

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 5.426, 198.297)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 5.426, 198.297) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 5.555, 199.007)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97A6A6
RGB	151, 166, 166
RGB Percent	59%, 65%, 65%
CMY	0.4076, 0.3488, 0.3488
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	180°, 8%, 62%
HSV	180°, 9%, 65%
XYZ	33.3066, 36.6320, 41.4180
YIQ	161.5150, -8.9400, -3.1800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

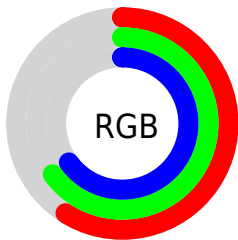
Format	Color
RYB	151, 159, 166
Decimal	9938598
CIELab	67.00, -5.25, -1.81
CIElCh	67, 5.555, 199.007
Yxy	36.6320, 0.2991, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288128678 (0xFF97A6A6)
YUV	161.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, -7.6891, 1.7938

Details

The CIELCh color $67, 5.555, 199.007$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $64, 5.875, 19.872$, and the grayscale version is $66, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $87, 5.640, 199.113$, and $47, 5.510, 198.842$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $66, 11.386, 198.446$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68, 0.608, 18.654$.

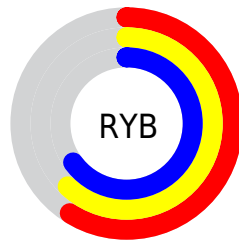
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (65%)

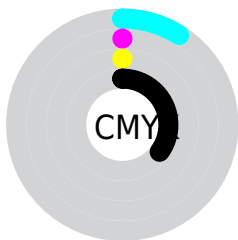
Blue (65%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (65%)

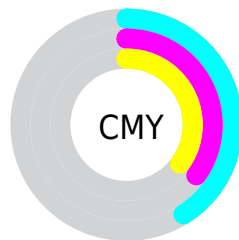


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 5.555, 199.007 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 5.555, 199.007 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67, 5.555, 199.007

■ 67, 5.555, 199.007

■ 100, 5.555,
199.007

■ 57, 5.555, 199.007

■ 87, 5.555, 199.007

■ 47, 5.555, 199.007

■ 97, 5.555, 199.007

■ 37, 5.555, 199.007

■ 27, 5.555, 199.007

■ 17, 5.555, 199.007

■ 7, 5.555, 199.007

■ 0, 5.555, 199.007

■ 67, 5.555, 199.007

■ 67, 5.555, 199.007

■ 66, 11.386,

■ 68, 0.608, 18.654

198.446

70, 7.019, 19.944

65, 16.786,
197.975

71, 13.601, 20.567

64, 21.660,
197.561

73, 20.290, 21.183

63, 25.913,
197.208

75, 27.036, 21.803

63, 29.467,
196.917

77, 35.551, 22.582

62, 32.268,
196.690

77, 35.551, 22.580

62, 34.300,
196.526

77, 35.551, 22.577

62, 35.590,
196.422

62, 36.294,
196.365

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 5.555, 199.007



64, 5.875, 19.872

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 5.555, 199.007



67, 5.555, 249.007



67, 5.555, 19.007



67, 5.555, 69.007

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 5.556, 198.992



86, 2.323, 199.476



67, 10.081, 143.513



46, 1.772, 199.382



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 5.556, 198.992



85, 8.356, 198.864



65, 4.901, 254.790



35, 3.516, 198.976



55, 33.392, 196.360



5, 6.572, 199.401

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 5.875, 19.872



80, 8.959, 20.041



66, 5.013, 72.467



33, 3.724, 19.892



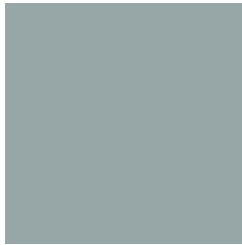
30, 69.020, 39.352



1, 6.572, 19.392

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 5.555, 199.007 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

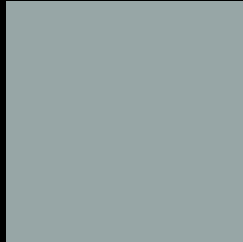
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 67, 5.555, 199.007 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

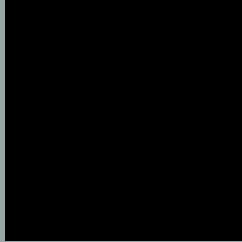
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

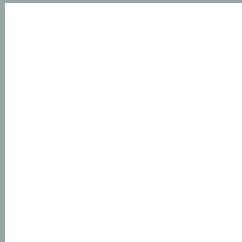
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 5.555, 199.007

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 5.555, 199.007.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 5.555, 199.007.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
67, 5.555, 199.007

Protanopia
67, 1.602, 335.601

Deuteranopia
67, 8.827, 341.536



Tritanopia
67, 8.125, 261.670

Trichromacy



Original Color
67, 5.555, 199.007

Protanomaly
67, 1.571, 244.449

Deuteranomaly
67, 4.044, 324.579

Tritanomaly
67, 6.402, 242.938

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 5.555, 199.007

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 1.883, 199.490

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 5.555, 199.007 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 166, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 166, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 166, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 166, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 5.555, 199.007 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 166, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 166, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 166, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 166, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 166, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 166,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 5.555, 199.007 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 166, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
166, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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