

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 12.696, 126.877)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(68, 12.696, 126.877)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(68, 12.696, 126.877)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(68, 12.696, 126.877)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9FA993
RGB	159, 169, 147
RGB Percent	62%, 66%, 58%
CMY	0.3756, 0.3363, 0.4226
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.13, 0.34
HSL	87°, 11%, 62%
HSV	87°, 13%, 66%
XYZ	33.8605, 37.9720, 33.2429
YIQ	163.5020, 1.1020, -8.9620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

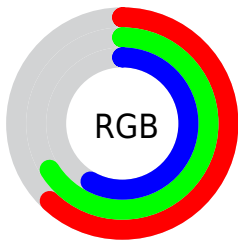
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	147, 169, 157
Decimal	10463635
CIELab	68.00, -7.62, 10.16
CIELCh	68, 12.696, 126.877
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3222, 0.3614
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288653715 (0xFF9FA993)
YUV	163.5020, -8.1355, -3.9483
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -9.7531, 11.1498

# Details

The CIELCh color  $68, 12.696, 126.877$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $63, 12.947, 308.073$ , and the grayscale version is  $67, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $88, 12.537, 126.282$ , and  $48, 12.885, 125.716$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $67, 22.451, 126.395$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $69, 2.923, 127.365$ .

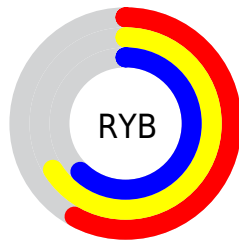
# Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (66%)

Blue (58%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (62%)

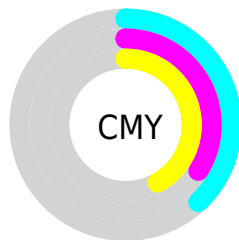


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 12.696, 126.877 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 12.696, 126.877 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 68, 12.696,  
126.877

■ 68, 12.696,  
126.877

■ 100, 12.696,  
126.877

■ 58, 12.696,  
126.877

■ 88, 12.696,  
126.877

■ 48, 12.696,  
126.877

■ 98, 12.696,  
126.877

■ 38, 12.696,  
126.877

■ 28, 12.696,  
126.877

■ 18, 12.696,  
126.877

■ 8, 12.696, 126.877

■ 0, 12.696, 126.877

68, 12.696,  
126.877

68, 12.696,  
126.877

67, 22.451,  
126.395

69, 2.923, 127.365

66, 32.102,  
125.905

70, 6.815, 307.753

65, 41.532,  
125.436

71, 16.475,  
308.159

65, 50.571,  
125.028

72, 26.027,  
308.525

64, 58.973,  
124.746

74, 35.450,  
308.857

63, 66.399,  
124.684

75, 44.731,  
309.155

63, 72.441,  
124.959

76, 48.484,  
311.115

63, 76.740,

77, 49.174,  
314.028

125.683

77, 49.976,  
316.896

62, 78.985,  
126.355

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 12.696, 126.877



63, 12.947, 308.073

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 12.696, 126.877



68, 12.696, 176.877



68, 12.696, 306.877



68, 12.696, 356.877

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 12.698, 126.880



87, 4.810, 127.309



66, 7.275, 68.310



46, 3.415, 127.273



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 12.698, 126.880



86, 19.292, 126.722



67, 14.612, 142.390



35, 5.498, 127.058



55, 71.420, 126.172



5, 10.214, 130.083



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 12.947, 308.073



77, 19.762, 308.242



63, 14.646, 323.743



33, 5.578, 307.886



21, 83.777, 311.111



1, 9.932, 305.181



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 12.696, 126.877 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

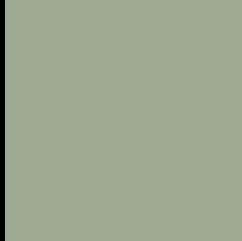
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 12.696, 126.877 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

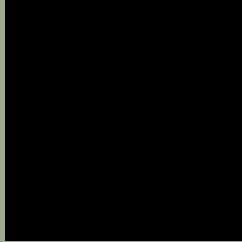
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

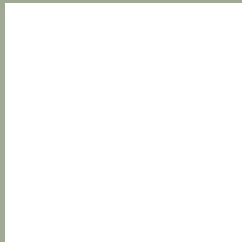
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 68, 12.696, 126.877**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 12.696, 126.877.

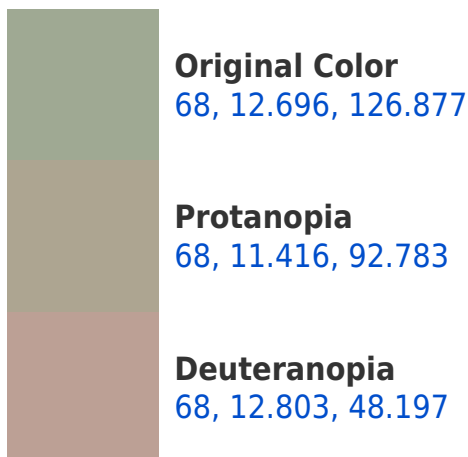


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 12.696, 126.877.


# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
68, 7.169, 287.990

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 12.696, 126.877

**Protanomaly**  
68, 11.502, 107.011

**Deuteranomaly**  
68, 10.185, 73.348

**Tritanomaly**  
68, 1.875, 199.499

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 12.696, 126.877

**Achromatopsia**  
67, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
68, 4.668, 128.885

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 12.696, 126.877 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 169, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 169, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 169, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 169, 147) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 12.696, 126.877 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 169, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 169, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 169, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 169, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 169, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 169,  
147) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 12.696, 126.877 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 169, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
169, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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