

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 19.576, 255.191)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(68, 19.576, 255.191)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(68, 19.479, 254.358)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86AAC7
RGB	134, 170, 199
RGB Percent	53%, 67%, 78%
CMY	0.4743, 0.3331, 0.2194
CMYK	0.33, 0.15, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	207°, 37%, 65%
HSV	207°, 33%, 78%
XYZ	34.5434, 37.9720, 59.5802
YIQ	162.5420, -30.7650, 1.3870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

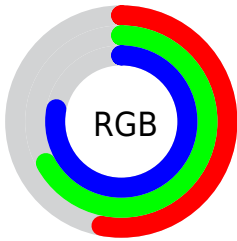
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">134, 157, 199</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8825543</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">68.00, -5.25, -18.76</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">68, 19.479, 254.358</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">37.9720, 0.2615, 0.2875</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287015623 (0xFF86AAC7)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">162.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">61.6215, -7.7751, -14.1910</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color  $68, 19.479, 254.358$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `6699CC`. A complement of this color would be  $70, 22.009, 65.671$ , and the grayscale version is  $67, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $88, 19.162, 254.151$ , and  $48, 19.405, 254.301$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $64, 25.073, 256.573$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $72, 13.685, 252.518$ .

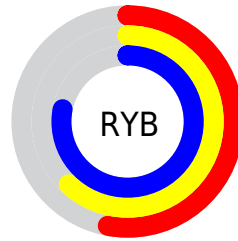
# Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (67%)

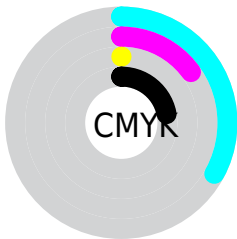
Blue (78%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (78%)

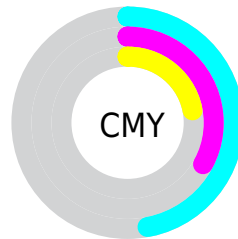


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (33%)


Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 19.479, 254.358 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 19.479, 254.358 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 68, 19.479,  
254.358


 68, 19.479,  
254.358


 100, 19.479,  
254.358


 58, 19.479,  
254.358


 88, 19.479,  
254.358

 48, 19.479,  
254.358

 98, 19.479,  
254.358

 38, 19.479,  
254.358

 28, 19.479,  
254.358

 18, 19.479,  
254.358

 8, 19.479, 254.358

 0, 19.479, 254.358

68, 19.479,  
254.358

68, 19.479,  
254.358

64, 25.073,  
256.573

72, 13.685,  
252.518

61, 30.447,  
259.238

75, 7.727, 251.006

79, 1.639, 249.920

57, 35.601,  
262.412

83, 4.544, 68.504

54, 40.569,  
266.131

87, 10.791, 67.646

51, 45.428,  
270.378

91, 17.076, 66.884

93, 19.149, 81.895

48, 50.294,  
275.048

95, 22.093, 94.677

46, 53.973,  
278.521

98, 25.853,  
103.989

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 19.479, 254.358



70, 22.009, 65.671

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 19.479, 254.358



68, 19.479, 304.358



68, 19.479, 74.358



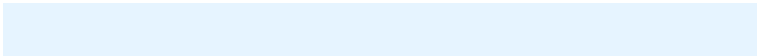
68, 19.479, 124.358

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 19.478, 254.355



95, 7.485, 250.675



75, 30.925, 157.286



50, 5.099, 250.861



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

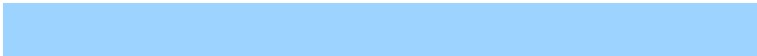


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 19.478, 254.355



82, 28.162, 255.845



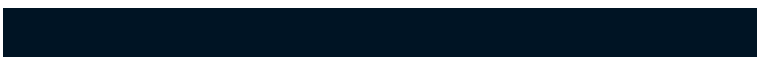
59, 34.347, 291.637



40, 3.472, 250.579



38, 45.969, 277.763



6, 13.165, 265.139





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 31.532, 343.735



76, 45.945, 344.493



78, 32.055, 104.017



39, 5.396, 341.557



35, 61.568, 356.611

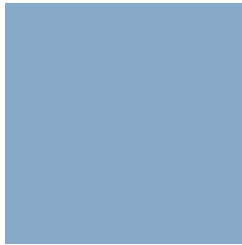


4, 18.436, 349.666



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 19.479, 254.358 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

