

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 14.737, 176.270)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 14.737, 176.270)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 14.673, 176.072)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	88ADA3
RGB	136, 173, 163
RGB Percent	53%, 68%, 64%
CMY	0.4651, 0.3199, 0.3592
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.06, 0.32
HSL	164°, 18%, 61%
HSV	164°, 21%, 68%
XYZ	31.8883, 37.9720, 40.4902
YIQ	160.7970, -18.8420, -10.9540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

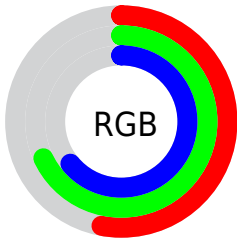
Format	Color
RYB	136, 157, 173
Decimal	8957347
CIELab	68.00, -14.64, 1.01
CIELCh	68, 14.673, 176.072
Yxy	37.9720, 0.2890, 0.3441
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287147427 (0xFF88ADA3)
YUV	160.7970, 1.0861, -21.7470
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -15.4660, 4.1768

Details

The CIELCh color **68, 14.673, 176.072** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **61, 15.704, 0.210**, and the grayscale version is **66, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 14.862, 175.638**, and **48, 15.129, 174.752** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 21.184, 175.013**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 7.892, 177.068**.

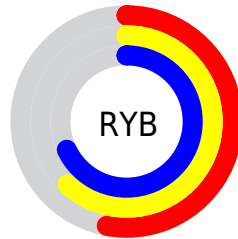
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (68%)

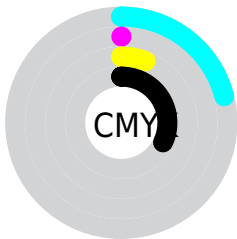
Blue (64%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (68%)

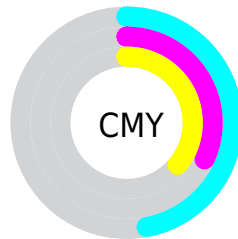


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (47%)


Magenta (32%)

Yellow (36%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 14.673, 176.072 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 14.673, 176.072 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 68, 14.673,
176.072


 68, 14.673,
176.072

 100, 14.673,
176.072


 58, 14.673,
176.072


 88, 14.673,
176.072

 48, 14.673,
176.072

 98, 14.673,
176.072

 38, 14.673,
176.072

 28, 14.673,
176.072

 18, 14.673,
176.072

 8, 14.673, 176.072

 0, 14.673, 176.072

68, 14.673,
176.072

68, 14.673,
176.072

67, 21.184,
175.013

69, 7.892, 177.068

66, 27.311,
173.873

71, 0.939, 178.393

72, 6.099, 358.716

65, 32.939,
172.627

74, 13.152,
359.575

64, 37.962,
171.252

76, 20.164, 0.370

64, 42.298,
169.724

78, 27.095, 1.125

79, 32.924, 1.066

63, 45.902,
168.020

79, 33.635,
357.017

63, 48.788,
166.127

79, 34.521,
353.170

63, 50.873,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 14.673, 176.072



61, 15.704, 0.210

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 14.673, 176.072



68, 14.673, 226.072



68, 14.673, 356.072



68, 14.673, 46.072

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 14.674, 176.068



88, 5.168, 177.600



68, 22.799, 135.290



47, 3.423, 177.534



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 14.674, 176.068



85, 21.867, 175.539



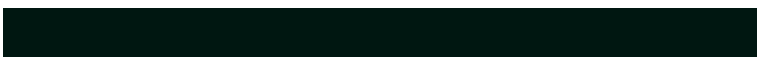
66, 11.064, 222.437



36, 3.945, 177.271



55, 45.645, 164.663



6, 8.835, 172.172

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 15.704, 0.210



74, 23.811, 0.855



62, 12.696, 40.939



34, 4.062, 358.855



31, 59.692, 22.725



2, 8.225, 1.694

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 14.673, 176.072 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

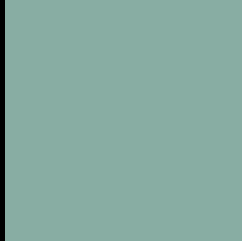
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 14.673, 176.072 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

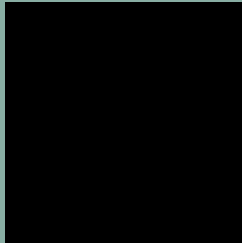
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

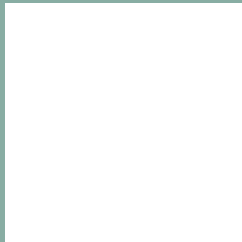
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 14.673, 176.072

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 14.673, 176.072.

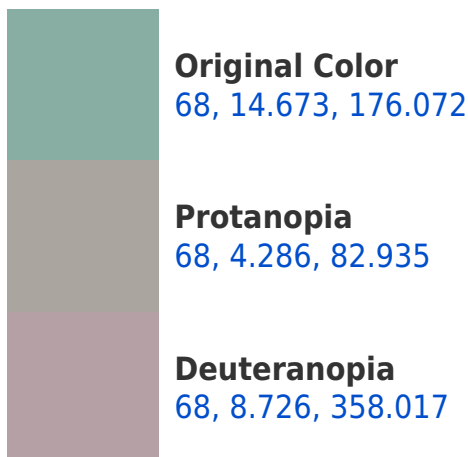


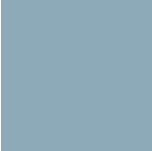
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 14.673, 176.072.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

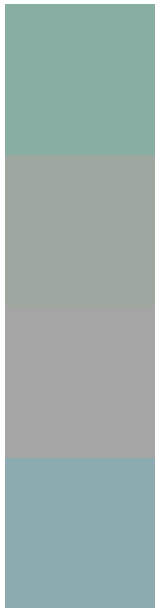
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
68, 12.742, 236.186

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 14.673, 176.072

Protanomaly
68, 5.844, 150.204

Deuteranomaly
68, 0.008, 296.813

Tritanomaly
68, 11.668, 215.093

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 14.673, 176.072

Achromatopsia
66, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 5.725, 176.270

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 14.673, 176.072 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 173, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 173, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 173, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 173, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 14.673, 176.072 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 173, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 173, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 173, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 173, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 173, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 173,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 14.673, 176.072 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 173, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
173, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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