

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 1.245, 332.828)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 1.245, 332.828) contains.

CIELCh(68, 1.350, 324.340)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(68, 1.350, 324.340)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A7A5A7
RGB	167, 165, 167
RGB Percent	65%, 65%, 65%
CMY	0.3447, 0.3525, 0.3447
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.34
HSL	300°, 1%, 65%
HSV	300°, 1%, 66%
XYZ	36.4203, 37.9720, 42.0228
YIQ	165.8260, 0.5500, 1.0460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

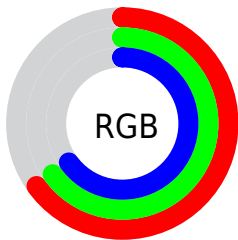
Format	Color
RYB	167, 165, 167
Decimal	10986919
CIELab	68.00, 1.10, -0.79
CIElCh	68, 1.350, 324.340
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3128, 0.3262
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289176999 (0xFFA7A5A7)
YUV	165.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -2.3382, 2.7022

Details

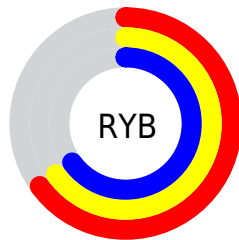
The CIELCh color $68, 1.350, 324.340$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $68, 1.333, 144.546$, and the grayscale version is $68, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88, 1.282, 324.274$, and $48, 1.443, 324.413$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64, 12.659, 325.026$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72, 9.769, 144.001$.

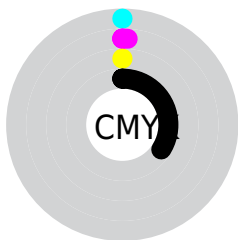
Distribution



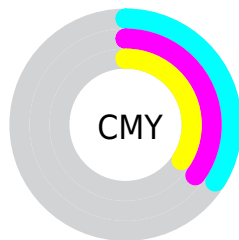
- Red (65%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 1.350, 324.340 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 1.350, 324.340 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68, 1.350, 324.340

■ 68, 1.350, 324.340

■ 100, 1.350,
324.340

■ 58, 1.350, 324.340

■ 88, 1.350, 324.340

■ 48, 1.350, 324.340

■ 98, 1.350, 324.340

■ 38, 1.350, 324.340

■ 28, 1.350, 324.340

■ 18, 1.350, 324.340

■ 8, 1.350, 324.340

■ 0, 1.350, 324.340

■ 68, 1.350, 324.340

■ 68, 1.350, 324.340

■ 64, 12.659,

■ 72, 9.769, 144.001

325.026

77, 20.617,
143.475

59, 24.042,
325.572

82, 31.156,
142.979

55, 35.316,
326.099

86, 41.368,
142.509

52, 46.224,
326.599

91, 51.250,
142.067

48, 56.426,
327.054

93, 54.908,
141.906

45, 65.521,
327.451

93, 54.908,
141.906

43, 73.083,
327.772

93, 54.908,
141.906

41, 78.755,
328.009

93, 54.908,
141.906

40, 82.354,
328.157

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 1.350, 324.340



68, 1.333, 144.546

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 1.350, 324.340



68, 1.350, 14.340



68, 1.350, 144.340



68, 1.350, 194.340

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 1.348, 324.339



87, 0.010, 296.813



68, 1.089, 289.681



46, 0.006, 296.813



94, 0.011, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 1.348, 324.339



86, 1.395, 324.301



68, 0.957, 342.493



36, 0.643, 324.277



35, 76.993, 328.232



2, 11.673, 324.438

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 0.759, 18.841



86, 0.784, 18.720



68, 0.944, 163.041



36, 0.361, 18.643



30, 69.026, 39.359



1, 6.572, 19.404

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 1.350, 324.340 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 1.350, 324.340 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

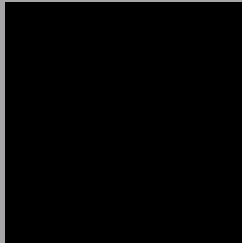
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

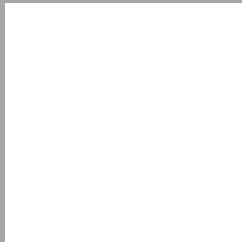
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 1.350, 324.340

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 1.350, 324.340.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 1.350, 324.340.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


68, 1.350, 324.340

Protanopia

68, 1.596, 335.596

Deuteranopia

68, 8.838, 350.376



Tritanopia
68, 7.429, 305.301

Trichromacy



Original Color

68, 1.350, 324.340

Protanomaly

68, 1.596, 335.596

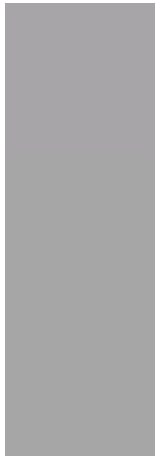
Deuteranomaly

68, 5.970, 346.341

Tritanomaly

68, 5.205, 307.326

Monochromacy



Original Color

68, 1.350, 324.340

Achromatopsia

68, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly

68, 0.008, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 1.350, 324.340 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 165, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 165, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 165, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 165, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 1.350, 324.340 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 165, 167) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 165, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 165, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 165, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 165, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 165,  
167) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 1.350, 324.340 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 165, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
165, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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