

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 29.246, 278.375)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 29.246, 278.375)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 29.350, 278.734)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8CA3D7
RGB	140, 163, 215
RGB Percent	55%, 64%, 84%
CMY	0.4513, 0.3611, 0.1572
CMYK	0.35, 0.24, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	222°, 48%, 70%
HSV	222°, 35%, 84%
XYZ	36.1351, 36.6320, 69.3924
YIQ	162.0510, -30.4000, 11.2960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

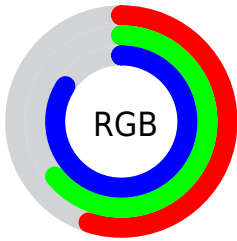
Format	Color
RYB	140, 158, 215
Decimal	9216983
CIELab	67.00, 4.46, -29.01
CIELCh	67, 29.350, 278.734
Yxy	36.6320, 0.2542, 0.2577
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287407063 (0xFF8CA3D7)
YUV	162.0510, 26.1039, -19.3387
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, 0.6529, -25.6101

Details

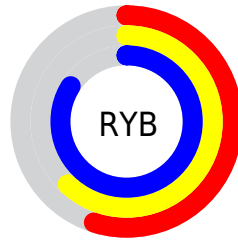
The CIELCh color $67, 29.350, 278.734$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $78, 29.220, 88.730$, and the grayscale version is $67, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86, 20.554, 270.488$, and $47, 29.071, 278.259$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62, 38.154, 280.953$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72, 20.734, 276.834$.

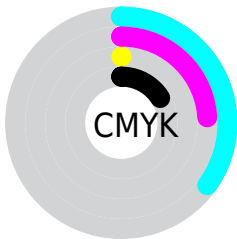
Distribution



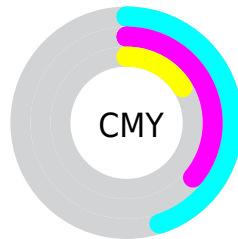
- Red (55%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 29.350, 278.734 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 29.350, 278.734 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67, 29.350,
278.734

■ 67, 29.350,
278.734

■ 100, 29.350,
278.734

■ 57, 29.350,
278.734

■ 87, 29.350,
278.734

■ 47, 29.350,
278.734

■ 97, 29.350,
278.734

■ 37, 29.350,
278.734

■ 27, 29.350,
278.734

■ 17, 29.350,
278.734

■ 7, 29.350, 278.734

■ 0, 29.350, 278.734

67, 29.350,
278.734

67, 29.350,
278.734

62, 38.154,
280.953

72, 20.734,
276.834

56, 47.180,
283.526

78, 12.290,
275.215

51, 56.460,
286.464

83, 4.008, 273.861

89, 4.120, 92.546

46, 66.015,
289.729

94, 12.094, 91.545

42, 75.798,
293.210

98, 18.965,
105.721

37, 85.601,
296.710

99, 20.264,
108.644

36, 90.500,
298.365

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 29.350, 278.734



78, 29.220, 88.730

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 29.350, 278.734



67, 29.350, 328.734



67, 29.350, 98.734



67, 29.350, 148.734

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 29.349, 278.733



94, 9.439, 274.529



81, 28.800, 171.285



49, 6.448, 274.726



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 29.349, 278.733



74, 40.899, 280.369



62, 42.459, 300.460



42, 4.648, 274.437



28, 75.047, 297.815



4, 21.754, 285.416

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 31.643, 359.521



73, 44.001, 0.752



83, 39.145, 114.894



42, 4.925, 356.331



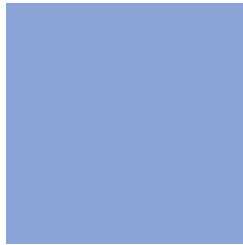
36, 64.632, 20.141



5, 22.300, 5.889

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 29.350, 278.734 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

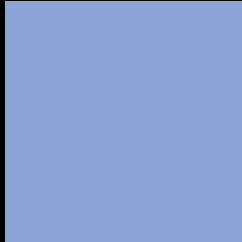
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 67, 29.350, 278.734 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

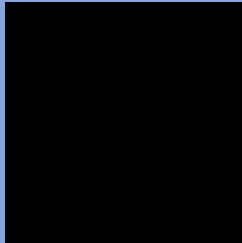
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

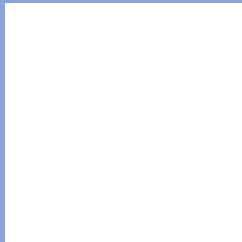
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 29.350, 278.734

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 29.350, 278.734.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 29.350, 278.734.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


67, 29.350, 278.734

Protanopia

67, 28.876, 285.358

Deuteranopia

67, 30.482, 287.187



Tritanopia
67, 14.360, 228.698

Trichromacy



Original Color
67, 29.350, 278.734

Protanomaly
67, 29.002, 282.883

Deuteranomaly
67, 30.069, 284.022

Tritanomaly
67, 17.995, 255.289

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 29.350, 278.734

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 10.830, 275.959

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 29.350, 278.734 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 163, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 163, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 163, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 163, 215) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 29.350, 278.734 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 163, 215) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 163, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 163, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 163, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 163, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 163,  
215) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 29.350, 278.734 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 163, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
163, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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