

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 10.066, 240.151)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 10.066, 240.151)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 10.066, 240.151)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	93A9B5
RGB	147, 169, 181
RGB Percent	58%, 66%, 71%
CMY	0.4231, 0.3368, 0.2897
CMYK	0.19, 0.07, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	201°, 19%, 64%
HSV	201°, 19%, 71%
XYZ	34.6137, 37.9720, 49.2821
YIQ	163.7900, -16.9640, -0.9320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

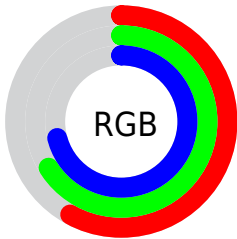
Format	Color
R_{YB}	147, 160, 181
Decimal	9677237
CIE _{Lab}	68.00, -5.01, -8.73
CIE _{LCh}	68, 10.066, 240.151
Yxy	37.9720, 0.2840, 0.3116
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287867317 (0xFF93A9B5)
YUV	163.7900, 8.4845, -14.7248
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -7.5714, -4.2825

Details

The CIELCh color $68, 10.066, 240.151$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $67, 11.046, 56.510$, and the grayscale version is $67, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88, 10.222, 240.804$, and $48, 9.952, 239.660$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $65, 15.099, 241.549$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $71, 4.791, 239.041$.

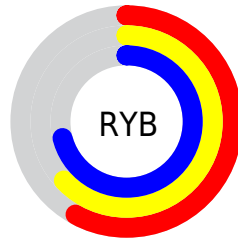
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (66%)

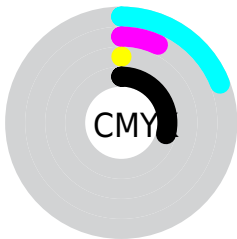
Blue (71%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (71%)

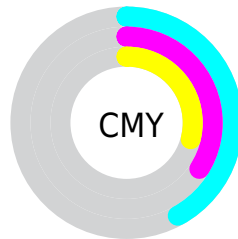


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (42%)


Magenta (34%)


Yellow (29%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 10.066, 240.151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 10.066, 240.151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 68, 10.066,
240.151


 68, 10.066,
240.151


 100, 10.066,
240.151


 58, 10.066,
240.151


 88, 10.066,
240.151

 48, 10.066,
240.151

 98, 10.066,
240.151

 38, 10.066,
240.151

 28, 10.066,
240.151

 18, 10.066,
240.151

 8, 10.066, 240.151

 0, 10.066, 240.151

68, 10.066,
240.151

68, 10.066,
240.151

65, 15.099,
241.549

71, 4.791, 239.041

62, 19.839,
243.299

74, 0.675, 57.360

77, 6.286, 57.183

59, 24.236,
245.465

80, 12.005, 56.591

57, 28.257,
248.129

84, 17.798, 56.088

87, 23.381, 56.100

54, 31.893,
251.369

88, 23.636, 65.705

52, 35.179,
255.237

90, 24.543, 74.818

91, 26.028, 83.045

49, 38.202,
259.729

47, 41.135,

264.647

■ 47, 41.509,
265.230

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 10.066, 240.151



67, 11.046, 56.510

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 10.066, 240.151



68, 10.066, 290.151



68, 10.066, 60.151



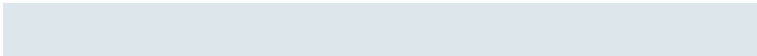
68, 10.066, 110.151

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 10.066, 240.143



91, 4.062, 238.812



71, 17.640, 154.953



48, 2.689, 238.862



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 10.066, 240.143



84, 15.075, 240.752



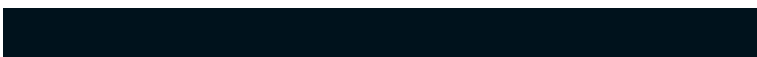
63, 16.213, 285.555



37, 3.125, 239.095



41, 36.813, 264.563



5, 8.975, 252.244

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 17.791, 337.868



79, 26.952, 338.241



72, 15.777, 101.200



36, 5.392, 337.134



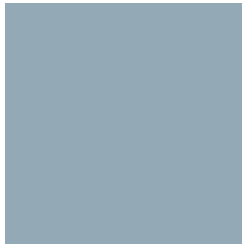
34, 61.998, 348.596



3, 13.475, 342.308

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 10.066, 240.151 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

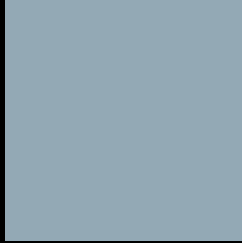
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 10.066, 240.151 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

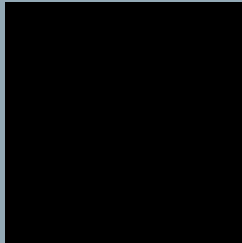
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

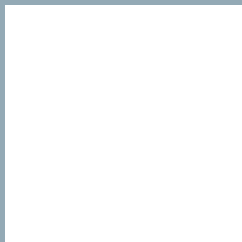
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 10.066, 240.151

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 10.066, 240.151.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 10.066, 240.151.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68, 10.066, 240.151

Protanopia

68, 7.739, 293.686

Deuteranopia

68, 12.970, 311.149



Tritanopia
68, 10.407, 242.613

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 10.066, 240.151

Protanomaly
68, 7.669, 268.728

Deuteranomaly
68, 9.929, 291.194

Tritanomaly
68, 10.407, 242.613

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 10.066, 240.151

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 3.662, 236.413

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 10.066, 240.151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 169, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 169, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 169, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 169, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 10.066, 240.151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 169, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 169, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 169, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 169, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 169, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 169,  
181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 10.066, 240.151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 169, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
169, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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