

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 29.897, 329.239)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(67, 29.897, 329.239)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(67, 29.680, 329.424)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C594BF
RGB	197, 148, 191
RGB Percent	77%, 58%, 75%
CMY	0.2289, 0.4210, 0.2524
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.03, 0.23
HSL	307°, 30%, 68%
HSV	307°, 25%, 77%
XYZ	42.8238, 36.6320, 53.8888
YIQ	167.5530, 15.4010, 23.7610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

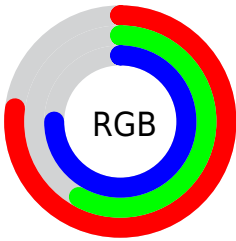
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	197, 148, 191
Decimal	12948671
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	67.00, 25.55, -15.10
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	67, 29.680, 329.424
Yxy	36.6320, 0.3212, 0.2747
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291138751 (0xFFC594BF)
YUV	167.5530, 11.5594, 25.8250
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, 20.3794, -10.4227

# Details

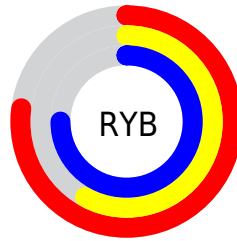
The CIELCh color  $67, 29.680, 329.424$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $75, 29.621, 146.233$ , and the grayscale version is  $69, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $87, 29.768, 329.572$ , and  $47, 29.787, 329.368$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $62, 41.429, 330.030$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $72, 17.728, 328.819$ .

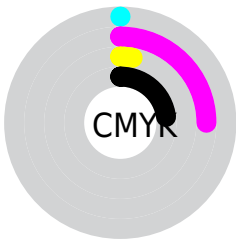
# Distribution



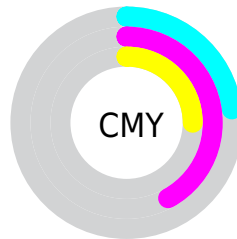
- Red (77%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 29.680, 329.424 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 29.680, 329.424 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 67, 29.680,  
329.424

 67, 29.680,  
329.424


 100, 29.680,  
329.424


 57, 29.680,  
329.424


 87, 29.680,  
329.424

 47, 29.680,  
329.424

 97, 29.680,  
329.424

 37, 29.680,  
329.424

 27, 29.680,  
329.424

 17, 29.680,  
329.424

 7, 29.680, 329.424

 0, 29.680, 329.424

67, 29.680,  
329.424

67, 29.680,  
329.424

62, 41.429,  
330.030

72, 17.728,  
328.819

58, 52.662,  
330.632

77, 5.804, 328.198

54, 62.963,  
331.224

82, 5.944, 147.723

51, 71.841,  
331.804

87, 17.427,  
147.141

49, 78.802,  
332.371

93, 28.595,  
146.607

47, 83.468,  
332.937

95, 33.087,  
147.061


46, 85.724,  
333.518

95, 32.114,  
148.395

45, 86.300,

95, 31.155,  
149.807

333.820

 95, 30.212,  
151.303

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 29.680, 329.424



75, 29.621, 146.233

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 29.680, 329.424



67, 29.680, 19.424



67, 29.680, 149.424



67, 29.680, 199.424

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 29.678, 329.424



96, 10.235, 328.341



63, 27.544, 297.094



51, 6.653, 328.380



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 29.678, 329.424



82, 44.083, 329.761



66, 21.494, 352.945



39, 6.786, 328.483



37, 75.256, 333.735



4, 24.048, 331.485



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 29.678, 329.424



82, 44.083, 329.761



76, 20.398, 168.088



39, 6.786, 328.483



37, 75.256, 333.735



4, 24.048, 331.485



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 29.680, 329.424 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

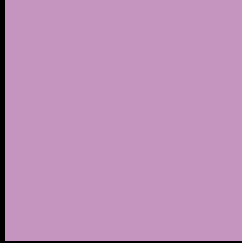
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 67, 29.680, 329.424 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

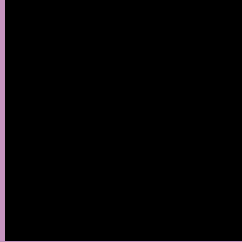
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 67, 29.680, 329.424

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 29.680, 329.424.

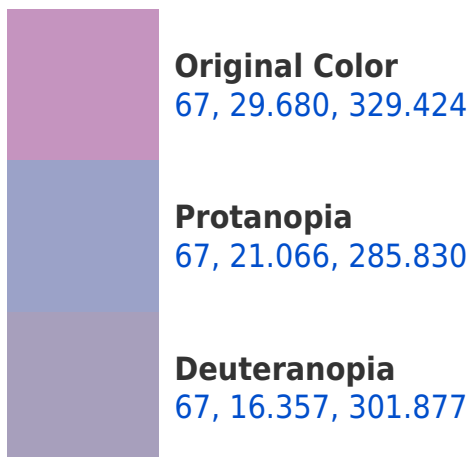


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 29.680, 329.424.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
67, 17.209, 358.631

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
67, 29.680, 329.424

**Protanomaly**  
67, 22.692, 303.969

**Deuteranomaly**  
67, 20.662, 315.732

**Tritanomaly**  
67, 21.270, 343.181

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
67, 29.680, 329.424

**Achromatopsia**  
68, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
68, 11.148, 328.169

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 29.680, 329.424 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 148, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 148, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 148, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 148, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 29.680, 329.424 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 148, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 148, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 148, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 148, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 148, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 148,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 29.680, 329.424 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 148, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
148, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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