

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 15.208, 180.205)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 15.208, 180.205)
contains.

CIELCh(68, 15.380, 179.267)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(68, 15.380, 179.267)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86AEA5
RGB	134, 174, 165
RGB Percent	53%, 68%, 65%
CMY	0.4751, 0.3183, 0.3536
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.05, 0.32
HSL	166°, 20%, 60%
HSV	166°, 23%, 68%
XYZ	31.6850, 37.9720, 41.1768
YIQ	161.0140, -20.9510, -11.2790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

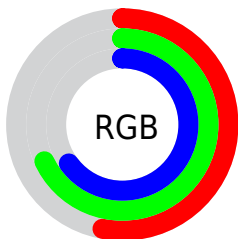
Format	Color
RYB	134, 157, 174
Decimal	8826533
CIELab	68.00, -15.38, 0.20
CIELCh	68, 15.380, 179.267
Yxy	37.9720, 0.2859, 0.3426
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287016613 (0xFF86AEA5)
YUV	161.0140, 1.9651, -23.6913
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -16.0551, 3.5161

Details

The CIELCh color **68, 15.380, 179.267** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **60, 16.753, 3.728**, and the grayscale version is **66, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 15.556, 178.715**, and **48, 15.798, 178.007** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 21.608, 178.235**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 8.831, 180.242**.

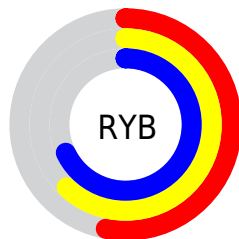
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (68%)

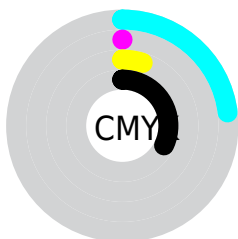
Blue (65%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (68%)

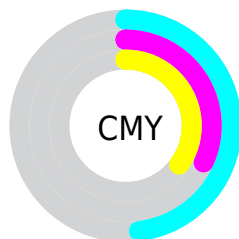


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (48%)


Magenta (32%)


Yellow (35%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 15.380, 179.267 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 15.380, 179.267 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 68, 15.380,
179.267


 68, 15.380,
179.267


 100, 15.380,
179.267


 58, 15.380,
179.267


 88, 15.380,
179.267

 48, 15.380,
179.267

 98, 15.380,
179.267

 38, 15.380,
179.267

 28, 15.380,
179.267

 18, 15.380,
179.267

 8, 15.380, 179.267

 0, 15.380, 179.267

■ 68, 15.380,
179.267

■ 68, 15.380,
179.267

■ 67, 21.608,
178.235

■ 69, 8.831, 180.242

■ 66, 27.401,
177.133

■ 71, 2.062, 181.316

■ 72, 4.837, 1.865

■ 65, 32.648,
175.938

■ 74, 11.790, 2.745

■ 65, 37.250,
174.627

■ 75, 18.738, 3.552

■ 77, 25.635, 4.323

■ 64, 41.134,
173.177

■ 79, 32.257, 4.935

■ 64, 44.270,
171.566

■ 79, 32.695, 1.399

■ 63, 46.686,
169.779

■ 79, 33.265,
357.979

■ 63, 48.103,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 15.380, 179.267



60, 16.753, 3.728

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 15.380, 179.267



68, 15.380, 229.267



68, 15.380, 359.267



68, 15.380, 49.267

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 15.381, 179.263



89, 5.942, 180.822



68, 25.006, 136.703



48, 3.890, 180.763



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 15.381, 179.263



86, 23.000, 178.707



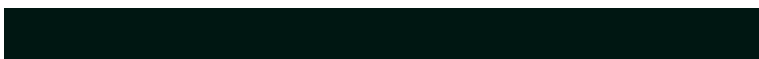
65, 11.733, 229.146



36, 3.852, 180.603



55, 43.108, 168.728



6, 8.567, 175.758

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 16.753, 3.728



73, 25.612, 4.452



62, 13.502, 46.383



34, 3.984, 2.161



31, 61.227, 26.524



2, 8.102, 4.510

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 15.380, 179.267 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

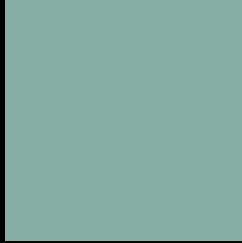
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 15.380, 179.267 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

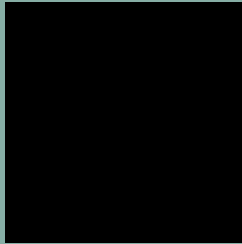
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 15.380, 179.267

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 15.380, 179.267.

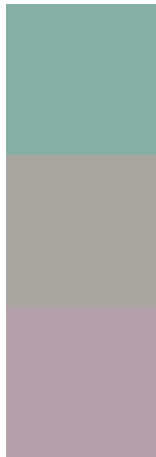


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 15.380, 179.267.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
68, 15.380, 179.267

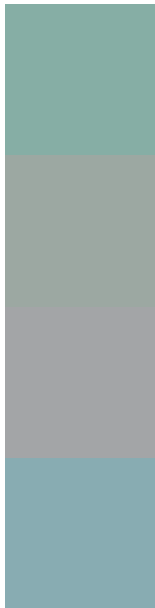
Protanopia
68, 3.131, 80.440

Deuteranopia
68, 8.838, 350.376



Tritanopia
68, 13.516, 233.623

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 15.380, 179.267

Protanomaly
68, 5.636, 163.133

Deuteranomaly
68, 1.330, 255.947

Tritanomaly
68, 12.923, 213.341

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 15.380, 179.267

Achromatopsia
66, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 6.066, 177.567

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 15.380, 179.267 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 174, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 174, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 174, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 174, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 15.380, 179.267 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 174, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 174, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 174, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 174, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 174, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 174,  
165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 15.380, 179.267 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 174, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
174, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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