

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 39.326, 303.681)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(67, 39.326, 303.681)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(67, 39.485, 303.974)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	20
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	26

**Color**

**CIELCh(67, 39.485, 303.974)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AD98DE
RGB	173, 152, 222
RGB Percent	68%, 60%, 87%
CMY	0.3214, 0.4038, 0.1293
CMYK	0.22, 0.32, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	258°, 52%, 73%
HSV	258°, 32%, 87%
XYZ	41.6652, 36.6320, 74.0087
YIQ	166.2590, -9.9540, 26.2220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

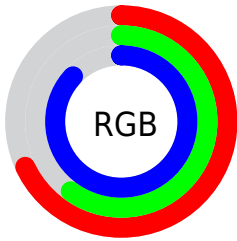
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	173, 152, 222
Decimal	11376862
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	67.00, 22.06, -32.74
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	67, 39.485, 303.974
Yxy	36.6320, 0.2736, 0.2405
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289566942 (0xFFAD98DE)
YUV	166.2590, 27.4803, 5.9119
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, 16.9626, -30.1322

# Details

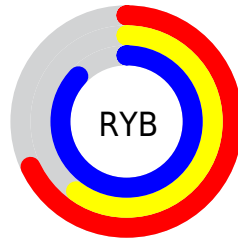
The CIELCh color  $67, 39.485, 303.974$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $9999CC$ . A complement of this color would be  $85, 37.039, 119.967$ , and the grayscale version is  $68, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $86, 27.024, 308.929$ , and  $47, 39.645, 303.724$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $60, 52.842, 304.836$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $74, 26.499, 303.191$ .

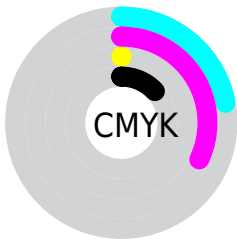
# Distribution



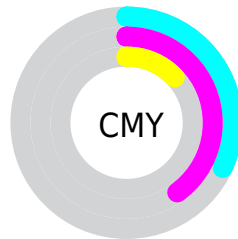
- Red (68%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (13%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 39.485, 303.974 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 39.485, 303.974 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 67, 39.485,  
303.974


 67, 39.485,  
303.974


 100, 39.485,  
303.974


 57, 39.485,  
303.974


 87, 39.485,  
303.974

 47, 39.485,  
303.974

 97, 39.485,  
303.974

 37, 39.485,  
303.974

 27, 39.485,  
303.974

 17, 39.485,  
303.974

 7, 39.485, 303.974

 0, 39.485, 303.974

67, 39.485,  
303.974

67, 39.485,  
303.974

60, 52.842,  
304.836

74, 26.499,  
303.191

54, 66.437,  
305.756

81, 13.941,  
302.494

47, 79.970,  
306.685

87, 1.822, 301.859

42, 92.867,  
307.533

94, 9.869, 121.361

37, 104.168,  
308.155

99, 16.761,  
114.230

33, 112.587,  
308.369

99, 16.672,  
108.917

31, 117.131,  
308.219

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 39.485, 303.974



85, 37.039, 119.967

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 39.485, 303.974



67, 39.485, 353.974



67, 39.485, 123.974



67, 39.485, 173.974

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 39.483, 303.974



93, 12.128, 302.336



79, 19.074, 232.438



49, 8.449, 302.430



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 39.483, 303.974



71, 53.834, 304.550



70, 42.655, 319.694



43, 6.902, 302.360



23, 98.267, 308.358



3, 32.319, 303.296





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 36.633, 336.585



77, 49.205, 337.150



83, 41.991, 136.658



44, 6.608, 334.899



39, 69.930, 344.806

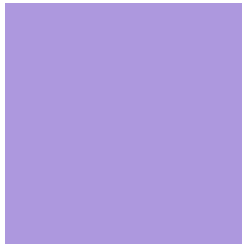


7, 29.381, 341.412



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 39.485, 303.974 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

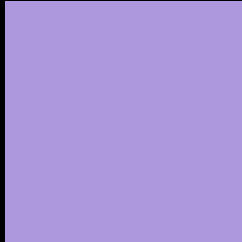
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 39.485, 303.974 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

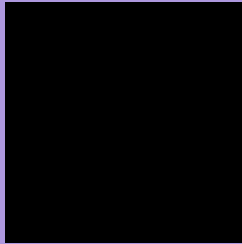
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 67, 39.485, 303.974

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 39.485, 303.974.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 39.485, 303.974.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
67, 7.297, 299.661



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
67, 39.485, 303.974

**Protanomaly**  
67, 37.580, 291.543

**Deuteranomaly**  
67, 34.830, 292.612

**Tritanomaly**  
67, 18.614, 301.900

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
67, 39.485, 303.974

**Achromatopsia**  
68, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
68, 14.158, 303.332

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 39.485, 303.974 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 152, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 152, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 152, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 152, 222) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 39.485, 303.974 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 152, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 152, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 152, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 152, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 152, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 152,  
222) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 39.485, 303.974 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 152, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
152, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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