

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 12.922, 7.430)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 12.922, 7.430) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 12.751, 8.216)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BE9EA3
RGB	190, 158, 163
RGB Percent	75%, 62%, 64%
CMY	0.2555, 0.3809, 0.3613
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.14, 0.26
HSL	351°, 20%, 68%
HSV	351°, 17%, 74%
XYZ	39.9983, 37.9720, 39.8041
YIQ	168.1380, 17.4670, 8.3390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

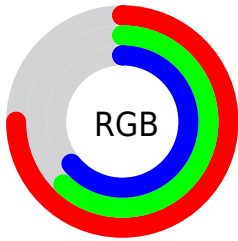
Format	Color
R_{YB}	190, 158, 163
Decimal	12492451
CIE Lab	68.00, 12.62, 1.82
CIE LCh	68, 12.751, 8.216
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3396, 0.3224
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290682531 (0xFFBE9EA3)
YUV	168.1380, -2.5330, 19.1730
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, 8.0263, 4.8369

Details

The CIELCh color **68, 12.751, 8.216** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **75, 11.818, 185.255**, and the grayscale version is **69, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 12.765, 8.615**, and **48, 12.382, 10.086** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 20.869, 9.451**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73, 5.036, 7.153**.

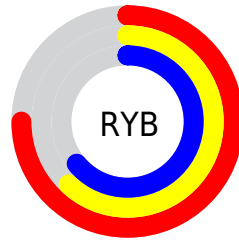
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (62%)

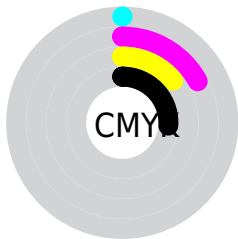
Blue (64%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (64%)

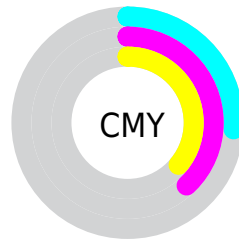


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 12.751, 8.216 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 12.751, 8.216 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 68, 12.751, 8.216  68, 12.751, 8.216

 100, 12.751, 8.216  58, 12.751, 8.216

 88, 12.751, 8.216  48, 12.751, 8.216

 98, 12.751, 8.216  38, 12.751, 8.216

 28, 12.751, 8.216

 18, 12.751, 8.216

 8, 12.751, 8.216

 0, 12.751, 8.216

 68, 12.751, 8.216  68, 12.751, 8.216

 63, 20.869, 9.451  73, 5.036, 7.153

58, 29.321, 10.942

79, 2.243, 186.622

53, 37.955, 12.793

84, 9.096, 185.719

49, 46.542, 15.124

89, 15.547,
185.057

46, 54.782, 18.077

95, 21.629,
184.483

43, 62.373, 21.779

41, 69.109, 26.252

96, 21.144,
198.116

40, 74.942, 31.216

40, 76.719, 32.651

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 12.751, 8.216



75, 11.818, 185.255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 12.751, 8.216



68, 12.751, 58.216



68, 12.751, 188.216



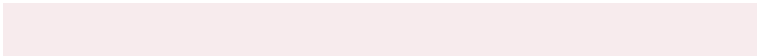
68, 12.751, 238.216

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 12.749, 8.223



94, 4.535, 6.956



68, 20.198, 320.550



50, 3.125, 7.037



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 12.749, 8.223



84, 18.942, 8.625



71, 10.238, 54.359



37, 4.176, 7.416



33, 66.490, 31.882



3, 12.428, 10.485

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 12.749, 8.223



84, 18.942, 8.625



72, 9.382, 237.363



37, 4.176, 7.416



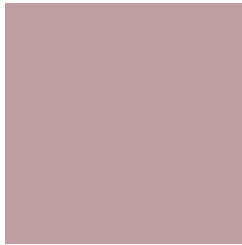
33, 66.490, 31.882



3, 12.428, 10.485

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 12.751, 8.216 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 12.751, 8.216 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

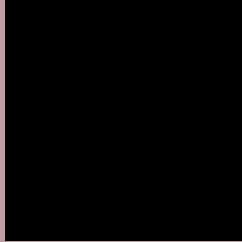
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 12.751, 8.216

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 12.751, 8.216.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 12.751, 8.216.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


68, 12.751, 8.216

Protanopia

68, 1.596, 335.596

Deuteranopia

68, 8.998, 13.202



Tritanopia
68, 14.626, 354.109

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 12.751, 8.216

Protanomaly
68, 5.624, 2.818

Deuteranomaly
68, 10.243, 11.100

Tritanomaly
68, 14.217, 358.121

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 12.751, 8.216

Achromatopsia
69, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 4.727, 6.329

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 12.751, 8.216 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 158, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 158, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 158, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 158, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 12.751, 8.216 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 158, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 158, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 158, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 158, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 158, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 158,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 12.751, 8.216 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 158, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190,  
158, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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