

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 36.627, 228.826)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 36.627, 228.826)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 36.699, 229.456)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	21B1D4
RGB	33, 177, 212
RGB Percent	13%, 69%, 83%
CMY	0.8720, 0.3048, 0.1676
CMYK	0.85, 0.16, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	192°, 73%, 48%
HSV	192°, 85%, 83%
XYZ	28.3067, 36.6320, 68.0443
YIQ	137.9340, -97.0590, -19.6430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

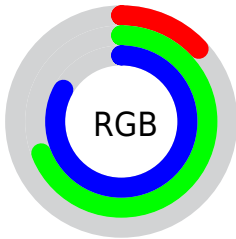
Format	Color
R_{YB}	33, 113, 212
Decimal	2208212
CIE _{Lab}	67.00, -23.86, -27.89
CIE _{LCh}	67, 36.699, 229.456
Yxy	36.6320, 0.2129, 0.2755
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280398292 (0xFF21B1D4)
YUV	137.9340, 36.5145, -92.0271
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, -22.4347, -24.2896

Details

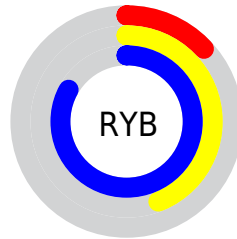
The CIELCh color **67, 36.699, 229.456** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCFF**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **50, 74.844, 42.526**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 34.911, 216.896**, and **48, 30.706, 237.221** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 37.769, 232.844**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 34.957, 226.693**.

Distribution



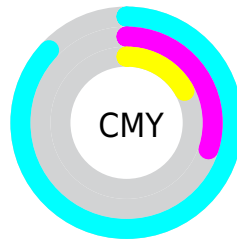
- Red (13%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)




- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 36.699, 229.456 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 36.699, 229.456 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 67, 36.699,
229.456


 67, 36.699,
229.456


 100, 36.699,
229.456


 57, 36.699,
229.456

 87, 36.699,
229.456

 47, 36.699,
229.456

 97, 36.699,
229.456

 37, 36.699,
229.456

 27, 36.699,
229.456

 17, 36.699,
229.456

 7, 36.699, 229.456

 0, 36.699, 229.456

67, 36.699,
229.456

67, 36.699,
229.456

66, 37.769,
232.844

69, 34.957,
226.693

65, 38.199,
234.842

70, 32.447,
224.500

72, 29.145,
222.798

74, 25.087,
221.504

76, 20.347,
220.543

79, 15.017,
219.850

81, 9.197, 219.381

84, 2.983, 219.180

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 36.699, 229.456



50, 74.844, 42.526

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 36.699, 229.456



67, 36.699, 279.456



67, 36.699, 49.456



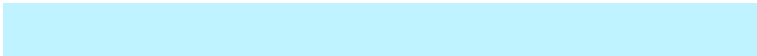
67, 36.699, 99.456

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 36.698, 229.456



93, 17.655, 219.887



75, 90.978, 140.389



48, 11.895, 220.111



0, 0.000, 0.000



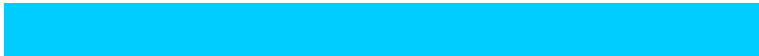
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 36.698, 229.456



77, 43.910, 235.292



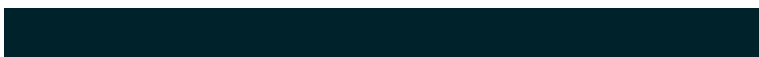
42, 73.618, 292.492



44, 3.646, 219.224



53, 32.454, 234.206



12, 12.650, 226.484

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 84.048, 336.407



58, 99.054, 338.080



68, 66.794, 80.355



42, 6.855, 330.905



39, 73.646, 337.779



6, 28.552, 335.634

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 67, 36.699, 229.456 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 36.699, 229.456 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

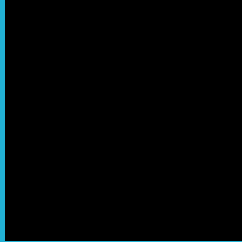
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 36.699, 229.456

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 36.699, 229.456.

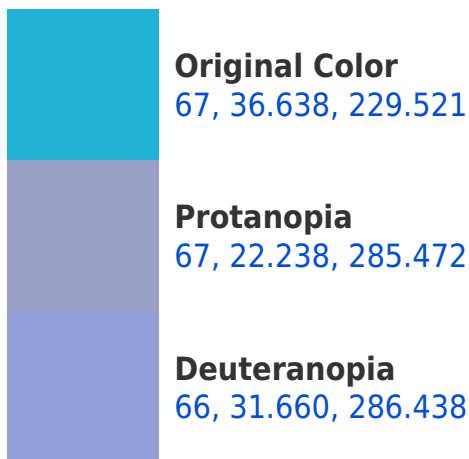


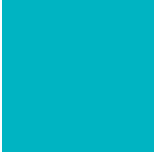
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 36.699, 229.456.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
67, 37.239, 208.804

Trichromacy



Original Color
67, 36.638, 229.521



Protanomaly
66, 26.549, 251.589



Deuteranomaly
66, 31.538, 258.794



Tritanomaly
67, 36.696, 216.455

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 36.638, 229.521



Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
60, 18.499, 221.608

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 36.699, 229.456 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(33, 177, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(33, 177, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 177, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(33, 177, 212) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 36.699, 229.456 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(33, 177, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(33, 177, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(33, 177, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(33, 177, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 177, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 177,  
212) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 36.699, 229.456 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(33, 177, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(33, 177,  
212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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