

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 21.003, 292.126)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(68, 21.003, 292.126)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(68, 20.951, 291.348)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A2A3C9
RGB	162, 163, 201
RGB Percent	64%, 64%, 79%
CMY	0.3656, 0.3617, 0.2127
CMYK	0.19, 0.19, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	238°, 26%, 71%
HSV	238°, 19%, 79%
XYZ	38.4204, 37.9720, 60.4099
YIQ	167.0330, -12.7940, 11.6060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

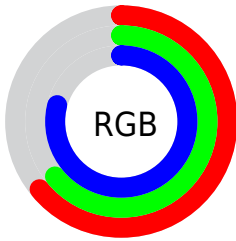
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	162, 163, 201
Decimal	10658761
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	68.00, 7.63, -19.51
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	68, 20.951, 291.348
Yxy	37.9720, 0.2808, 0.2776
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288848841 (0xFFA2A3C9)
YUV	167.0330, 16.7457, -4.4139
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, 3.4555, -14.9893

# Details

The CIELCh color  $68, 20.951, 291.348$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $9999CC$ . A complement of this color would be  $80, 20.082, 107.226$ , and the grayscale version is  $68, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $88, 19.340, 290.772$ , and  $48, 21.251, 292.008$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $61, 32.392, 292.784$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $75, 9.967, 290.127$ .

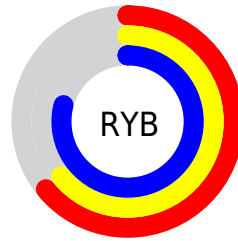
# Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (64%)

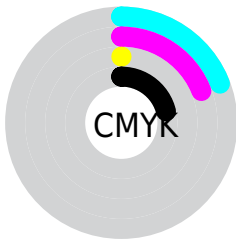
Blue (79%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (79%)

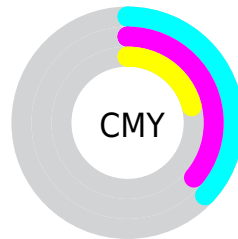


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 20.951, 291.348 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 20.951, 291.348 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 68, 20.951,  
291.348

■ 68, 20.951,  
291.348

■ 100, 20.951,  
291.348

■ 58, 20.951,  
291.348

■ 88, 20.951,  
291.348

■ 48, 20.951,  
291.348

■ 98, 20.951,  
291.348

■ 38, 20.951,  
291.348

■ 28, 20.951,  
291.348

■ 18, 20.951,  
291.348

■ 8, 20.951, 291.348

■ 0, 20.951, 291.348

68, 20.951,  
291.348

68, 20.951,  
291.348

61, 32.392,  
292.784

75, 9.967, 290.127

55, 44.322,  
294.466

81, 0.590, 108.955

48, 56.740,  
296.405

88, 10.754,  
108.191

42, 69.547,  
298.572

94, 20.555,  
107.440

36, 82.408,  
300.868

99, 27.358,  
108.100

31, 94.502,  
303.077

27, 104.339,  
304.880

25, 110.351,

305.963

■ 25, 110.622,  
306.008

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 20.951, 291.348



80, 20.082, 107.226

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 20.951, 291.348



68, 20.951, 341.348



68, 20.951, 111.348



68, 20.951, 161.348

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 20.949, 291.346



95, 7.662, 289.766



78, 13.607, 195.471



50, 5.088, 289.836



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 20.949, 291.346



81, 30.364, 291.880



69, 22.481, 308.833



38, 5.953, 290.122



19, 94.580, 305.927



1, 21.117, 291.097



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 15.330, 18.748



84, 22.363, 19.152



79, 21.852, 126.996



39, 4.278, 17.839



34, 73.610, 38.733



3, 15.894, 18.069



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 20.951, 291.348 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

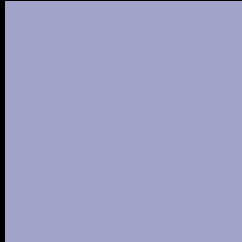
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 20.951, 291.348 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

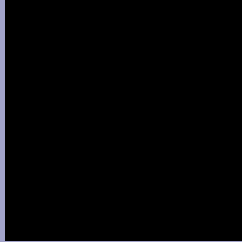
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 68, 20.951, 291.348

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 20.951, 291.348.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 20.951, 291.348.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68, 20.951, 291.348

### Protanopia

68, 21.019, 285.798

### Deuteranopia

68, 21.548, 294.171





**Tritanopia**  
68, 8.178, 270.287

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 20.951, 291.348

**Protanomaly**  
68, 20.969, 287.626

**Deuteranomaly**  
68, 21.535, 293.258

**Tritanomaly**  
68, 12.806, 281.922

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 20.951, 291.348

**Achromatopsia**  
68, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
68, 7.716, 290.970

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 20.951, 291.348 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 163, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 163, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 163, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 163, 201) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 20.951, 291.348 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 163, 201) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 163, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 163, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 163, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 163, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 163,  
201) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 20.951, 291.348 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 163, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
163, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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