

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 22.789, 346.429)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 22.789, 346.429)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 22.810, 346.443)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | C695AD |
| RGB | 198, 149, 173 |
| RGB Percent | 78%, 58%, 68% |
| CMY | 0.2226, 0.4148, 0.3207 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.25, 0.13, 0.22 |
| HSL | 331°, 30%, 68% |
| HSV | 331°, 25%, 78% |
| XYZ | 41.7013, 36.6320, 44.5261 |
| YIQ | 166.3870, 21.5000, 17.8520 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

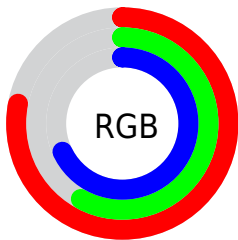
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 198, 149, 173 |
| Decimal | 13014445 |
| CIE Lab | 67.00, 22.17, -5.35 |
| CIE LCh | 67, 22.810, 346.443 |
| Yxy | 36.6320, 0.3394, 0.2982 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4291204525 (0xFFC695AD) |
| YUV | 166.3870, 3.2602, 27.7246 |
| Hunter-Lab | 60.5244, 17.0690, -1.2509 |

Details

The CIELCh color $67, 22.810, 346.443$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be $76, 22.085, 161.984$, and the grayscale version is $68, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $87, 22.880, 346.539$, and $47, 22.597, 345.873$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62, 32.153, 347.566$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72, 13.460, 345.448$.

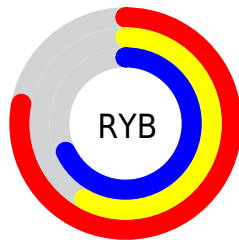
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (58%)

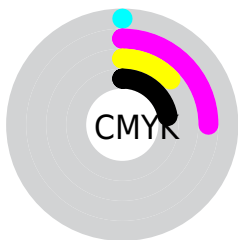
Blue (68%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (68%)

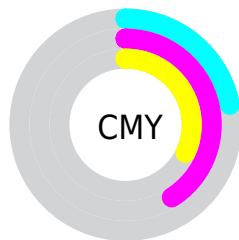


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 22.810, 346.443 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 22.810, 346.443 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 67, 22.810,
346.443

 67, 22.810,
346.443

 100, 22.810,
346.443

 57, 22.810,
346.443

 87, 22.810,
346.443

 47, 22.810,
346.443

 97, 22.810,
346.443

 37, 22.810,
346.443

 27, 22.810,
346.443

 17, 22.810,
346.443

 7, 22.810, 346.443

 0, 22.810, 346.443

67, 22.810,
346.443

67, 22.810,
346.443

62, 32.153,
347.566

72, 13.460,
345.448

57, 41.249,
348.857

77, 4.266, 344.501

83, 4.683, 163.885

53, 49.750,
350.381

88, 13.340,
163.099

50, 57.211,
352.227

94, 21.691,
162.417

47, 63.159,
354.519

96, 22.365,
169.091

44, 67.220,
357.411

96, 19.963,
181.768

43, 69.311, 1.063

96, 18.683,
196.942

■ 96, 18.636,
198.274

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 22.810, 346.443



76, 22.085, 161.984

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 22.810, 346.443



67, 22.810, 36.443



67, 22.810, 166.443



67, 22.810, 216.443

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 22.808, 346.445



95, 7.780, 344.735



65, 28.690, 310.241



50, 5.059, 344.793



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 22.808, 346.445



81, 34.053, 347.069



66, 19.749, 21.295



39, 5.166, 344.949



35, 60.639, 2.530



4, 17.759, 353.609

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 22.808, 346.445



81, 34.053, 347.069



77, 16.749, 198.172



39, 5.166, 344.949



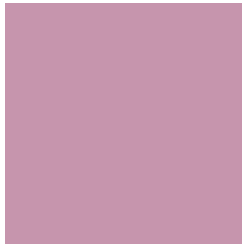
35, 60.639, 2.530



4, 17.759, 353.609

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 22.810, 346.443 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

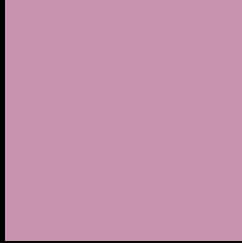
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 22.810, 346.443 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

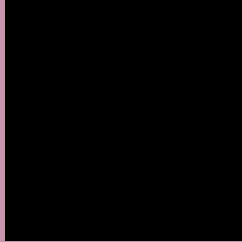
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 22.810, 346.443

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 22.810, 346.443.

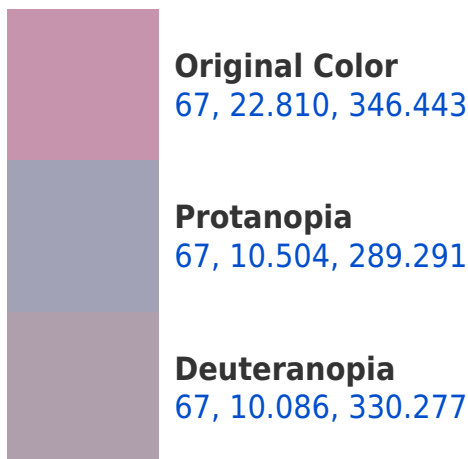


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 22.810, 346.443.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
67, 19.072, 1.169

Trichromacy



Original Color
67, 22.810, 346.443

Protanomaly
67, 13.462, 321.018

Deuteranomaly
67, 14.191, 339.438

Tritanomaly
67, 20.369, 354.236

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 22.810, 346.443

Achromatopsia
68, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 7.851, 346.028

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 22.810, 346.443 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 149, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 149, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 149, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 149, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 22.810, 346.443 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 149, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 149, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 149, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 149, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 149, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 149,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 22.810, 346.443 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 149, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
149, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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