

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 22.743, 182.014)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 22.743, 182.014)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 22.754, 181.996)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	72B1A6
RGB	114, 177, 166
RGB Percent	45%, 69%, 65%
CMY	0.5514, 0.3043, 0.3475
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.06, 0.30
HSL	170°, 29%, 57%
HSV	170°, 36%, 70%
XYZ	29.7092, 37.9720, 42.0276
YIQ	156.9090, -34.0170, -16.7770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

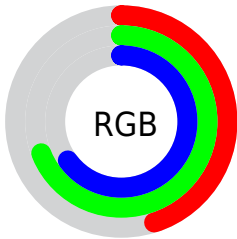
Format	Color
RYB	114, 149, 177
Decimal	7516582
CIELab	68.00, -22.74, -0.79
CIElCh	68, 22.754, 181.996
Yxy	37.9720, 0.2708, 0.3461
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285706662 (0xFF72B1A6)
YUV	156.9090, 4.4819, -37.6312
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -21.7785, 2.6976

Details

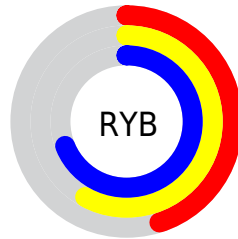
The CIELCh color **68, 22.754, 181.996** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **55, 26.707, 9.287**, and the grayscale version is **65, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 22.864, 181.890**, and **48, 22.668, 181.807** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 28.222, 180.964**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 16.781, 182.965**.

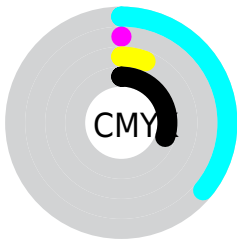
Distribution



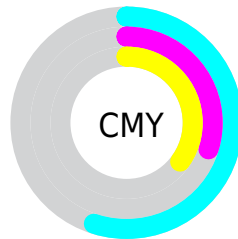
- Red (45%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (35%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 22.754, 181.996 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 22.754, 181.996 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 68, 22.754,
181.996

 68, 22.754,
181.996

 100, 22.754,
181.996

 58, 22.754,
181.996

 88, 22.754,
181.996

 48, 22.754,
181.996

 98, 22.754,
181.996

 38, 22.754,
181.996

 28, 22.754,
181.996

 18, 22.754,
181.996

 8, 22.754, 181.996

 0, 22.754, 181.996

68, 22.754,
181.996

68, 22.754,
181.996

67, 28.222,
180.964

69, 16.781,
182.965

66, 33.073,
179.859

70, 10.412,
183.897

66, 37.220,
178.658

72, 3.757, 184.853

65, 40.602,
177.339

73, 3.089, 5.417

75, 10.042, 6.338

65, 43.209,
175.881

76, 17.036, 7.147

65, 45.096,
174.271

78, 24.019, 7.922

80, 30.455, 8.393

65, 45.832,
173.540

80, 30.695, 5.384

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 22.754, 181.996



55, 26.707, 9.287

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 22.754, 181.996



68, 22.754, 231.996



68, 22.754, 1.996



68, 22.754, 51.996

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 22.755, 181.994



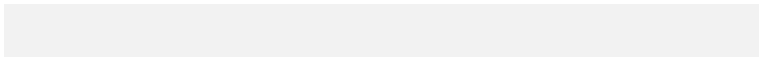
89, 9.163, 184.298



67, 39.776, 137.356



47, 6.138, 184.176



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 22.755, 181.994



85, 33.079, 181.154



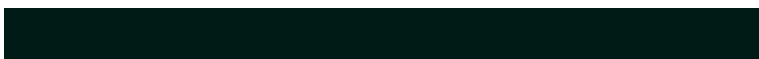
63, 17.794, 237.630



37, 3.856, 184.473



56, 40.992, 173.757



7, 9.781, 179.564

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 26.707, 9.287



66, 40.448, 10.719



60, 21.929, 51.335



35, 4.010, 5.973



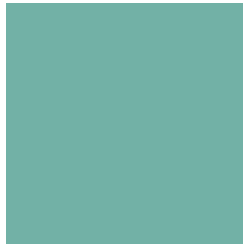
31, 64.029, 30.439



2, 9.354, 8.332

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 22.754, 181.996 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 22.754, 181.996 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

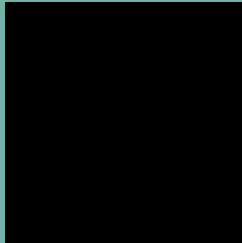
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 22.754, 181.996

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 22.754, 181.996.

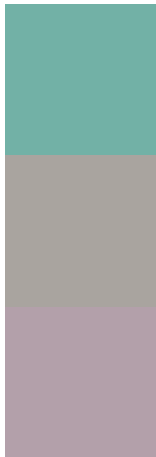


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 22.754, 181.996.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
68, 22.754, 181.996

Protanopia
68, 3.340, 74.618

Deuteranopia
68, 9.108, 343.079



Tritanopia
68, 19.074, 222.152

Trichromacy



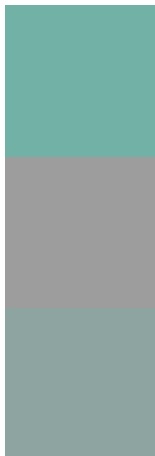
Original Color
68, 22.754, 181.996

Protanomaly
68, 8.460, 171.565

Deuteranomaly
67, 4.027, 223.534

Tritanomaly
68, 19.199, 206.219

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 22.754, 181.996

Achromatopsia
65, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
66, 8.500, 183.538

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 22.754, 181.996 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 177, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 177, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 177, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 177, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 22.754, 181.996 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 177, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 177, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 177, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 177, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 177, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 177,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 22.754, 181.996 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 177, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
177, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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