

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 20.739, 293.911)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 20.739, 293.911)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 20.481, 293.228)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1A0C5
RGB	161, 160, 197
RGB Percent	63%, 63%, 77%
CMY	0.3696, 0.3735, 0.2284
CMYK	0.18, 0.19, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	242°, 24%, 70%
HSV	242°, 19%, 77%
XYZ	37.2296, 36.6320, 57.7838
YIQ	164.5170, -11.2810, 11.7190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

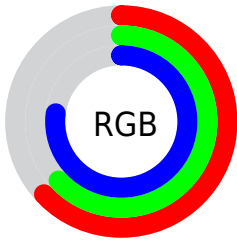
Format	Color
R_{YB}	161, 160, 197
Decimal	10592453
CIE Lab	67.00, 8.08, -18.82
CIE LCh	67, 20.481, 293.228
Yxy	36.6320, 0.2828, 0.2783
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288782533 (0xFFA1A0C5)
YUV	164.5170, 16.0141, -3.0844
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, 3.8809, -14.2383

Details

The CIELCh color $67, 20.481, 293.228$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $78, 19.616, 109.511$, and the grayscale version is $67, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $87, 20.447, 292.797$, and $47, 20.142, 292.853$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 32.033, 294.554$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $74, 9.397, 292.098$.

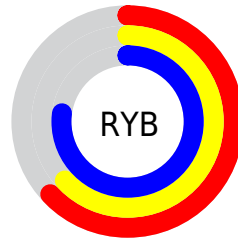
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (63%)

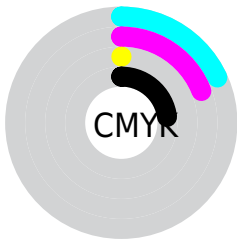
Blue (77%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (77%)

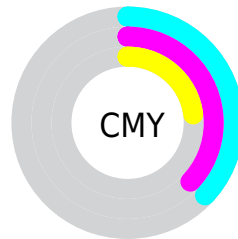


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (23%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 20.481, 293.228 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 20.481, 293.228 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 67, 20.481,
293.228


 67, 20.481,
293.228


 100, 20.481,
293.228

 57, 20.481,
293.228


 87, 20.481,
293.228

 47, 20.481,
293.228

 97, 20.481,
293.228

 37, 20.481,
293.228

 27, 20.481,
293.228

 17, 20.481,
293.228

 7, 20.481, 293.228

 0, 20.481, 293.228

67, 20.481,
293.228

67, 20.481,
293.228

60, 32.033,
294.554

74, 9.397, 292.098

54, 44.080,
296.101

80, 1.247, 111.088

47, 56.604,
297.876

87, 11.485,
110.308

41, 69.481,
299.846

93, 21.347,
109.612

35, 82.326,
301.909

99, 29.353,
107.947

30, 94.248,
303.855

26, 103.694,
305.370

24, 109.363,

306.260

■ 24, 109.954,
306.361

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 20.481, 293.228



78, 19.616, 109.511

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 20.481, 293.228



67, 20.481, 343.228



67, 20.481, 113.228



67, 20.481, 163.228

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 20.479, 293.226



95, 7.870, 291.825



77, 12.689, 199.984



50, 5.227, 291.891



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 20.479, 293.226



81, 31.219, 293.805



68, 21.583, 310.501



38, 6.117, 292.160



19, 95.683, 306.379



1, 21.520, 292.458

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 23.911, 326.193



86, 36.125, 326.445



77, 21.059, 128.813



39, 7.249, 325.661



38, 81.049, 329.321



4, 26.136, 327.904

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 20.481, 293.228 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

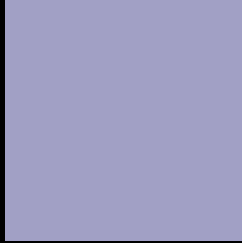
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 20.481, 293.228 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

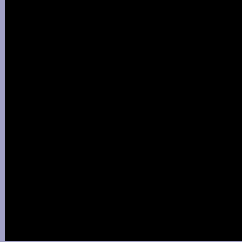
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 20.481, 293.228

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 20.481, 293.228.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 20.481, 293.228.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

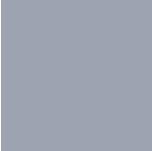
67, 20.481, 293.228

Protanopia

67, 20.514, 286.536

Deuteranopia

67, 21.088, 295.141



Tritanopia
67, 7.467, 273.921

Trichromacy



Original Color
67, 20.481, 293.228

Protanomaly
67, 20.472, 288.424

Deuteranomaly
67, 21.088, 295.141

Tritanomaly
67, 12.217, 284.724

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 20.481, 293.228

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 7.756, 293.694

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 20.481, 293.228 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 160, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 160, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 160, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 160, 197) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 20.481, 293.228 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 160, 197) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 160, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 160, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 160, 197); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 160, 197); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 160, 197) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 20.481, 293.228 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 160, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
160, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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