

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 46.306, 72.165)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(67, 46.306, 72.165) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(67, 46.316, 72.354)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D19853
RGB	209, 152, 83
RGB Percent	82%, 60%, 33%
CMY	0.1804, 0.4039, 0.6745
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.60, 0.18
HSL	33°, 58%, 57%
HSV	33°, 60%, 82%
XYZ	39.0797, 36.6320, 13.1928
YIQ	161.1770, 56.1210, -9.3750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

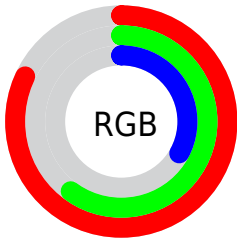
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">187, 209, 83</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13736019</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.00, 14.04, 44.14</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">67, 46.316, 72.354</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">36.6320, 0.4396, 0.4120</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291926099</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFD19853</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">161.1770, -38.5413, 41.9408</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">60.5244, 9.3374, 29.4433</a>

# Details

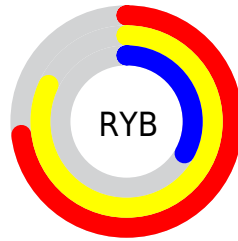
The CIELCh color **67, 46.316, 72.354** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **57, 41.179, 273.063**, and the grayscale version is **66, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 43.075, 78.540**, and **47, 46.188, 72.225** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 54.434, 70.843**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70, 38.081, 73.776**.

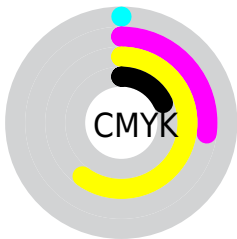
# Distribution



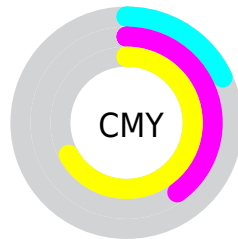
- Red (82%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 46.316, 72.354 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 46.316, 72.354 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 67, 46.316, 72.354

 67, 46.316, 72.354

 100, 46.316,  
72.354

 57, 46.316, 72.354

 87, 46.316, 72.354

 47, 46.316, 72.354

 97, 46.316, 72.354

 37, 46.316, 72.354

 27, 46.316, 72.354

 17, 46.316, 72.354

 7, 46.316, 72.354

 0, 46.316, 72.354

 67, 46.316, 72.354

 67, 46.316, 72.354

 64, 54.434, 70.843

 70, 38.081, 73.776

62, 61.957, 69.116

72, 29.975, 75.146

60, 68.074, 66.957

75, 22.109, 76.485

58, 72.208, 64.331

78, 14.522, 77.795

81, 7.220, 79.061

84, 0.191, 78.575

87, 6.588, 261.631

90, 13.139,  
262.778

92, 12.957,  
244.824

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 46.316, 72.354



57, 41.179, 273.063

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 46.316, 72.354



67, 46.316, 122.354



67, 46.316, 252.354



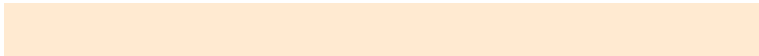
67, 46.316, 302.354

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 46.316, 72.358



94, 15.080, 78.063



54, 55.833, 352.946



49, 10.539, 77.684



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 46.316, 72.358



77, 65.561, 70.431



81, 62.724, 106.243



43, 3.977, 79.168



47, 61.334, 64.932



9, 15.796, 64.554





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 41.179, 273.063



63, 57.721, 277.508



42, 75.013, 300.329



42, 3.918, 261.701



34, 57.678, 288.084



5, 17.242, 276.044



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 46.316, 72.354 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 67, 46.316, 72.354 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

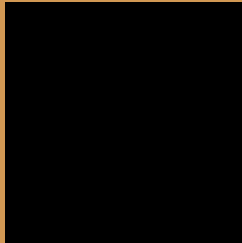
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 67, 46.316, 72.354

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 46.316, 72.354.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 46.316, 72.354.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67, 46.316, 72.354

### Protanopia

67, 41.930, 96.111

### Deuteranopia

67, 45.352, 79.327



**Tritanopia**  
67, 28.446, 10.252



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
67, 46.316, 72.354

**Protanomaly**  
67, 42.456, 86.919

**Deuteranomaly**  
67, 45.875, 77.128

**Tritanomaly**  
67, 29.560, 41.022

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
67, 46.316, 72.354

**Achromatopsia**  
66, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
66, 16.113, 77.958

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 46.316, 72.354 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 152, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 152, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 152, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 152, 83) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 46.316, 72.354 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 152, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 152, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 152, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 152, 83); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 152, 83); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 152, 83) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 46.316, 72.354 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 152, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
152, 83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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