

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 17.611, 332.490)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(68, 17.611, 332.490)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(68, 17.593, 332.484)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BC9DB5
RGB	188, 157, 181
RGB Percent	74%, 62%, 71%
CMY	0.2641, 0.3856, 0.2915
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.04, 0.26
HSL	314°, 19%, 68%
HSV	314°, 17%, 74%
XYZ	40.9612, 37.9720, 48.7041
YIQ	169.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

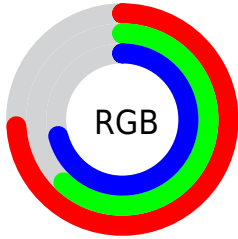
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	188, 157, 181
Decimal	12361141
CIELab	68.00, 15.60, -8.13
CIELCh	68, 17.593, 332.484
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3209, 0.2975
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290551221 (0xFFBC9DB5)
YUV	169.0050, 5.9135, 16.6586
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, 10.8154, -3.7263

# Details

The CIELCh color  $68, 17.593, 332.484$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be  $73, 17.514, 150.321$ , and the grayscale version is  $69, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $88, 17.352, 332.012$ , and  $48, 17.328, 333.376$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $63, 28.305, 333.168$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $73, 6.895, 331.811$ .

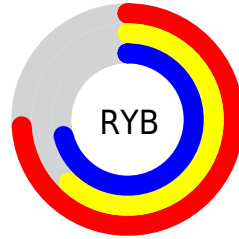
# Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (62%)

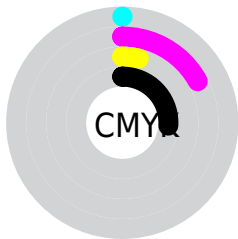
Blue (71%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (71%)

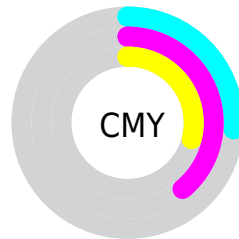


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 17.593, 332.484 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 17.593, 332.484 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 68, 17.593,  
332.484

 68, 17.593,  
332.484

 100, 17.593,  
332.484

 58, 17.593,  
332.484

 88, 17.593,  
332.484

 48, 17.593,  
332.484

 98, 17.593,  
332.484

 38, 17.593,  
332.484

 28, 17.593,  
332.484

 18, 17.593,  
332.484

 8, 17.593, 332.484

 0, 17.593, 332.484

68, 17.593,  
332.484

68, 17.593,  
332.484

63, 28.305,  
333.168

73, 6.895, 331.811

59, 38.824,  
333.876

78, 3.646, 151.318

55, 48.847,  
334.616

83, 13.948,  
150.668

51, 57.975,  
335.395

88, 23.967,  
150.099

48, 65.736,  
336.227

93, 33.684,  
149.565

45, 71.653,  
337.138

95, 34.702,  
151.174

44, 75.368,  
338.165

95, 33.077,  
153.641

43, 76.834,

95, 31.507,  
156.344

339.350

95, 30.000,  
159.312

42, 77.105,  
339.784

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 17.593, 332.484



73, 17.514, 150.321

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 17.593, 332.484



68, 17.593, 22.484



68, 17.593, 152.484



68, 17.593, 202.484

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 17.591, 332.485



93, 6.564, 331.708



66, 17.410, 299.825



49, 4.479, 331.759



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 17.591, 332.485



84, 26.480, 332.743



68, 12.904, 358.731



37, 6.040, 332.005



35, 68.067, 339.599



3, 17.194, 335.613



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 17.591, 332.485



84, 26.480, 332.743



74, 12.276, 175.621



37, 6.040, 332.005



35, 68.067, 339.599

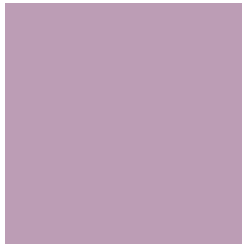


3, 17.194, 335.613



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 17.593, 332.484 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

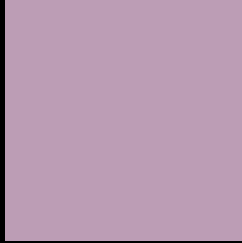
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 17.593, 332.484 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 68, 17.593, 332.484

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 17.593, 332.484.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 17.593, 332.484.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68, 17.593, 332.484

### Protanopia

68, 11.579, 287.810

### Deuteranopia

68, 11.913, 318.937





**Tritanopia**  
68, 12.861, 346.917

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 17.593, 332.484

**Protanomaly**  
68, 12.724, 308.021

**Deuteranomaly**  
68, 14.019, 325.056

**Tritanomaly**  
68, 14.432, 340.466

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 17.593, 332.484

**Achromatopsia**  
69, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
69, 6.072, 333.564

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 17.593, 332.484 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 157, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 157, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 157, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 157, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 17.593, 332.484 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

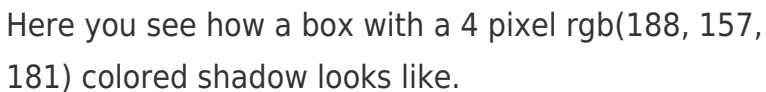
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 157, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 157, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 157, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 157, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 157, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 157,  
181) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 17.593, 332.484 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 157, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
157, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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