

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 5.052, 230.379)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 5.052, 230.379) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 5.155, 231.633)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99A5AA
RGB	153, 165, 170
RGB Percent	60%, 65%, 67%
CMY	0.3996, 0.3526, 0.3330
CMYK	0.10, 0.03, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	198°, 9%, 63%
HSV	198°, 10%, 67%
XYZ	33.8917, 36.6320, 43.3619
YIQ	161.9820, -8.7570, -0.9890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

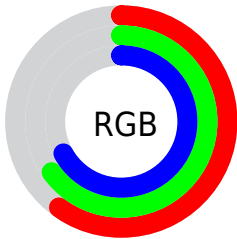
Format	Color
RYB	153, 160, 170
Decimal	10069418
CIELab	67.00, -3.20, -4.04
CIElCh	67, 5.155, 231.633
Yxy	36.6320, 0.2976, 0.3217
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288259498 (0xFF99A5AA)
YUV	161.9820, 3.9529, -7.8772
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, -5.9633, -0.1106

Details

The CIELCh color **67, 5.155, 231.633** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **66, 5.439, 50.117**, and the grayscale version is **67, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87, 5.211, 229.432**, and **47, 5.149, 234.258** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 10.078, 232.488**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70, 0.008, 315.597**.

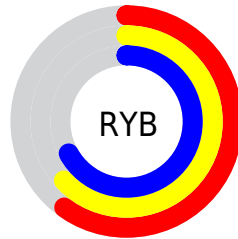
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (65%)

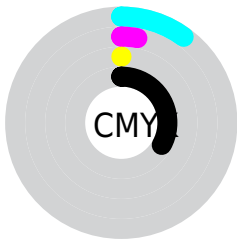
Blue (67%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (67%)

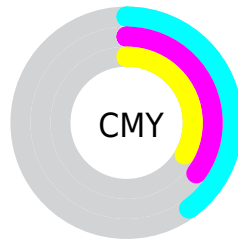


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 5.155, 231.633 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 5.155, 231.633 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67, 5.155, 231.633

■ 67, 5.155, 231.633

■ 100, 5.155,
231.633

■ 57, 5.155, 231.633

■ 87, 5.155, 231.633

■ 47, 5.155, 231.633

■ 97, 5.155, 231.633

■ 37, 5.155, 231.633

■ 27, 5.155, 231.633

■ 17, 5.155, 231.633

■ 7, 5.155, 231.633

■ 0, 5.155, 231.633

■ 67, 5.155, 231.633

■ 67, 5.155, 231.633

■ 64, 10.078,

■ 70, 0.008, 315.597

232.488

72, 5.332, 50.159

62, 14.713,
233.640

75, 10.800, 49.760

60, 18.997,
235.113

78, 16.364, 49.429

57, 22.871,
236.977

81, 21.995, 49.167

55, 26.289,
239.317

84, 27.611, 49.020

53, 29.228,
242.221

85, 27.298, 55.418

51, 31.707,
245.764

86, 27.342, 61.875

49, 33.802,
249.980

47, 35.719,
254.643

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 5.155, 231.633



66, 5.439, 50.117

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 5.155, 231.633



67, 5.155, 281.633



67, 5.155, 51.633



67, 5.155, 101.633

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 5.155, 231.614



87, 1.949, 231.291



68, 9.354, 152.969



47, 1.487, 231.288



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 5.155, 231.614



84, 7.645, 231.784



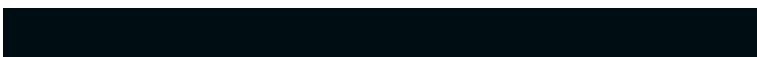
65, 7.508, 280.597



34, 2.898, 231.563



41, 32.071, 254.015



3, 5.408, 240.040

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 9.327, 334.680



82, 13.922, 334.840



68, 7.430, 98.235



33, 5.233, 334.629



32, 61.940, 344.073



2, 8.984, 337.184

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 5.155, 231.633 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

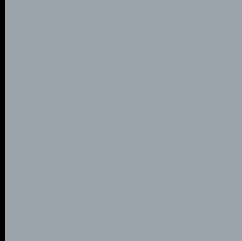
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 67, 5.155, 231.633 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

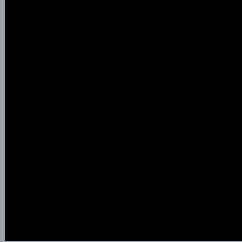
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

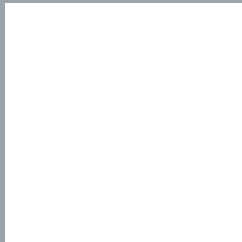
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 5.155, 231.633

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 5.155, 231.633.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 5.155, 231.633.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67, 5.155, 231.633

Protanopia

67, 3.416, 303.222

Deuteranopia

67, 10.086, 330.277



Tritanopia
67, 7.966, 263.934

Trichromacy



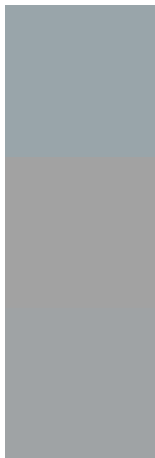
Original Color
67, 5.155, 231.633

Protanomaly
67, 3.484, 271.847

Deuteranomaly
67, 5.998, 312.699

Tritanomaly
67, 6.552, 256.967

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 5.155, 231.633

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 1.853, 236.220

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 5.155, 231.633 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 165, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 165, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 165, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 165, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 5.155, 231.633 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 165, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 165, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 165, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 165, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 165, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 165,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 5.155, 231.633 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 165, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
165, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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