

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 51.370, 313.265)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 51.370, 313.265)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| CIELCh(67, 51.289, 313.173) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 11 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 20 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 23 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 26 |

Color

CIELCh(67, 51.289, 313.173)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | C18FE7 |
| RGB | 193, 143, 231 |
| RGB Percent | 76%, 56%, 91% |
| CMY | 0.2441, 0.4401, 0.0951 |
| CMYK | 0.16, 0.38, 0.00, 0.10 |
| HSL | 274°, 64%, 73% |
| HSV | 274°, 38%, 90% |
| XYZ | 46.1011, 36.6320, 80.0497 |
| YIQ | 167.9820, 1.5520, 37.9680 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

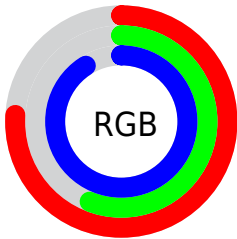
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 193, 143, 231 |
| Decimal | 12685287 |
| CIELab | 67.00, 35.09, -37.40 |
| CIElCh | 67, 51.289, 313.173 |
| Yxy | 36.6320, 0.2832, 0.2250 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4290875367 (0xFFC18FE7) |
| YUV | 167.9820, 31.0679, 21.9408 |
| Hunter-Lab | 60.5244, 30.0449, -36.0501 |

Details

The CIELCh color $67, 51.289, 313.173$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99FF`. A complement of this color would be $86, 48.993, 129.640$, and the grayscale version is $69, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86, 35.680, 323.726$, and $47, 51.056, 313.134$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61, 64.977, 313.640$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $73, 37.525, 312.686$.

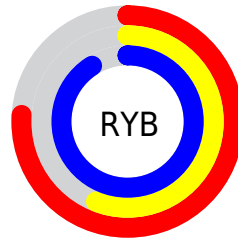
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (56%)

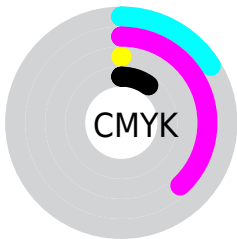
Blue (91%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (91%)

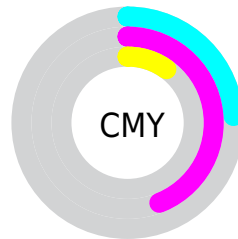


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (24%)


Magenta (44%)


Yellow (10%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 51.289, 313.173 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 51.289, 313.173 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 67, 51.289,
313.173


 67, 51.289,
313.173


 100, 51.289,
313.173


 57, 51.289,
313.173


 87, 51.289,
313.173

 47, 51.289,
313.173

 97, 51.289,
313.173

 37, 51.289,
313.173

 27, 51.289,
313.173

 17, 51.289,
313.173

 7, 51.289, 313.173

 0, 51.289, 313.173

67, 51.289,
313.173

67, 51.289,
313.173

61, 64.977,
313.640

73, 37.525,
312.686

55, 78.224,
314.044

80, 23.916,
312.205

50, 90.463,
314.322

86, 10.588,
311.743

45, 100.923,
314.388

93, 2.392, 131.403

42, 108.748,
314.144

99, 13.126,
129.089

39, 113.442,
313.526

99, 12.321,
113.393

39, 114.166,
313.399

99, 12.278,
109.249

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 51.289, 313.173



86, 48.993, 129.640

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 51.289, 313.173



67, 51.289, 3.173



67, 51.289, 133.173



67, 51.289, 183.173

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 51.287, 313.173



92, 15.599, 311.877



73, 29.034, 268.856



48, 10.499, 311.940



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 51.287, 313.173



68, 67.333, 313.556



71, 53.337, 328.447



45, 7.379, 311.804



29, 94.072, 313.586



5, 36.039, 313.464

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 38.717, 351.588



72, 50.499, 352.810



84, 53.408, 143.351



45, 5.600, 348.286



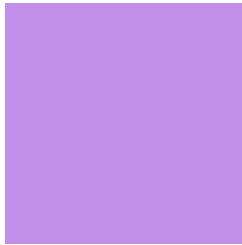
38, 64.635, 8.436



7, 27.075, 0.053

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 51.289, 313.173 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

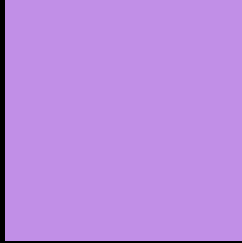
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 51.289, 313.173 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

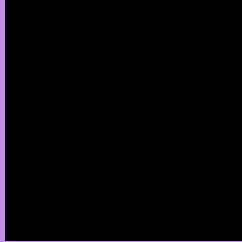
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 51.289, 313.173

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 51.289, 313.173.

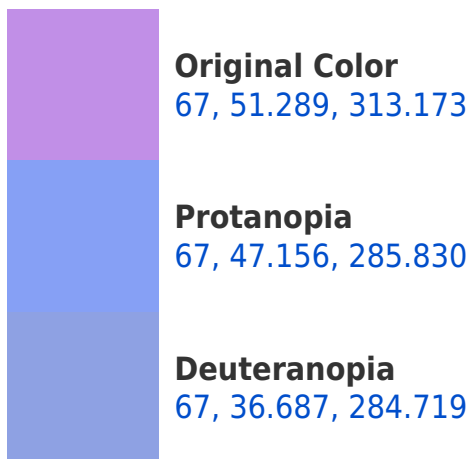


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 51.289, 313.173.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
67, 12.282, 348.045

Trichromacy



Original Color
67, 51.289, 313.173



Protanomaly
67, 47.579, 295.220



Deuteranomaly
67, 41.078, 296.875



Tritanomaly
67, 25.746, 322.716

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 51.289, 313.173



Achromatopsia
69, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
68, 18.898, 311.943

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 51.289, 313.173 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 143, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 143, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 143, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 143, 231) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 51.289, 313.173 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 143, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 143, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 143, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 143, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 143, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 143,  
231) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 51.289, 313.173 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 143, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
143, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor