

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 12.256, 132.604)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(68, 12.256, 132.604)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(68, 12.603, 132.607)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9DAA95
RGB	157, 170, 149
RGB Percent	62%, 67%, 58%
CMY	0.3852, 0.3342, 0.4166
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.12, 0.33
HSL	97°, 11%, 62%
HSV	97°, 12%, 67%
XYZ	33.5996, 37.9720, 33.8988
YIQ	163.7190, -1.0070, -9.2870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

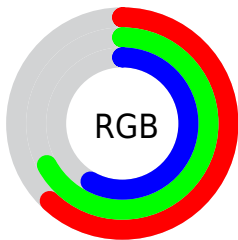
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	149, 170, 162
Decimal	10332821
CIELab	68.00, -8.53, 9.28
CIELCh	68, 12.603, 132.607
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3186, 0.3600
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288522901 (0xFF9DAA95)
YUV	163.7190, -7.2565, -5.8926
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -10.5091, 10.5188

# Details

The CIELCh color  $68, 12.603, 132.607$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $63, 12.764, 313.619$ , and the grayscale version is  $67, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $88, 12.428, 131.778$ , and  $48, 12.773, 131.790$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $67, 22.831, 132.142$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $69, 2.398, 133.081$ .

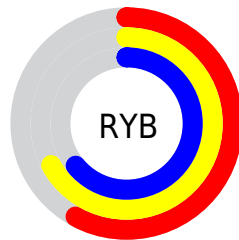
# Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (67%)

Blue (58%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (64%)

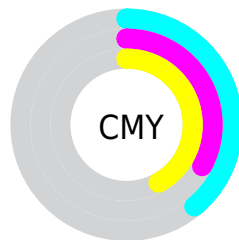


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 12.603, 132.607 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 12.603, 132.607 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 68, 12.603,  
132.607

 68, 12.603,  
132.607


 100, 12.603,  
132.607


 58, 12.603,  
132.607


 88, 12.603,  
132.607

 48, 12.603,  
132.607

 98, 12.603,  
132.607

 38, 12.603,  
132.607

 28, 12.603,  
132.607

 18, 12.603,  
132.607

 8, 12.603, 132.607

 0, 12.603, 132.607

68, 12.603,  
132.607

68, 12.603,  
132.607

67, 22.831,  
132.142

69, 2.398, 133.081

66, 32.985,  
131.650

71, 7.723, 313.389

65, 42.936,  
131.152

72, 17.713,  
313.741

64, 52.503,  
130.685

73, 27.539,  
314.046

63, 61.429,  
130.311

75, 37.179,  
314.313

63, 69.369,  
130.120

77, 46.621,  
314.545

62, 75.901,  
130.235

78, 49.854,  
317.521

62, 80.640,

79, 51.167,  
321.346

130.769

■ 80, 52.677,  
325.028

■ 61, 83.281,  
131.348

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 12.603, 132.607



63, 12.764, 313.619

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 12.603, 132.607



68, 12.603, 182.607



68, 12.603, 312.607



68, 12.603, 2.607

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 12.605, 132.609



88, 5.047, 132.987



67, 7.795, 85.344



47, 3.618, 132.952



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 12.605, 132.609



86, 19.018, 132.476



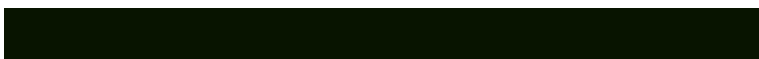
67, 13.058, 147.034



35, 5.720, 132.749



54, 75.109, 131.179



5, 10.582, 134.848



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 12.764, 313.619



79, 19.309, 313.746



64, 13.084, 328.475



33, 5.778, 313.484



25, 80.945, 315.128



1, 10.244, 310.493



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 12.603, 132.607 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 12.603, 132.607 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

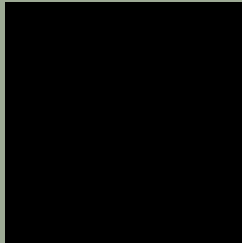
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

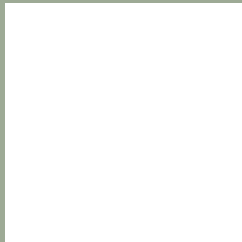
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 68, 12.603, 132.607**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 12.603, 132.607.

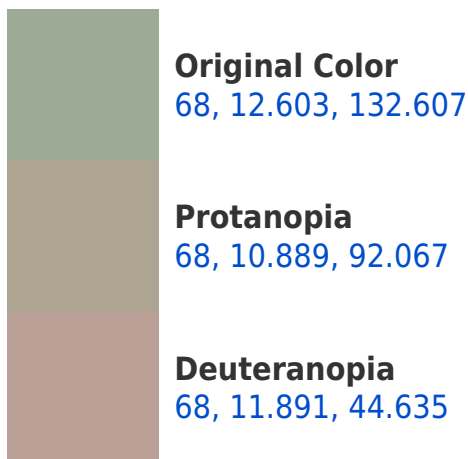


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 12.603, 132.607.

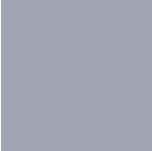
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
68, 7.827, 280.268

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 12.603, 132.607

**Protanomaly**  
68, 10.953, 109.041

**Deuteranomaly**  
68, 9.031, 77.598

**Tritanomaly**  
68, 3.023, 209.820

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 12.603, 132.607

**Achromatopsia**  
67, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
67, 4.157, 131.381

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 12.603, 132.607 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 170, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 170, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 170, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 170, 149) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 12.603, 132.607 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 170, 149) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 170, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 170, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 170, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 170, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 170,  
149) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 12.603, 132.607 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 170, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
170, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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