

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 51.238, 141.434)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 51.238, 141.434)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 51.198, 141.442)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	66B467
RGB	102, 180, 103
RGB Percent	40%, 71%, 40%
CMY	0.5985, 0.2926, 0.5947
CMYK	0.43, 0.00, 0.43, 0.29
HSL	121°, 34%, 55%
HSV	121°, 43%, 71%
XYZ	24.3879, 36.6320, 18.7104
YIQ	147.9000, -21.7710, -40.4830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

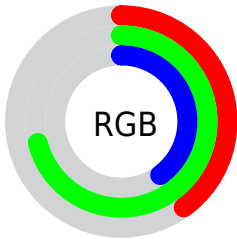
Format	Color
RYB	102, 179, 180
Decimal	6730855
CIELab	67.00, -40.04, 31.91
CIElCh	67, 51.198, 141.442
Yxy	36.6320, 0.3059, 0.4594
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284920935 (0xFF66B467)
YUV	147.9000, -22.1357, -40.2543
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, -33.9922, 24.0382

Details

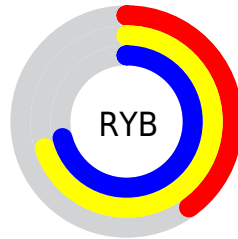
The CIELCh color **67, 51.198, 141.442** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. A complement of this color would be **55, 51.051, 327.064**, and the grayscale version is **62, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87, 50.965, 141.370**, and **47, 50.995, 141.429** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 62.026, 140.365**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 39.694, 142.411**.

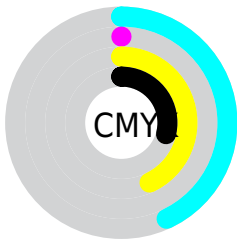
Distribution



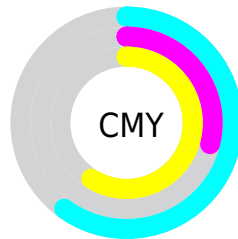
- Red (40%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (29%)





- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (59%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 51.198, 141.442 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 51.198, 141.442 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 67, 51.198,
141.442

 67, 51.198,
141.442

 100, 51.198,
141.442

 57, 51.198,
141.442


 87, 51.198,
141.442

 47, 51.198,
141.442

 97, 51.198,
141.442

 37, 51.198,
141.442

 27, 51.198,
141.442

 17, 51.198,
141.442

 7, 51.198, 141.442

 0, 51.198, 141.442

■ 67, 51.198,
141.442

■ 67, 51.198,
141.442

■ 66, 62.026,
140.365

■ 68, 39.694,
142.411

■ 65, 71.801,
139.220

■ 70, 27.815,
143.259

■ 65, 80.092,
138.091

■ 71, 15.803,
143.992

■ 64, 86.440,
137.106

■ 73, 3.840, 144.657

■ 64, 90.484,
136.403

■ 75, 7.942, 325.088

■ 64, 92.134,
136.121

■ 77, 19.455,
325.550

■ 79, 30.642,
325.931

■ 81, 41.473,
326.254

■ 83, 46.726,
326.041

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 51.198, 141.442



55, 51.051, 327.064

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 51.198, 141.442



67, 51.198, 191.442



67, 51.198, 321.442



67, 51.198, 11.442

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 51.199, 141.442



90, 19.203, 143.993



72, 41.254, 106.084



47, 13.440, 143.842



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 51.199, 141.442



84, 75.054, 140.405



68, 35.395, 159.346



37, 6.683, 144.253



55, 81.549, 136.144



6, 16.153, 144.700

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 51.051, 327.064



66, 74.540, 327.506



53, 37.196, 347.997



35, 6.694, 325.260



36, 78.170, 328.727



3, 16.051, 324.953

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 51.198, 141.442 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 51.198, 141.442 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 51.198, 141.442

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 51.198, 141.442.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 51.198, 141.442.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
67, 51.198, 141.442

Protanopia
67, 36.379, 95.989

Deuteranopia
67, 30.776, 74.066



Tritanopia
67, 18.567, 222.960

Trichromacy



Original Color
67, 51.198, 141.442



Protanomaly
66, 38.481, 118.267



Deuteranomaly
66, 30.996, 109.234



Tritanomaly
67, 24.289, 171.682

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 51.198, 141.442



Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
63, 19.356, 144.252

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 51.198, 141.442 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 180, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 180, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 180, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 180, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 51.198, 141.442 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 180, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 180, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 180, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 180, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 180, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 180,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 51.198, 141.442 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 180, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102,  
180, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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