

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 19.935, 322.396)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 19.935, 322.396)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 19.992, 322.591)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B99DBC
RGB	185, 157, 188
RGB Percent	73%, 62%, 74%
CMY	0.2752, 0.3850, 0.2634
CMYK	0.02, 0.16, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	294°, 19%, 68%
HSV	294°, 16%, 74%
XYZ	41.0514, 37.9720, 52.6433
YIQ	168.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

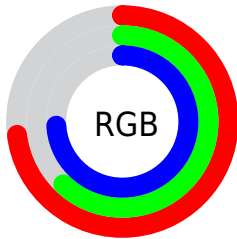
Format	Color
RYB	185, 157, 188
Decimal	12164540
CIELab	68.00, 15.88, -12.15
CIELCh	68, 19.992, 322.591
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3118, 0.2884
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290354620 (0xFFB99DBC)
YUV	168.9060, 9.4133, 14.1144
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, 11.0768, -7.5165

Details

The CIELCh color **68, 19.992, 322.591** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **73, 19.910, 140.919**, and the grayscale version is **69, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 19.635, 322.522**, and **48, 19.876, 322.613** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 32.199, 323.075**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73, 7.825, 322.088**.

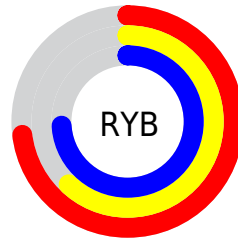
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (62%)

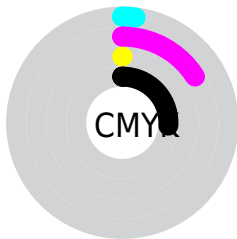
Blue (74%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (74%)

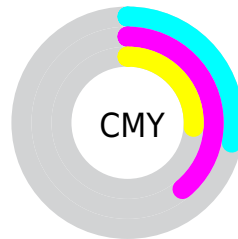


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (28%)


Magenta (39%)


Yellow (26%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 19.992, 322.591 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 19.992, 322.591 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 68, 19.992,
322.591


 68, 19.992,
322.591


 100, 19.992,
322.591


 58, 19.992,
322.591


 88, 19.992,
322.591

 48, 19.992,
322.591

 98, 19.992,
322.591

 38, 19.992,
322.591

 28, 19.992,
322.591

 18, 19.992,
322.591

 8, 19.992, 322.591

 0, 19.992, 322.591

68, 19.992,
322.591

68, 19.992,
322.591

63, 32.199,
323.075

73, 7.825, 322.088

59, 44.241,
323.537

78, 4.159, 141.693

55, 55.816,
323.957

83, 15.876,
141.191

51, 66.525,
324.311

88, 27.281,
140.744

47, 75.888,
324.571

93, 38.350,
140.325

45, 83.410,
324.710

95, 40.537,
139.686

43, 88.695,
324.704

95, 40.188,
138.964

42, 91.650,

95, 39.845,
138.224

324.544

■ 95, 39.508,
137.467

■ 41, 92.429,
324.472

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 19.992, 322.591



73, 19.910, 140.919

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 19.992, 322.591



68, 19.992, 12.591



68, 19.992, 142.591



68, 19.992, 192.591

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 19.990, 322.591



93, 7.457, 322.012



66, 15.465, 287.727



49, 5.088, 322.050



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 19.990, 322.591



84, 30.098, 322.778



68, 15.569, 339.881



37, 6.862, 322.235



35, 81.360, 324.520



3, 20.456, 321.217

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 12.238, 12.824



83, 18.623, 13.242



73, 15.375, 157.346



37, 4.122, 12.105



33, 69.065, 35.457



3, 12.326, 13.843

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 19.992, 322.591 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

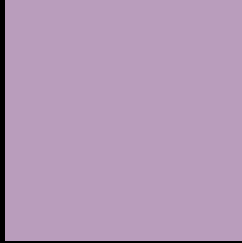
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 19.992, 322.591 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

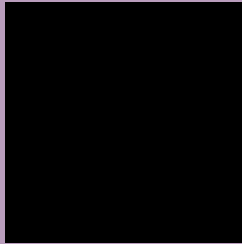
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 19.992, 322.591

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 19.992, 322.591.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 19.992, 322.591.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68, 19.992, 322.591

Protanopia

68, 15.456, 286.535

Deuteranopia

68, 14.311, 306.181



Tritanopia
68, 10.970, 343.497

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 19.992, 322.591

Protanomaly
68, 16.302, 301.861

Deuteranomaly
68, 16.201, 314.058

Tritanomaly
68, 14.081, 332.819

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 19.992, 322.591

Achromatopsia
69, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
69, 7.147, 322.241

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 19.992, 322.591 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 157, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 157, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 157, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 157, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 19.992, 322.591 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

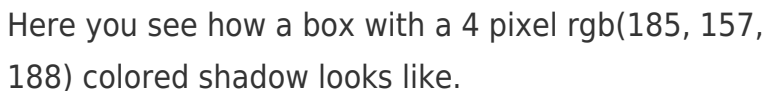
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 157, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 157, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 157, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 157, 188); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 157, 188); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 157, 188) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 19.992, 322.591 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 157, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
157, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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