

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 1.982, 78.402)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 1.982, 78.402) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 1.994, 74.834)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A8A5A2
RGB	168, 165, 162
RGB Percent	66%, 65%, 64%
CMY	0.3402, 0.3519, 0.3637
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.04, 0.34
HSL	30°, 3%, 65%
HSV	30°, 4%, 66%
XYZ	36.2475, 37.9720, 39.7186
YIQ	165.5550, 2.7510, -0.2970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

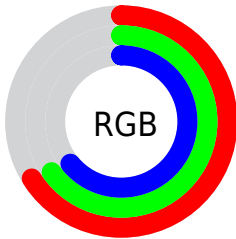
Format	Color
RYB	168, 168, 162
Decimal	11052450
CIELab	68.00, 0.52, 1.92
CIELCh	68, 1.994, 74.834
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3181, 0.3333
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289242530 (0xFFA8A5A2)
YUV	165.5550, -1.7526, 2.1443
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -2.8387, 4.9191

Details

The CIELCh color $68, 1.994, 74.834$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $68, 1.990, 256.068$, and the grayscale version is $68, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88, 1.886, 74.883$, and $48, 2.141, 74.710$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $65, 7.773, 73.802$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $71, 3.539, 256.322$.

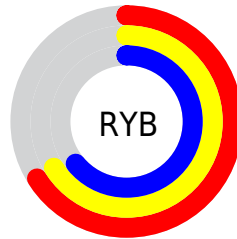
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (65%)

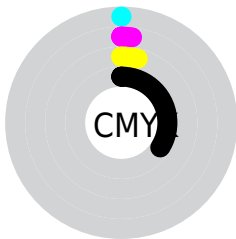
Blue (64%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (64%)

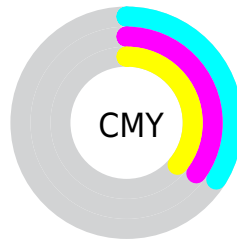


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 1.994, 74.834 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 1.994, 74.834 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68, 1.994, 74.834

■ 68, 1.994, 74.834

■ 100, 1.994, 74.834

■ 58, 1.994, 74.834

■ 88, 1.994, 74.834

■ 48, 1.994, 74.834

■ 98, 1.994, 74.834

■ 38, 1.994, 74.834

■ 28, 1.994, 74.834

■ 18, 1.994, 74.834

■ 8, 1.994, 74.834

■ 0, 1.994, 74.834

■ 68, 1.994, 74.834

■ 68, 1.994, 74.834

■ 65, 7.773, 73.802

■ 71, 3.539, 256.322

63, 13.820, 72.594

73, 8.851, 257.414

60, 20.150, 71.361

76, 13.965,
258.509

58, 26.762, 70.115

79, 18.904,
259.570

55, 33.627, 68.853

53, 40.649, 67.553

82, 23.689,
260.590

51, 47.616, 66.155

84, 24.903,
255.603

48, 54.099, 64.518

46, 59.371, 62.376

86, 23.265,
243.024

89, 22.827,
229.454

91, 23.614,
216.242

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 1.994, 74.834



68, 1.990, 256.068

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 1.994, 74.834



68, 1.994, 124.834



68, 1.994, 254.834



68, 1.994, 304.834

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 1.995, 74.889



87, 0.684, 74.779



67, 2.837, 343.811



46, 0.388, 74.751



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 1.995, 74.889



86, 2.778, 74.849



69, 3.282, 109.826



35, 1.587, 74.798



40, 56.583, 61.349



3, 5.525, 67.565

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 1.990, 256.068



86, 2.766, 256.112



67, 3.323, 290.538



35, 1.577, 256.167



32, 47.334, 283.257



2, 6.105, 262.615

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 1.994, 74.834 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 1.994, 74.834 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

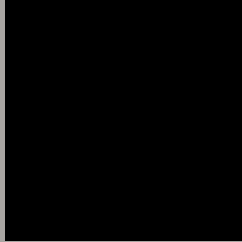
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

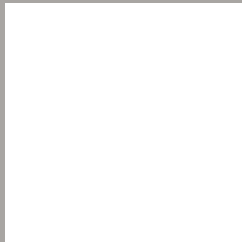
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 1.994, 74.834

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 1.994, 74.834.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 1.994, 74.834.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


68, 1.994, 74.834

Protanopia

68, 2.235, 66.703

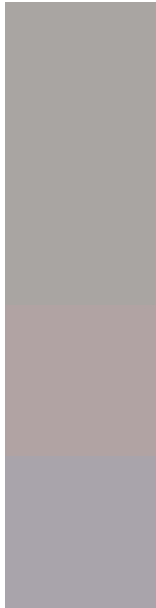
Deuteranopia

68, 8.676, 9.245



Tritanopia
68, 7.662, 310.698

Trichromacy



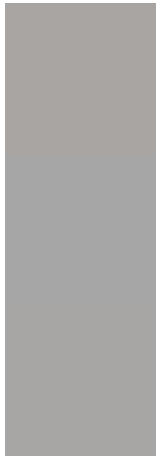
Original Color
68, 1.994, 74.834

Protanomaly
68, 2.235, 66.703

Deuteranomaly
68, 5.809, 14.439

Tritanomaly
68, 4.316, 316.314

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 1.994, 74.834

Achromatopsia
68, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 0.658, 74.790

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 1.994, 74.834 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 165, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 165, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 165, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 165, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 1.994, 74.834 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 165, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 165, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 165, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 165, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 165, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 165,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 1.994, 74.834 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 165, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
165, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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