

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 6.698, 338.366)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 6.698, 338.366) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 6.652, 338.420)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADA0A8
RGB	173, 160, 168
RGB Percent	68%, 63%, 66%
CMY	0.3233, 0.3743, 0.3429
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.03, 0.32
HSL	323°, 7%, 65%
HSV	323°, 8%, 68%
XYZ	36.6550, 36.6320, 41.9669
YIQ	164.7990, 5.1800, 5.2440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

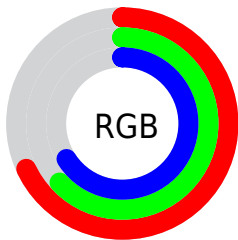
Format	Color
RYB	173, 160, 168
Decimal	11378856
CIELab	67.00, 6.19, -2.45
CIELCh	67, 6.652, 338.420
Yxy	36.6320, 0.3180, 0.3178
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289568936 (0xFFADA0A8)
YUV	164.7990, 1.5781, 7.1923
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, 2.1863, 1.2560

Details

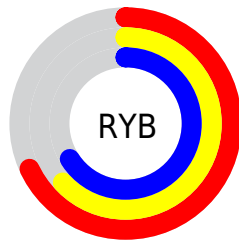
The CIELCh color $67, 6.652, 338.420$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $69, 6.606, 157.419$, and the grayscale version is $67, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $87, 6.308, 338.278$, and $47, 6.419, 340.108$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62, 15.610, 339.229$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72, 2.149, 157.907$.

Distribution



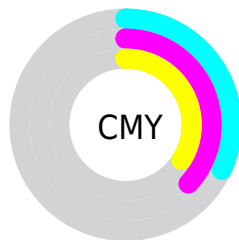
- Red (68%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 6.652, 338.420 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 6.652, 338.420 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67, 6.652, 338.420

■ 67, 6.652, 338.420

■ 100, 6.652,
338.420

■ 57, 6.652, 338.420

■ 87, 6.652, 338.420

■ 47, 6.652, 338.420

■ 97, 6.652, 338.420

■ 37, 6.652, 338.420

■ 27, 6.652, 338.420

■ 17, 6.652, 338.420

■ 7, 6.652, 338.420

■ 0, 6.652, 338.420

■ 67, 6.652, 338.420

■ 67, 6.652, 338.420

■ 62, 15.610,

■ 72, 2.149, 157.907

339.229

77, 10.722,
157.116

58, 24.618,
340.081

81, 19.038,
156.478

54, 33.497,
341.013

86, 27.088,
155.890

50, 41.987,
342.050

91, 34.873,
155.341

46, 49.733,
343.231

94, 37.759,
156.762

43, 56.312,
344.610

94, 35.414,
160.720

41, 61.287,
346.264

94, 33.227,
165.194

39, 64.336,
348.295

94, 31.234,
170.242

38, 65.519,
350.786

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 6.652, 338.420



69, 6.606, 157.419

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 6.652, 338.420



67, 6.652, 28.420



67, 6.652, 158.420



67, 6.652, 208.420

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 6.650, 338.424



88, 2.180, 337.888



66, 7.459, 305.264



47, 1.238, 337.870



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 6.650, 338.424



84, 9.858, 338.555



67, 5.080, 10.334



34, 5.028, 338.567



33, 59.548, 351.078



2, 9.842, 342.608

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 6.650, 338.424



84, 9.858, 338.555



70, 4.897, 189.306



34, 5.028, 338.567



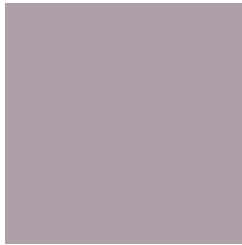
33, 59.548, 351.078



2, 9.842, 342.608

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 6.652, 338.420 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 6.652, 338.420 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

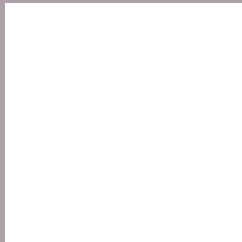
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 6.652, 338.420

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 6.652, 338.420.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 6.652, 338.420.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67, 6.652, 338.420

Protanopia

67, 3.956, 301.493

Deuteranopia

67, 9.128, 343.089



Tritanopia
67, 8.515, 329.053

Trichromacy



Original Color
67, 6.652, 338.420

Protanomaly
67, 4.510, 320.638

Deuteranomaly
67, 7.883, 341.095

Tritanomaly
67, 8.095, 331.498

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 6.652, 338.420

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 2.538, 338.722

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 6.652, 338.420 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 160, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 160, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 160, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 160, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 6.652, 338.420 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 160, 168) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 160, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 160, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 160, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 160, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 160,  
168) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 6.652, 338.420 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 160, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
160, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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