

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 93.496, 327.368)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(67, 93.496, 327.368)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(67, 93.496, 327.368)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE5FFF
RGB	254, 95, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 37%, 100%
CMY	0.0025, 0.6260, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 69%
HSV	300°, 63%, 100%
XYZ	63.2369, 36.6320, 98.6393
YIQ	160.7810, 43.4040, 83.4680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

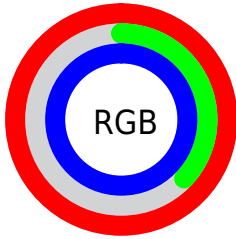
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	254, 95, 255
Decimal	16670719
CIE Lab	67.00, 78.74, -50.42
CIE LCh	67, 93.496, 327.368
Yxy	36.6320, 0.3186, 0.1845
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294860799 (0xFFFE5FFF)
YUV	160.7810, 46.4500, 81.7531
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, 80.5822, -54.2606

# Details

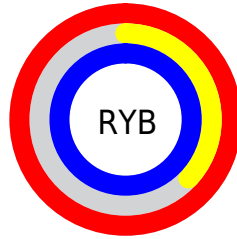
The CIELCh color **67, 93.496, 327.368** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66FF**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **89, 94.529, 138.789**, and the grayscale version is **66, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 62.108, 326.555**, and **47, 93.684, 327.347** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 103.215, 327.731**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71, 81.108, 327.053**.

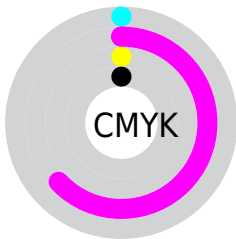
# Distribution



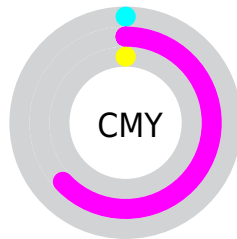
- Red (100%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 93.496, 327.368 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 93.496, 327.368 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 67, 93.496,  
327.368


 67, 93.496,  
327.368


 100, 93.496,  
327.368


 57, 93.496,  
327.368

 87, 93.496,  
327.368

 47, 93.496,  
327.368

 97, 93.496,  
327.368

 37, 93.496,  
327.368

 27, 93.496,  
327.368

 17, 93.496,  
327.368

 7, 93.496, 327.368

 0, 93.496, 327.368

67, 93.496,  
327.368

67, 93.496,  
327.368

64, 103.215,  
327.731

71, 81.108,  
327.053

62, 110.211,  
327.934

75, 67.086,  
326.603

61, 114.201,  
328.041

81, 51.908,  
326.103

60, 115.585,  
328.072

86, 36.103,  
325.569

92, 20.078,  
325.014

98, 4.121, 324.405

100, 0.012,  
296.813

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 93.496, 327.368



89, 94.529, 138.789

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 93.496, 327.368



67, 93.496, 17.368



67, 93.496, 147.368



67, 93.496, 197.368

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 93.357, 327.434



88, 30.343, 325.371



50, 90.439, 299.801



45, 20.890, 325.528



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 93.357, 327.434



63, 105.168, 327.789



64, 69.009, 350.194



50, 9.045, 324.839



45, 93.097, 328.074



12, 42.828, 328.093





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 68.820, 28.139



57, 83.512, 32.212



90, 65.947, 155.507



49, 5.253, 19.621



40, 84.044, 39.841



10, 33.334, 27.018



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 93.496, 327.368 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

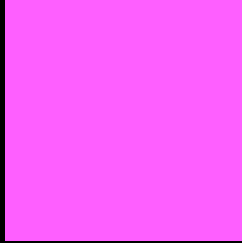
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 93.496, 327.368 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

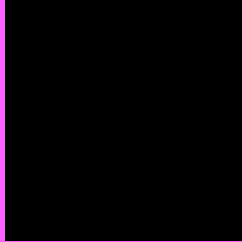
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 67, 93.496, 327.368**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 93.496, 327.368.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 93.496, 327.368.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67, 93.496, 327.368

### Protanopia

67, 52.738, 285.353

### Deuteranopia

67, 45.852, 282.007



**Tritanopia**  
67, 46.006, 17.926



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
67, 93.496, 327.368



**Protanomaly**  
65, 66.987, 305.664



**Deuteranomaly**  
65, 62.079, 305.673



**Tritanomaly**  
66, 57.167, 349.713

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
67, 93.496, 327.368



**Achromatopsia**  
66, 0.008, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
65, 38.204, 326.042

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 93.496, 327.368 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 95, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 95, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 95, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 95, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 93.496, 327.368 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 95, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 95, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 95, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 95, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 95, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 95,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 93.496, 327.368 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 95, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254, 95,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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