

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 15.152, 331.113)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 15.152, 331.113)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 15.152, 331.113)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B89EB3
RGB	184, 158, 179
RGB Percent	72%, 62%, 70%
CMY	0.2778, 0.3798, 0.2975
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.03, 0.28
HSL	312°, 16%, 67%
HSV	312°, 14%, 72%
XYZ	40.2057, 37.9720, 47.9361
YIQ	168.1680, 8.7550, 12.0430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

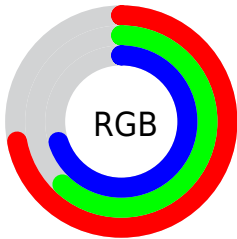
Format	Color
RYB	184, 158, 179
Decimal	12099251
CIELab	68.00, 13.27, -7.32
CIELCh	68, 15.152, 331.113
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3188, 0.3011
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290289331 (0xFFB89EB3)
YUV	168.1680, 5.3402, 13.8847
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, 8.6271, -2.9874

Details

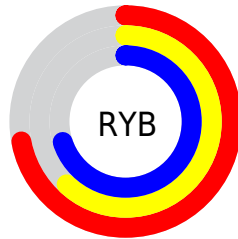
The CIELCh color $68, 15.152, 331.113$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be $72, 15.100, 149.345$, and the grayscale version is $69, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88, 15.023, 330.690$, and $48, 14.742, 331.927$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $63, 25.956, 331.764$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $73, 4.394, 330.447$.

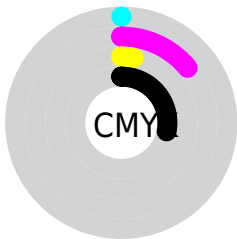
Distribution



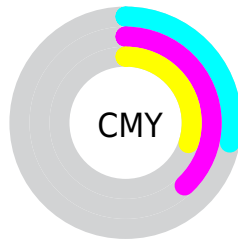
- Red (72%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (28%)





- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (30%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 15.152, 331.113 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 15.152, 331.113 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 68, 15.152,
331.113


 68, 15.152,
331.113


 100, 15.152,
331.113


 58, 15.152,
331.113


 88, 15.152,
331.113

 48, 15.152,
331.113

 98, 15.152,
331.113

 38, 15.152,
331.113

 28, 15.152,
331.113

 18, 15.152,
331.113

 8, 15.152, 331.113

 0, 15.152, 331.113

68, 15.152,
331.113

68, 15.152,
331.113

63, 25.956,
331.764

73, 4.394, 330.447

59, 36.618,
332.430

78, 6.188, 149.964

55, 46.857,
333.114

83, 16.519,
149.366

51, 56.298,
333.819

88, 26.562,
148.818

48, 64.490,
334.551

93, 36.302,
148.301

45, 70.959,
335.324

94, 37.731,
149.439


43, 75.315,
336.163

94, 36.340,
151.259

42, 77.399,

94, 34.978,
153.212

337.102

 94, 33.651,
155.314

 42, 77.940,
337.692

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 15.152, 331.113



72, 15.100, 149.345

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 15.152, 331.113



68, 15.152, 21.113



68, 15.152, 151.113



68, 15.152, 201.113

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 15.150, 331.114



92, 5.284, 330.443



66, 14.553, 298.415



49, 3.755, 330.499



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 15.150, 331.114



85, 22.629, 331.318



68, 10.986, 356.141



36, 6.047, 330.804



35, 68.930, 337.544



3, 15.500, 333.512

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 15.150, 331.114



85, 22.629, 331.318



73, 10.579, 173.550



36, 6.047, 330.804



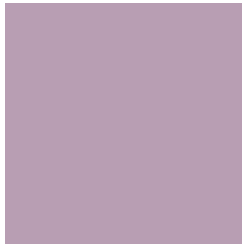
35, 68.930, 337.544



3, 15.500, 333.512

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 15.152, 331.113 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

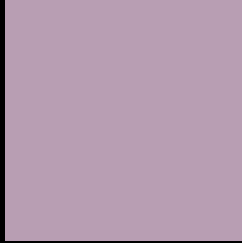
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 15.152, 331.113 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

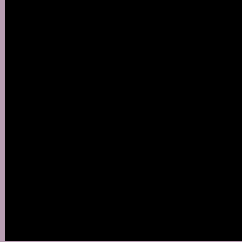
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 15.152, 331.113

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 15.152, 331.113.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 15.152, 331.113.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


68, 15.152, 331.113

Protanopia

68, 9.919, 289.102

Deuteranopia

68, 11.433, 320.232



Tritanopia
68, 11.608, 342.500

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 15.152, 331.113

Protanomaly
68, 10.921, 306.766

Deuteranomaly
68, 12.690, 324.997

Tritanomaly
68, 12.661, 336.566

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 15.152, 331.113

Achromatopsia
69, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 5.826, 330.831

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 15.152, 331.113 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 158, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 158, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 158, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 158, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 15.152, 331.113 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 158, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 158, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 158, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 158, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 158, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 158,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 15.152, 331.113 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 158, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
158, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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