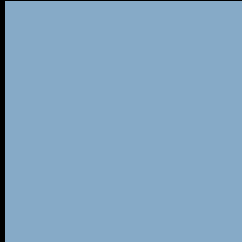
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 19.479, 254.358 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

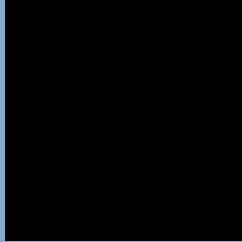
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

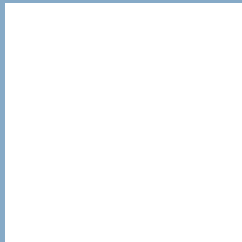
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 68, 19.479, 254.358

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 19.479, 254.358.

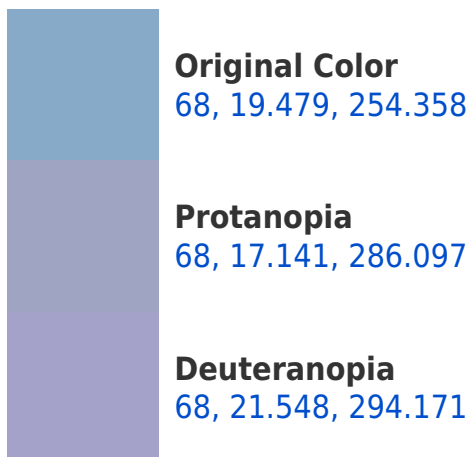


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 19.479, 254.358.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

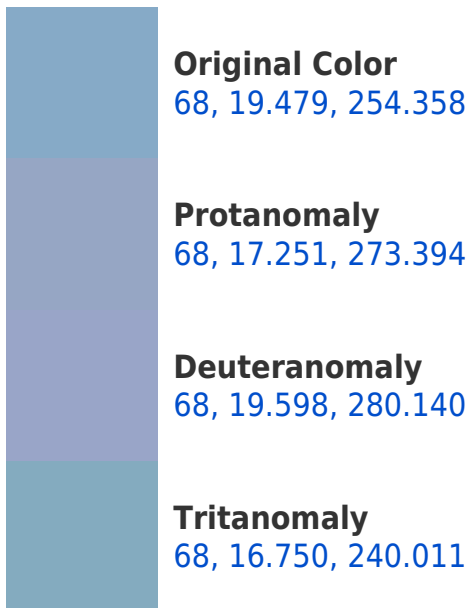




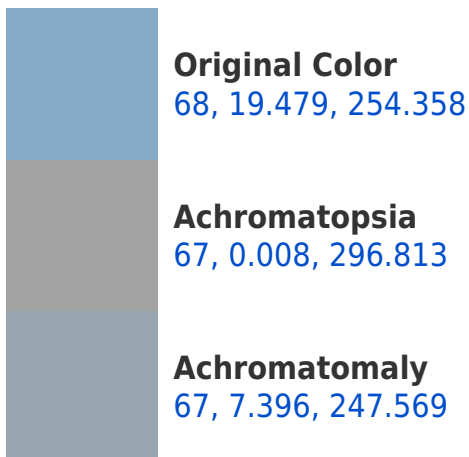
**Tritanopia**  
68, 15.637, 228.178



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 19.479, 254.358 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 170, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 170, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 170, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 170, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 19.479, 254.358 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 170, 199) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 170, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 170, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 170, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 170, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 170,  
199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 19.479, 254.358 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 170, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
170, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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