

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 26.095, 351.475)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(67, 26.095, 351.475)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(67, 26.341, 350.852)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	20
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	26

**Color**

**CIELCh(67, 26.341, 350.852)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CD92AB
RGB	205, 146, 171
RGB Percent	80%, 57%, 67%
CMY	0.1948, 0.4262, 0.3282
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.17, 0.19
HSL	335°, 37%, 69%
HSV	335°, 29%, 81%
XYZ	42.9757, 36.6320, 43.4912
YIQ	166.4910, 27.1390, 20.2830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

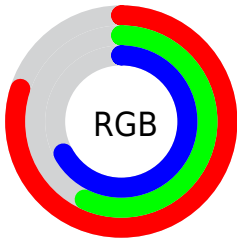
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	205, 146, 171
Decimal	13472427
CIE Lab	67.00, 26.01, -4.19
CIE LCh	67, 26.341, 350.852
Yxy	36.6320, 0.3491, 0.2976
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291662507 (0xFFCD92AB)
YUV	166.4910, 2.2229, 33.7724
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, 20.8275, -0.2372

# Details

The CIELCh color  $67, 26.341, 350.852$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be  $78, 25.029, 165.232$ , and the grayscale version is  $68, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $86, 24.106, 347.125$ , and  $47, 26.276, 350.954$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $62, 35.640, 352.163$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $72, 17.007, 349.720$ .

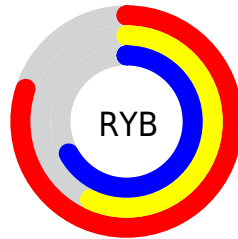
# Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (57%)

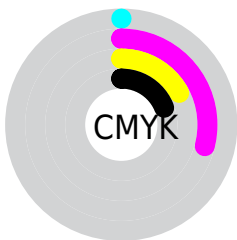
Blue (67%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (67%)

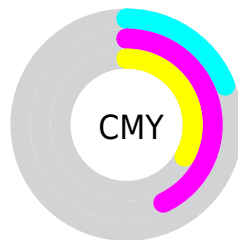


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (19%)

Magenta (43%)


Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 26.341, 350.852 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 26.341, 350.852 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 67, 26.341,  
350.852


 67, 26.341,  
350.852


 100, 26.341,  
350.852


 57, 26.341,  
350.852


 87, 26.341,  
350.852

 47, 26.341,  
350.852

 97, 26.341,  
350.852

 37, 26.341,  
350.852

 27, 26.341,  
350.852

 17, 26.341,  
350.852

 7, 26.341, 350.852

 0, 26.341, 350.852

67, 26.341,  
350.852

67, 26.341,  
350.852

62, 35.640,  
352.163

72, 17.007,  
349.720

57, 44.634,  
353.711

78, 7.825, 348.703

83, 1.100, 168.282

53, 52.938,  
355.588

89, 9.717, 167.133

50, 60.093,  
357.920

95, 18.005,  
166.393

47, 65.659, 0.866

96, 18.185,  
177.314

45, 69.389, 4.603

44, 71.565, 9.182

97, 16.502,  
196.905

44, 71.832, 9.773

97, 16.459,  
198.412

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 26.341, 350.852



78, 25.029, 165.232

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 26.341, 350.852



67, 26.341, 40.852



67, 26.341, 170.852



67, 26.341, 220.852

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 26.338, 350.854



94, 9.610, 348.740



66, 34.884, 312.657



49, 6.692, 348.886



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 26.338, 350.854



78, 37.260, 351.573



67, 22.582, 26.923



40, 5.055, 348.767



35, 61.210, 8.924



4, 19.257, 358.164





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 26.338, 350.854



78, 37.260, 351.573



78, 18.464, 204.699



40, 5.055, 348.767



35, 61.210, 8.924

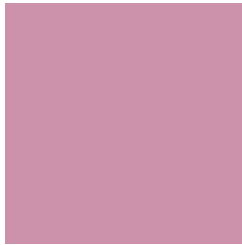


4, 19.257, 358.164



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 26.341, 350.852 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

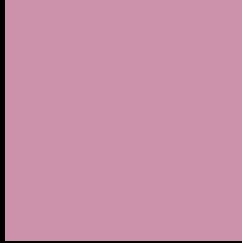
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 26.341, 350.852 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

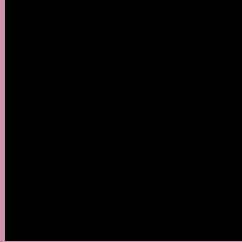
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 67, 26.341, 350.852

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 26.341, 350.852.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 26.341, 350.852.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
67, 22.928, 5.150



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
67, 26.341, 350.852

**Protanomaly**  
67, 14.064, 325.067

**Deuteranomaly**  
67, 15.384, 345.997

**Tritanomaly**  
67, 23.998, 359.107

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
67, 26.341, 350.852

**Achromatopsia**  
68, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
68, 10.058, 347.198

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 26.341, 350.852 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 146, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 146, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 146, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 146, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 26.341, 350.852 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 146, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 146, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 146, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 146, 171); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 146, 171); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 146, 171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 26.341, 350.852 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 146, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
146, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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