

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 45.115, 251.571)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(67, 45.115, 251.571)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(67, 45.020, 251.584)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(67, 45.020, 251.584)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	02AEEF
RGB	2, 174, 239
RGB Percent	1%, 68%, 94%
CMY	0.9934, 0.3166, 0.0616
CMYK	0.99, 0.27, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	196°, 99%, 47%
HSV	196°, 99%, 94%
XYZ	30.8280, 36.6320, 87.3238
YIQ	129.9820, -123.3770, -16.2490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

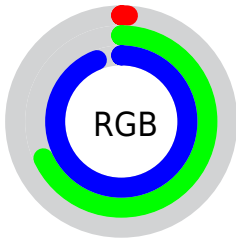
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	2, 102, 239
Decimal	175855
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	67.00, -14.22, -42.71
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	67, 45.020, 251.584
Yxy	36.6320, 0.1992, 0.2367
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278365935 (0xFF02AEEF)
YUV	129.9820, 53.7459, -112.2402
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, -14.9988, -43.1758

# Details

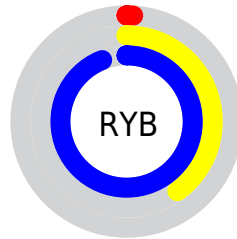
The CIELCh color **67, 45.020, 251.584** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **54, 91.406, 45.769**, and the grayscale version is **54, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85, 34.989, 220.702**, and **49, 40.369, 262.032** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 45.167, 251.923**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 42.955, 246.778**.

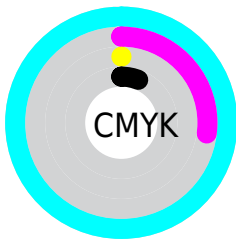
# Distribution



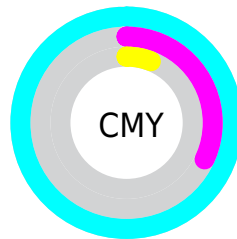
- Red (1%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 45.020, 251.584 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 45.020, 251.584 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 67, 45.020,  
251.584

 67, 45.020,  
251.584

 100, 45.020,  
251.584

 57, 45.020,  
251.584

 87, 45.020,  
251.584

 47, 45.020,  
251.584

 97, 45.020,  
251.584

 37, 45.020,  
251.584

 27, 45.020,  
251.584

 17, 45.020,  
251.584

 7, 45.020, 251.584

 0, 45.020, 251.584

67, 45.020,  
251.584

67, 45.020,  
251.584

67, 45.167,  
251.923

69, 42.955,  
246.778

71, 40.549,  
242.572

74, 37.572,  
239.072

76, 33.920,  
236.237

79, 29.572,  
233.980

82, 24.563,  
232.206

85, 18.964,  
230.827

88, 12.864,

229.768

■ 91, 6.352, 228.988

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 45.020, 251.584



54, 91.406, 45.769

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 45.020, 251.584



67, 45.020, 301.584



67, 45.020, 71.584



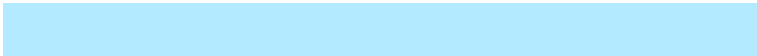
67, 45.020, 121.584

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 45.019, 251.585



90, 20.394, 230.926



83, 103.750, 139.978



46, 13.716, 231.478



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



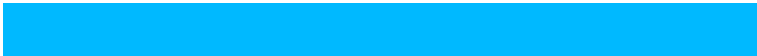


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 45.019, 251.585



71, 47.459, 252.110



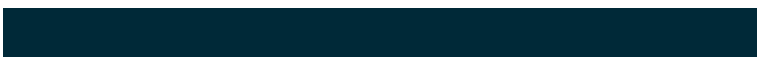
36, 108.234, 301.548



48, 3.886, 228.999



52, 36.799, 251.017



15, 15.375, 243.217



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 89.221, 343.179



57, 93.576, 343.369



78, 80.109, 84.709



47, 7.109, 333.845



41, 73.386, 342.977



9, 32.892, 340.399



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 67, 45.020, 251.584 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

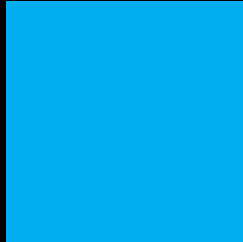
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 45.020, 251.584 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

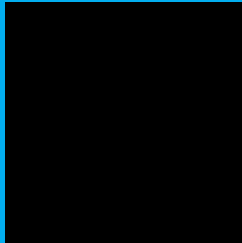
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

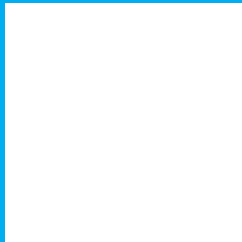
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 67, 45.020, 251.584

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 45.020, 251.584.

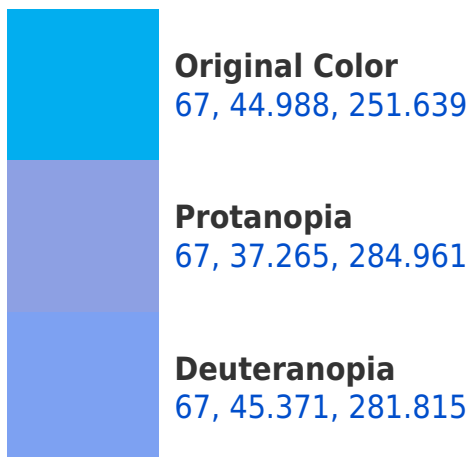


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 45.020, 251.584.

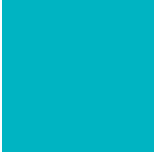
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
67, 37.239, 208.804

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
67, 44.988, 251.639



**Protanomaly**  
66, 40.369, 264.753



**Deuteranomaly**  
66, 45.207, 266.605



**Tritanomaly**  
67, 37.603, 225.480

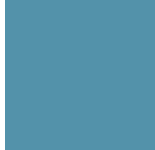
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
67, 44.988, 251.639



**Achromatopsia**  
54, 0.007, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
57, 23.182, 234.470

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 45.020, 251.584 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 174, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 174, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 174, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 174, 239) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 45.020, 251.584 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 174, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 174, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 174, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 174, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 174, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 174,  
239) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 45.020, 251.584 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 174, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 174,  
239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor