

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 17.605, 86.004)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 17.605, 86.004) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 17.730, 86.697)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4A486
RGB	180, 164, 134
RGB Percent	71%, 64%, 53%
CMY	0.2941, 0.3569, 0.4745
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.26, 0.29
HSL	39°, 23%, 62%
HSV	39°, 26%, 71%
XYZ	36.3976, 37.9720, 27.9630
YIQ	165.3640, 19.1660, -5.9380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

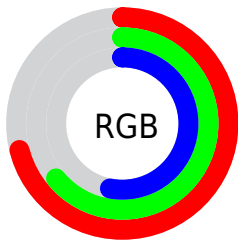
Format	Color
RYB	159, 180, 134
Decimal	11838598
CIELab	68.00, 1.02, 17.70
CIElCh	68, 17.730, 86.697
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3557, 0.3711
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290028678 (0xFFB4A486)
YUV	165.3640, -15.4625, 12.8358
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -2.4039, 16.2300

Details

The CIELCh color **68, 17.730, 86.697** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **62, 17.551, 273.743**, and the grayscale version is **68, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 17.877, 87.349**, and **48, 17.790, 85.639** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 24.930, 85.368**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70, 10.669, 87.996**.

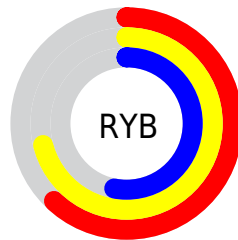
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (64%)

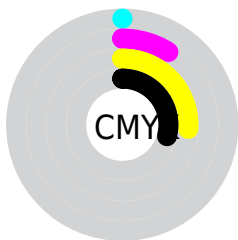
Blue (53%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (53%)

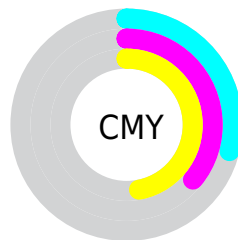


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 17.730, 86.697 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 17.730, 86.697 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68, 17.730, 86.697

■ 68, 17.730, 86.697

■ 100, 17.730,
86.697

■ 58, 17.730, 86.697

■ 88, 17.730, 86.697

■ 48, 17.730, 86.697

■ 98, 17.730, 86.697

■ 38, 17.730, 86.697

■ 28, 17.730, 86.697

■ 18, 17.730, 86.697

■ 8, 17.730, 86.697

■ 0, 17.730, 86.697

■ 68, 17.730, 86.697

■ 68, 17.730, 86.697

■ 66, 24.930, 85.368

■ 70, 10.669, 87.996

64, 32.221, 83.991

72, 3.762, 89.215

62, 39.505, 82.568

74, 2.990, 270.568

60, 46.594, 81.076

76, 9.592, 271.680

59, 53.138, 79.464

79, 16.054,
272.784

57, 58.569, 77.623

81, 22.388,
273.841

55, 62.183, 75.380

83, 26.148,
272.671

55, 63.515, 74.345

85, 23.734,
264.928

86, 21.831,
255.738

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 17.730, 86.697



62, 17.551, 273.743

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 17.730, 86.697



68, 17.730, 136.697



68, 17.730, 266.697



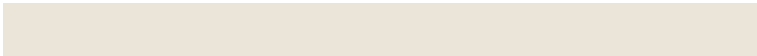
68, 17.730, 316.697

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 17.731, 86.704



91, 6.744, 88.914



61, 20.198, 355.203



48, 4.798, 88.734



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 17.731, 86.704



85, 26.850, 85.911



72, 24.899, 114.170



37, 3.829, 88.772



47, 56.346, 74.758



5, 8.308, 79.974

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 17.551, 273.743



76, 26.515, 274.860



58, 26.368, 298.297



35, 3.823, 271.201



26, 64.267, 295.215



2, 10.013, 275.969

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 17.730, 86.697 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 17.730, 86.697 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

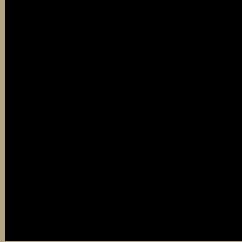
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 17.730, 86.697

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 17.730, 86.697.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 17.730, 86.697.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68, 17.730, 86.697

Protanopia

68, 17.035, 93.165

Deuteranopia

68, 19.141, 63.258



Tritanopia
68, 11.920, 346.978

Trichromacy



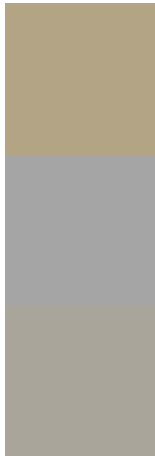
Original Color
68, 17.730, 86.697

Protanomaly
68, 17.151, 91.839

Deuteranomaly
68, 18.215, 70.955

Tritanomaly
68, 8.779, 30.869

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 17.730, 86.697

Achromatopsia
68, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 6.332, 91.588

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 17.730, 86.697 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 164, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 164, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 164, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 164, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 17.730, 86.697 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 164, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 164, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 164, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 164, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 164, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 164,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 17.730, 86.697 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 164, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
164, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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