

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 84.657, 330.710)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 84.657, 330.710)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 84.686, 330.699)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | FE65EF |
| RGB | 254, 101, 239 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 40%, 94% |
| CMY | 0.0037, 0.6037, 0.0626 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.60, 0.06, 0.00 |
| HSL | 306°, 99%, 70% |
| HSV | 306°, 60%, 100% |
| XYZ | 61.1368, 36.6320, 85.5465 |
| YIQ | 162.4790, 46.8900, 75.3540 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

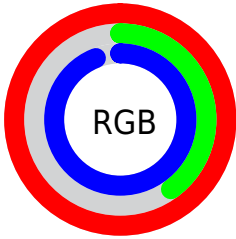
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 254, 101, 239 |
| Decimal | 16672239 |
| CIE Lab | 67.00, 73.85, -41.45 |
| CIE LCh | 67, 84.686, 330.699 |
| Yxy | 36.6320, 0.3335, 0.1998 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294862319 (0xFFFE65EF) |
| YUV | 162.4790, 37.7249, 80.2639 |
| Hunter-Lab | 60.5244, 74.3887, -41.4348 |

Details

The CIELCh color $67, 84.686, 330.699$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FF66FF . A complement of this color would be $89, 86.042, 141.594$, and the grayscale version is $67, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78, 59.138, 326.457$, and $47, 84.848, 330.576$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64, 94.365, 331.220$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $71, 72.813, 330.150$.

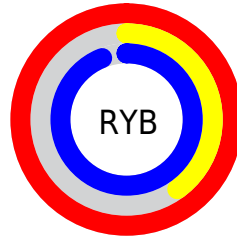
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (40%)

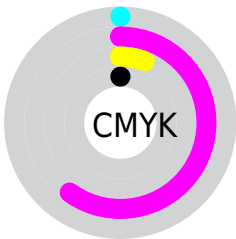
Blue (94%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (94%)

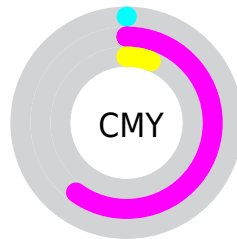


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 84.686, 330.699 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 84.686, 330.699 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 67, 84.686,
330.699

 67, 84.686,
330.699

 100, 84.686,
330.699

 57, 84.686,
330.699

 87, 84.686,
330.699

 47, 84.686,
330.699

 97, 84.686,
330.699

 37, 84.686,
330.699

 27, 84.686,
330.699

 17, 84.686,
330.699

 7, 84.686, 330.699

 0, 84.686, 330.699

67, 84.686,
330.699

67, 84.686,
330.699

64, 94.365,
331.220

71, 72.813,
330.150

61, 101.311,
331.715

76, 59.393,
329.576

59, 105.246,
332.193

81, 45.015,
328.986

59, 106.548,
332.660

87, 30.160,
328.388

93, 15.186,
327.786

100, 0.337,
326.227

100, 0.329,
201.397

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 84.686, 330.699



89, 86.042, 141.594

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 84.686, 330.699



67, 84.686, 20.699



67, 84.686, 150.699



67, 84.686, 200.699

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 84.683, 330.699



89, 26.914, 328.255



52, 87.732, 301.481



46, 18.713, 328.430



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 84.683, 330.699



63, 96.095, 331.311



64, 64.005, 356.559



50, 8.468, 327.743



44, 86.175, 332.577



12, 40.013, 332.004

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 84.683, 330.699



63, 96.095, 331.311



91, 58.112, 161.333



50, 8.468, 327.743



44, 86.175, 332.577



12, 40.013, 332.004

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 84.686, 330.699 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

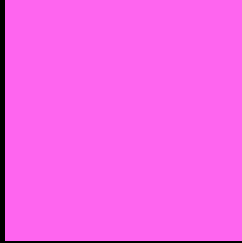
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 84.686, 330.699 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

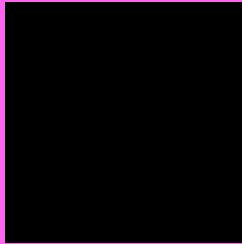
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 84.686, 330.699

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 84.686, 330.699.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 84.686, 330.699.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67, 84.686, 330.699

Protanopia

67, 52.706, 285.611

Deuteranopia

67, 37.836, 284.272



Tritanopia
67, 46.884, 18.798

Trichromacy



Original Color
67, 84.686, 330.699



Protanomaly
65, 61.985, 305.380



Deuteranomaly
65, 53.975, 309.403



Tritanomaly
67, 55.214, 353.416

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 84.686, 330.699



Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
65, 34.710, 328.586

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 84.686, 330.699 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 101, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 101, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 101, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 101, 239) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 84.686, 330.699 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 101, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 101, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 101, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 101, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 101, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 101,  
239) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 84.686, 330.699 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 101, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
101, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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