

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 56.308, 296.256)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 56.308, 296.256)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 56.368, 296.221)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 9A98FE |
| RGB | 154, 152, 254 |
| RGB Percent | 60%, 60%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.3948, 0.4027, 0.0026 |
| CMYK | 0.39, 0.40, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 241°, 99%, 80% |
| HSV | 241°, 40%, 100% |
| XYZ | 42.6070, 36.6320, 98.8698 |
| YIQ | 164.2260, -31.5500, 32.1460 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

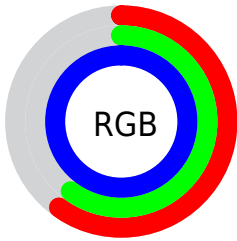
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 154, 152, 254 |
| Decimal | 10131710 |
| CIELab | 67.00, 24.91, -50.57 |
| CIElCh | 67, 56.368, 296.221 |
| Yxy | 36.6320, 0.2392, 0.2057 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288321790 (0xFF9A98FE) |
| YUV | 164.2260, 44.2586, -8.9682 |
| Hunter-Lab | 60.5244, 19.7401, -54.4864 |

Details

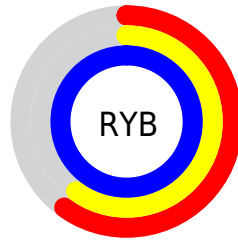
The CIELCh color `67, 56.368, 296.221` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `9999FF`. A complement of this color would be `98, 50.737, 107.196`, and the grayscale version is `67, 0.008, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `85, 25.966, 296.718`, and `47, 56.615, 296.396` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `59, 71.907, 298.098`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `75, 41.413, 294.582`.

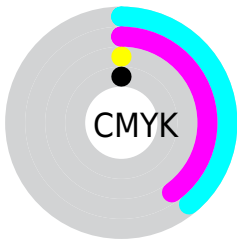
Distribution



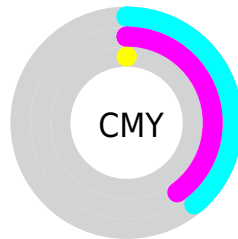
- Red (60%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 56.368, 296.221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 56.368, 296.221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 67, 56.368,
296.221


 67, 56.368,
296.221


 100, 56.368,
296.221


 57, 56.368,
296.221


 87, 56.368,
296.221

 47, 56.368,
296.221

 97, 56.368,
296.221

 37, 56.368,
296.221

 27, 56.368,
296.221

 17, 56.368,
296.221

 7, 56.368, 296.221

 0, 56.368, 296.221

67, 56.368,
296.221

67, 56.368,
296.221

59, 71.907,
298.098

75, 41.413,
294.582

51, 87.829,
300.166

83, 27.081,
293.178

44, 103.533,
302.295

92, 13.345,
291.987

38, 117.683,
304.231

100, 0.163,
291.387

34, 128.138,
305.631

100, 0.327,
109.917

32, 133.464,
306.326

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 56.368, 296.221



98, 50.737, 107.196

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 56.368, 296.221



67, 56.368, 346.221



67, 56.368, 116.221



67, 56.368, 166.221

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 56.367, 296.221



90, 15.921, 292.196



93, 30.615, 199.186



47, 10.588, 292.346



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 56.367, 296.221



61, 68.720, 297.683



71, 58.083, 311.635



49, 7.506, 291.921



23, 107.681, 306.343



3, 44.176, 302.164

Inverse Universe

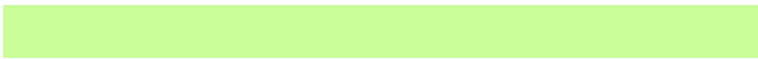
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77, 62.498, 327.165



73, 73.919, 327.552



94, 54.914, 127.760



50, 8.936, 325.482



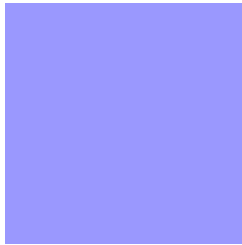
45, 91.644, 329.038



12, 42.240, 328.939

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 56.368, 296.221 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

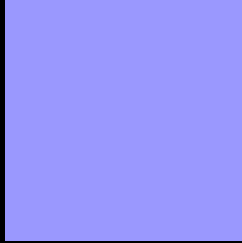
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 56.368, 296.221 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

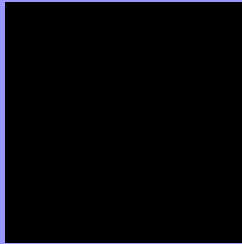
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 56.368, 296.221

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 56.368, 296.221.



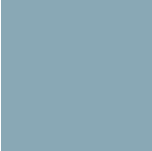
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 56.368, 296.221.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
67, 12.743, 233.163

Trichromacy



Original Color
67, 56.368, 296.221

Protanomaly
67, 54.132, 289.632

Deuteranomaly
67, 52.075, 286.815

Tritanomaly
67, 25.958, 279.023

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 56.368, 296.221

Achromatopsia
68, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 20.481, 293.228

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 56.368, 296.221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 152, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 152, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 152, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 152, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 56.368, 296.221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 152, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 152, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 152, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 152, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 152, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 152,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 56.368, 296.221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 152, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
152, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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