334, 129.009

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 2.334, 129.009.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 2.334, 129.009.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


67, 2.334, 129.009

Protanopia

67, 2.521, 60.247

Deuteranopia

67, 8.310, 8.698



Tritanopia
67, 6.688, 297.211

Trichromacy



Original Color
67, 2.334, 129.009

Protanomaly
67, 2.320, 90.598

Deuteranomaly
67, 5.045, 13.519

Tritanomaly
67, 3.319, 290.537

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 2.334, 129.009

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 0.543, 110.019

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 2.334, 129.009 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 164, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 164, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 164, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 164, 160) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 2.334, 129.009 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 164, 160) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 164, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 164, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 164, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 164, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 164,  
160) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 2.334, 129.009 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 164, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
164, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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