

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 68.787, 54.593)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(67, 68.787, 54.593) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(67, 68.726, 54.567)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F8833D
RGB	248, 131, 61
RGB Percent	97%, 51%, 24%
CMY	0.0265, 0.4854, 0.7600
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.75, 0.03
HSL	22°, 93%, 61%
HSV	22°, 75%, 97%
XYZ	47.7943, 36.6320, 8.9952
YIQ	158.0030, 92.2020, 3.0340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

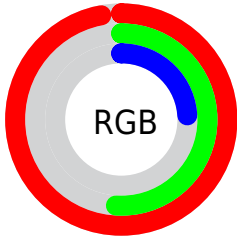
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	248, 173, 61
Decimal	16286525
CIE Lab	67.00, 39.84, 56.00
CIE LCh	67, 68.726, 54.567
Yxy	36.6320, 0.5116, 0.3921
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294476605 (0xFFFF8833D)
YUV	158.0030, -47.8225, 78.9274
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, 35.0385, 33.5553

# Details

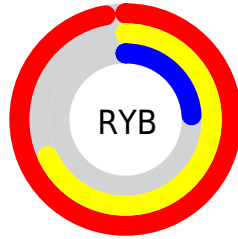
The CIELCh color **67, 68.726, 54.567** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9933**. The color can be described as middle washed orange. A complement of this color would be **69, 45.008, 257.729**, and the grayscale version is **65, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80, 49.860, 69.307**, and **47, 68.719, 54.592** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 78.616, 53.544**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71, 58.219, 55.321**.

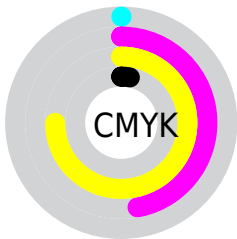
# Distribution



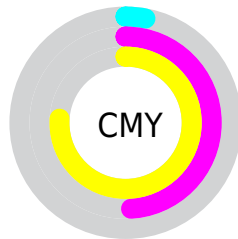
- Red (97%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (76%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 68.726, 54.567 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 68.726, 54.567 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 67, 68.726, 54.567

 67, 68.726, 54.567

 100, 68.726,  
54.567

 57, 68.726, 54.567

 87, 68.726, 54.567

 47, 68.726, 54.567

 97, 68.726, 54.567

 37, 68.726, 54.567

 27, 68.726, 54.567

 17, 68.726, 54.567

 7, 68.726, 54.567

 0, 68.726, 54.567

 67, 68.726, 54.567

 67, 68.726, 54.567

 64, 78.616, 53.544

 71, 58.219, 55.321

61, 86.544, 51.797

74, 47.834, 56.020

60, 89.511, 50.802

78, 37.896, 56.755

82, 28.529, 57.548

87, 19.757, 58.396

91, 11.560, 59.280

95, 3.893, 60.121

100, 2.339,  
199.540

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 68.726, 54.567



69, 45.008, 257.729

# Rectangle

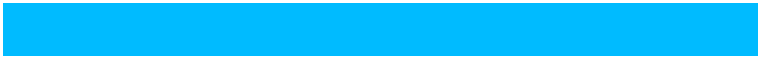
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 68.726, 54.567



67, 68.726, 104.567



67, 68.726, 234.567



67, 68.726, 284.567

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 68.724, 54.570



90, 18.177, 58.598



59, 81.065, 345.047



46, 12.739, 58.283



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 68.724, 54.570



64, 84.454, 52.835



89, 77.174, 95.769



50, 4.221, 59.793



46, 72.419, 51.441



13, 26.480, 49.520





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 45.008, 257.729



66, 52.442, 264.603



45, 94.866, 298.795



50, 4.048, 241.838



48, 44.689, 268.727



14, 18.506, 261.094



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 68.726, 54.567 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 68.726, 54.567 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 67, 68.726, 54.567**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 68.726, 54.567.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 68.726, 54.567.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67, 68.726, 54.567

### Protanopia

67, 49.724, 95.644

### Deuteranopia

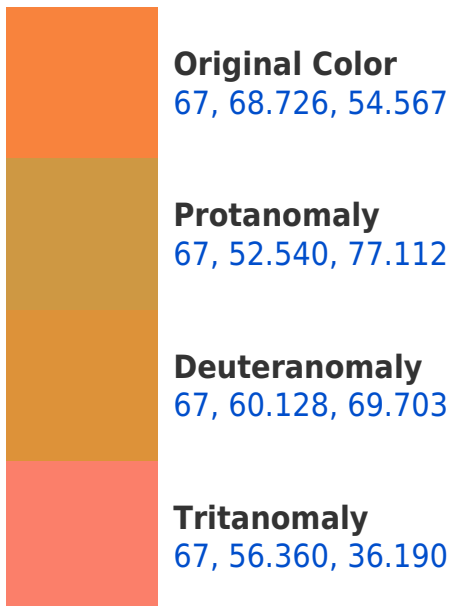
67, 58.093, 81.101



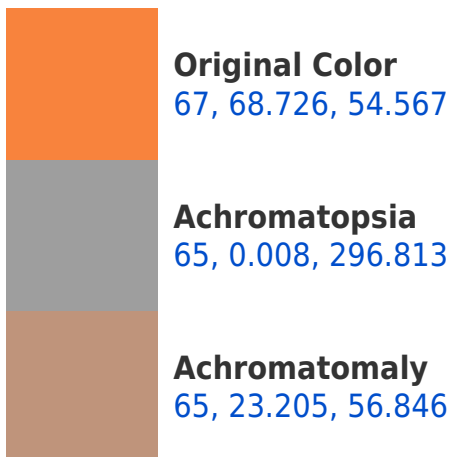
**Tritanopia**  
67, 52.921, 20.894



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 68.726, 54.567 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 131, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 131, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 131, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 131, 61) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 68.726, 54.567 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 131, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 131, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 131, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 131, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 131, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 131,  
61) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 68.726, 54.567 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 131, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
131, 61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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