

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 38.771, 196.387)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 38.771, 196.387)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 38.837, 196.391)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00B6B6
RGB	0, 182, 182
RGB Percent	0%, 71%, 71%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2880, 0.2880
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	180°, 100%, 36%
HSV	180°, 100%, 71%
XYZ	25.0330, 36.6320, 49.7696
YIQ	127.5820, -108.4720, -38.5840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

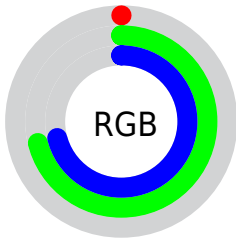
Format	Color
RYB	0, 91, 182
Decimal	46774
CIELab	67.00, -37.26, -10.96
CIELCh	67, 38.837, 196.391
Yxy	36.6320, 0.2246, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278236854 (0xFF00B6B6)
YUV	127.5820, 26.8281, -111.8894
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, -32.0897, -6.3875

Details

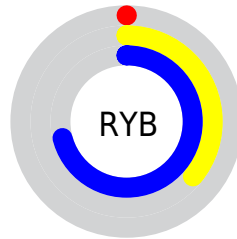
The CIELCh color **67, 38.837, 196.391** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **38, 81.019, 39.988**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87, 39.018, 196.133**, and **48, 29.908, 197.554** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 38.832, 196.390**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 38.164, 196.439**.

Distribution



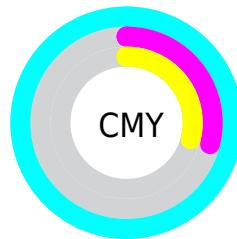
- Red (0%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (29%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 38.837, 196.391 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 38.837, 196.391 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 67, 38.837,
196.391


 67, 38.837,
196.391


 100, 38.837,
196.391


 57, 38.837,
196.391


 87, 38.837,
196.391

 47, 38.837,
196.391

 97, 38.837,
196.391

 37, 38.837,
196.391

 27, 38.837,
196.391

 17, 38.837,
196.391

 7, 38.837, 196.391

 0, 38.837, 196.391

■ 67, 38.837,
196.391

■ 67, 38.837,
196.391

■ 67, 38.832,
196.390

■ 67, 38.164,
196.439

■ 67, 36.894,
196.533

■ 68, 34.830,
196.687

■ 68, 31.933,
196.904

■ 69, 28.217,
197.187

■ 69, 23.735,
197.534

■ 70, 18.569,
197.942

■ 71, 12.821,

198.409

■ 73, 6.596, 198.947

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 38.837, 196.391



38, 81.019, 39.988

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 38.837, 196.391



67, 38.837, 246.391



67, 38.837, 16.391



67, 38.837, 66.391

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 38.832, 196.390



89, 23.025, 197.920



64, 92.815, 136.016



47, 15.570, 197.742



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 38.832, 196.390



85, 47.435, 196.390



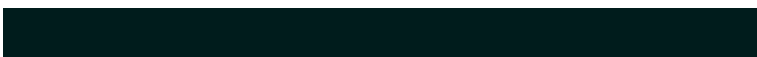
39, 55.894, 284.009



38, 3.777, 198.987



58, 34.642, 196.390



8, 10.518, 197.742

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 89.550, 328.234



56, 109.389, 328.234



49, 66.036, 60.643



36, 6.910, 324.927



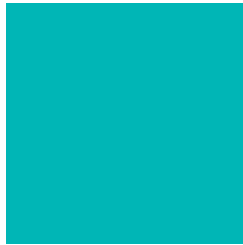
37, 79.888, 328.234



3, 18.823, 324.744

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 38.837, 196.391 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 67, 38.837, 196.391 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

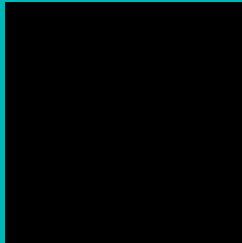
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

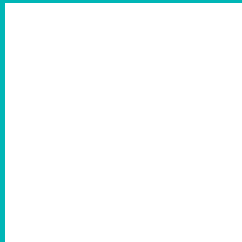
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 38.837, 196.391

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 38.837, 196.391.

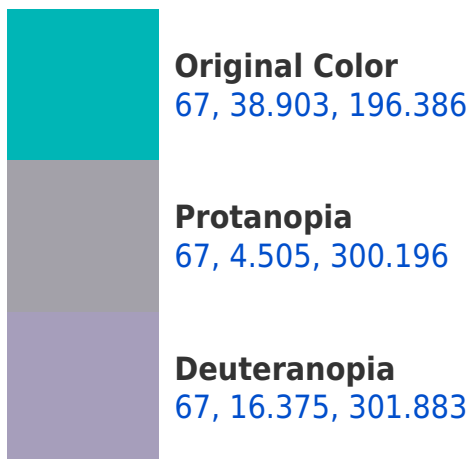


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 38.837, 196.391.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



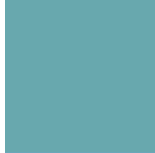


Tritanopia
67, 35.707, 209.438

Trichromacy



Original Color
67, 38.903, 196.386



Protanomaly
65, 21.170, 206.852



Deuteranomaly
65, 21.490, 225.968



Tritanomaly
67, 36.996, 203.541

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 38.903, 196.386



Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
57, 21.985, 197.380

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 38.837, 196.391 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 182, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 182, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 182, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 182, 182) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 38.837, 196.391 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 182, 182) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 182, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 182, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 182, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 182, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 182,  
182) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 38.837, 196.391 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 182, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 182,  
182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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