

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 8.872, 43.708)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 8.872, 43.708) contains.

CIELCh(67, 8.811, 45.820)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(67, 8.811, 45.820)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B39F98
RGB	179, 159, 152
RGB Percent	70%, 62%, 60%
CMY	0.2982, 0.3766, 0.4040
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.15, 0.30
HSL	16°, 15%, 65%
HSV	16°, 15%, 70%
XYZ	36.6414, 36.6320, 34.8323
YIQ	164.1820, 14.1670, 2.0630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

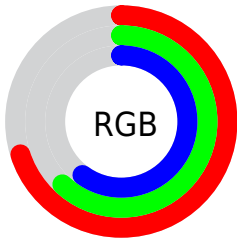
Format	Color
RYB	179, 161, 152
Decimal	11771800
CIELab	67.00, 6.14, 6.32
CIELCh	67, 8.811, 45.820
Yxy	36.6320, 0.3389, 0.3389
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289961880 (0xFFB39F98)
YUV	164.1820, -6.0057, 12.9954
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, 2.1460, 8.2452

Details

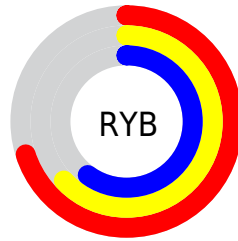
The CIELCh color $67, 8.811, 45.820$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $69, 8.056, 227.537$, and the grayscale version is $67, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $87, 8.858, 47.848$, and $47, 8.783, 48.032$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $63, 15.244, 45.511$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $71, 2.856, 46.149$.

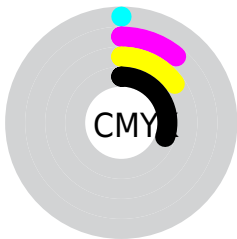
Distribution



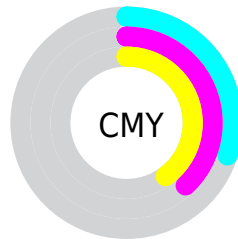
- Red (70%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 8.811, 45.820 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 8.811, 45.820 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 67, 8.811, 45.820  67, 8.811, 45.820


 100, 8.811, 45.820  57, 8.811, 45.820


 87, 8.811, 45.820  47, 8.811, 45.820

 97, 8.811, 45.820  37, 8.811, 45.820


 27, 8.811, 45.820

 17, 8.811, 45.820

 7, 8.811, 45.820

 0, 8.811, 45.820

 67, 8.811, 45.820  67, 8.811, 45.820

 63, 15.244, 45.511  71, 2.856, 46.149

59, 22.195, 45.283

75, 2.665, 226.989

56, 29.684, 45.186

79, 7.798, 227.401

52, 37.701, 45.242

83, 12.590,
227.936

49, 46.170, 45.455

87, 17.081,
228.499

46, 54.889, 45.772

44, 63.385, 46.008

91, 20.508,
223.147

41, 70.663, 45.722

94, 23.237,
202.138

41, 73.964, 45.693

95, 24.278,
197.920

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 8.811, 45.820



69, 8.056, 227.537

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 8.811, 45.820



67, 8.811, 95.820



67, 8.811, 225.820



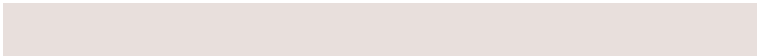
67, 8.811, 275.820

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 8.810, 45.834



90, 3.468, 46.149



66, 15.191, 333.301



48, 2.392, 46.138



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 8.810, 45.834



83, 13.149, 45.723



70, 11.329, 95.446



36, 3.227, 46.037



35, 65.552, 46.039



3, 7.759, 39.507

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 8.056, 227.537



86, 11.773, 227.778



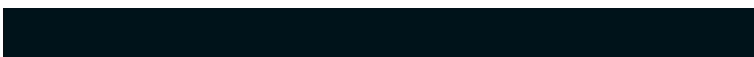
65, 11.446, 279.176



36, 3.060, 227.173



44, 31.447, 247.408



5, 7.499, 238.396

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 8.811, 45.820 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

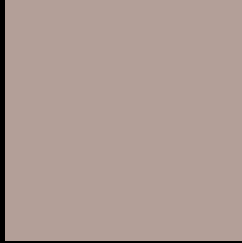
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 8.811, 45.820 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

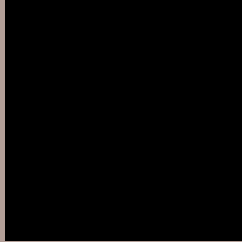
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 8.811, 45.820

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 8.811, 45.820.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 8.811, 45.820.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67, 8.811, 45.820

Protanopia

67, 4.972, 81.650

Deuteranopia

67, 10.698, 35.096



Tritanopia
67, 11.950, 343.701

Trichromacy



Original Color
67, 8.811, 45.820

Protanomaly
67, 6.155, 65.193

Deuteranomaly
67, 10.092, 39.173

Tritanomaly
67, 9.485, 359.915

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 8.811, 45.820

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 2.899, 41.761

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 8.811, 45.820 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 159, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 159, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 159, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 159, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 8.811, 45.820 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 159, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 159, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 159, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 159, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 159, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 159,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 8.811, 45.820 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 159, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
159, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor