

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 1.348, 178.115)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 1.348, 178.115) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 1.129, 199.732)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3A6A6
RGB	163, 166, 166
RGB Percent	64%, 65%, 65%
CMY	0.3595, 0.3478, 0.3478
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	180°, 2%, 65%
HSV	180°, 2%, 65%
XYZ	35.7744, 37.9720, 41.6724
YIQ	165.1030, -1.7880, -0.6360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

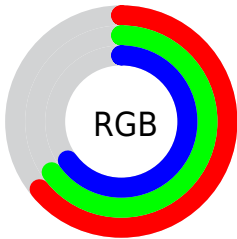
Format	Color
RYB	163, 165, 166
Decimal	10725030
CIELab	68.00, -1.06, -0.38
CIElCh	68, 1.129, 199.732
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3100, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288915110 (0xFFA3A6A6)
YUV	165.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -4.2091, 3.0393

Details

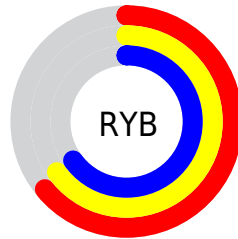
The CIELCh color **68, 1.129, 199.732** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **67, 1.144, 19.014**, and the grayscale version is **68, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 1.071, 199.885**, and **48, 1.207, 199.570** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 7.219, 198.763**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 5.228, 19.698**.

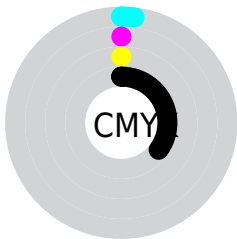
Distribution



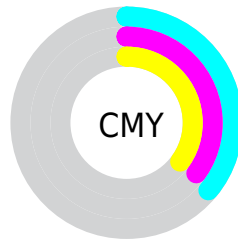
- Red (64%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 1.129, 199.732 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 1.129, 199.732 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68, 1.129, 199.732

■ 68, 1.129, 199.732

■ 100, 1.129,
199.732

■ 58, 1.129, 199.732

■ 88, 1.129, 199.732

■ 48, 1.129, 199.732

■ 98, 1.129, 199.732

■ 38, 1.129, 199.732

■ 28, 1.129, 199.732

■ 18, 1.129, 199.732

■ 8, 1.129, 199.732

■ 0, 1.129, 199.732

■ 68, 1.129, 199.732

■ 68, 1.129, 199.732

■ 67, 7.219, 198.763

■ 69, 5.228, 19.698

66, 12.947,
198.240

71, 11.778, 20.335

65, 18.220,
197.782

72, 18.451, 20.952

64, 22.938,
197.381

74, 25.193, 21.572

63, 27.012,
197.040

77, 35.427, 22.506

63, 30.367,
196.761

77, 35.426, 22.493

62, 32.961,
196.546

77, 35.424, 22.479

62, 34.787,
196.392

77, 35.423, 22.466

62, 35.886,
196.294

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 1.129, 199.732



67, 1.144, 19.014

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 1.129, 199.732



68, 1.129, 249.732



68, 1.129, 19.732



68, 1.129, 69.732

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 1.130, 199.653



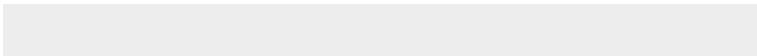
86, 0.777, 200.025



68, 2.001, 144.014



46, 0.445, 200.073



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 1.130, 199.653



86, 1.551, 199.593



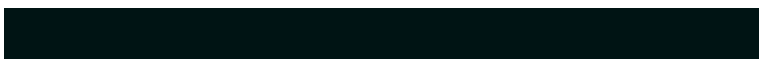
68, 0.990, 254.138



36, 0.715, 199.638



55, 33.410, 196.244



5, 6.572, 199.310

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 1.144, 19.014



85, 1.573, 19.076



68, 0.982, 73.045



35, 0.724, 19.029



30, 68.993, 39.322



1, 6.572, 19.337

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 1.129, 199.732 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 1.129, 199.732 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

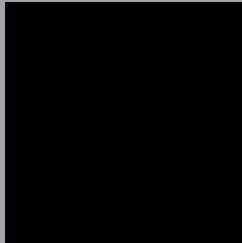
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

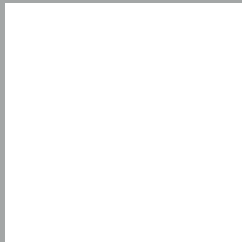
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 1.129, 199.732

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 1.129, 199.732.

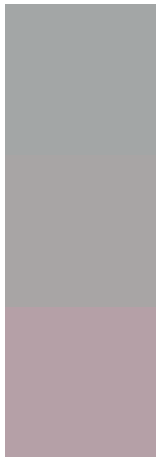


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 1.129, 199.732.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


68, 1.129, 199.732

Protanopia

68, 1.140, 19.087

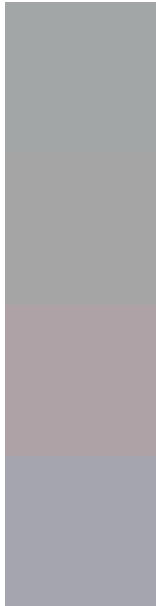
Deuteranopia

68, 8.936, 354.739



Tritanopia
68, 7.166, 290.915

Trichromacy



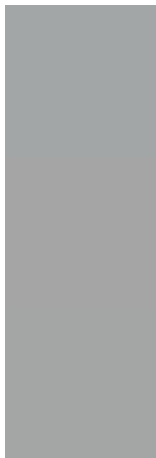
Original Color
68, 1.129, 199.732

Protanomaly
68, 0.380, 18.180

Deuteranomaly
68, 5.689, 350.964

Tritanomaly
68, 4.971, 286.432

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 1.129, 199.732

Achromatopsia
68, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 0.377, 200.641

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 1.129, 199.732 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 166, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 166, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 166, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 166, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 1.129, 199.732 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 166, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 166, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 166, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 166, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 166, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 166,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 1.129, 199.732 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 166, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
166, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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