

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 92.208, 136.660)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 92.208, 136.660)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 92.292, 136.640)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	15BD17
RGB	21, 189, 23
RGB Percent	8%, 74%, 9%
CMY	0.9173, 0.2587, 0.9095
CMYK	0.89, 0.00, 0.88, 0.26
HSL	121°, 80%, 41%
HSV	121°, 89%, 74%
XYZ	18.6712, 36.6320, 6.9002
YIQ	119.8440, -46.8420, -87.2420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

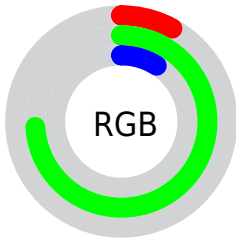
Format	Color
<code>RYB</code>	<code>21, 187, 189</code>
Decimal	<code>1424663</code>
CIELab	<code>67.00, -67.10, 63.37</code>
CIELCh	<code>67, 92.292, 136.640</code>
Yxy	<code>36.6320, 0.3002, 0.5889</code>
Android (<code>android.graphics.Color</code>)	<code>4279614743 (0xFF15BD17)</code>
YUV	<code>119.8440, -47.7441, -86.6862</code>
Hunter-Lab	<code>60.5244, -50.8520, 35.6076</code>

Details

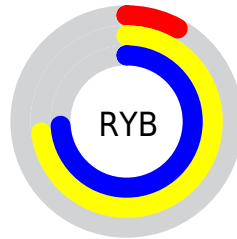
The CIELCh color **67, 92.292, 136.640** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. A complement of this color would be **46, 89.014, 328.568**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87, 92.643, 136.585**, and **48, 74.270, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 95.154, 136.152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 87.081, 137.474**.

Distribution



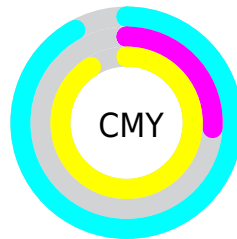
- Red (8%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (9%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Black (26%)





- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (91%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 92.292, 136.640 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 92.292, 136.640 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 67, 92.292,
136.640


 67, 92.292,
136.640


 100, 92.292,
136.640


 57, 92.292,
136.640

 87, 92.292,
136.640

 47, 92.292,
136.640

 97, 92.292,
136.640

 37, 92.292,
136.640

 27, 92.292,
136.640

 17, 92.292,
136.640

 7, 92.292, 136.640

 0, 92.292, 136.640

■ 67, 92.292,
136.640

■ 67, 92.292,
136.640

■ 67, 95.154,
136.152

■ 67, 87.081,
137.474

■ 67, 95.425,
136.109

■ 68, 79.595,
138.536

■ 68, 70.277,
139.687

■ 69, 59.605,
140.814

■ 70, 48.010,
141.852

■ 72, 35.850,
142.772

■ 73, 23.417,
143.570

■ 75, 10.934,

144.262

■ 77, 1.432, 324.641

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 92.292, 136.640



46, 89.014, 328.568

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 92.292, 136.640



67, 92.292, 186.640



67, 92.292, 316.640



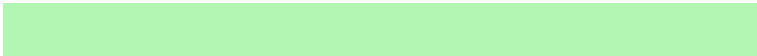
67, 92.292, 6.640

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 92.292, 136.641



91, 41.416, 142.891



74, 74.808, 103.081



48, 27.871, 142.597



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 92.292, 136.641



85, 115.941, 136.083



68, 66.251, 151.555



39, 7.001, 144.229



57, 83.560, 136.131



9, 21.557, 144.607

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 89.014, 328.568



58, 111.006, 328.712



42, 66.049, 357.846



37, 7.012, 325.243



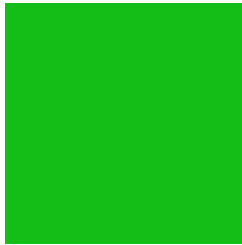
37, 80.119, 328.698



3, 21.246, 325.857

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 92.292, 136.640 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 92.292, 136.640 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 92.292, 136.640

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 92.292, 136.640.

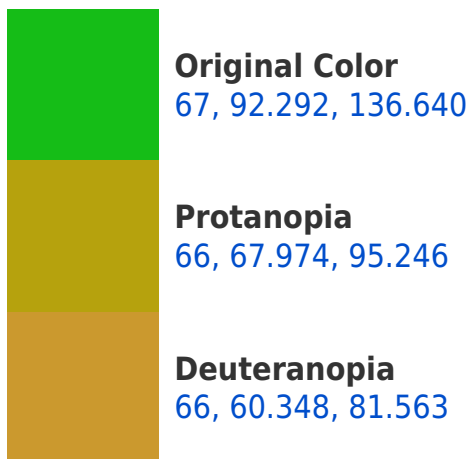


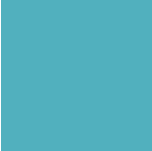
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 92.292, 136.640.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
67, 28.515, 213.228

Trichromacy



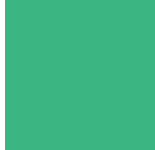
Original Color
67, 92.292, 136.640



Protanomaly
65, 73.540, 119.725



Deuteranomaly
64, 64.261, 115.068



Tritanomaly
66, 48.914, 159.797

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 92.292, 136.640



Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
55, 41.660, 141.737

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 92.292, 136.640 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 189, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 189, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 189, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 189, 23) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 92.292, 136.640 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 189, 23) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 189, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(21, 189, 23)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 189, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 189, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 189,  
23) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 92.292, 136.640 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 189, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 189,  
23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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