

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 24.110, 338.692)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(68, 24.110, 338.692)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(68, 24.071, 338.678)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C798B6
RGB	199, 152, 182
RGB Percent	78%, 60%, 71%
CMY	0.2196, 0.4039, 0.2863
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.09, 0.22
HSL	322°, 30%, 69%
HSV	322°, 24%, 78%
XYZ	43.2207, 37.9720, 49.3031
YIQ	169.4730, 18.3820, 19.2940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

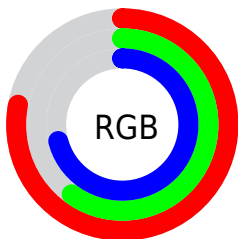
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	199, 152, 182
Decimal	13080758
CIE Lab	68.00, 22.42, -8.75
CIE LCh	68, 24.071, 338.678
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3312, 0.2910
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291270838 (0xFFC798B6)
YUV	169.4730, 6.1758, 25.8952
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, 17.3606, -4.3027

# Details

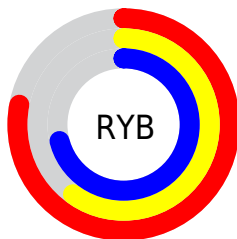
The CIELCh color  $68, 24.071, 338.678$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $76, 23.740, 154.998$ , and the grayscale version is  $69, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $88, 23.539, 337.962$ , and  $48, 23.880, 339.286$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $63, 34.262, 339.555$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $73, 13.801, 337.867$ .

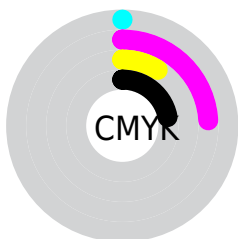
# Distribution



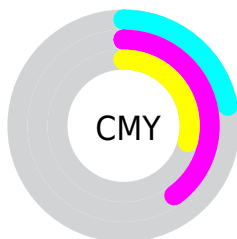
- Red (78%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 24.071, 338.678 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 24.071, 338.678 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 68, 24.071,  
338.678

 68, 24.071,  
338.678

 100, 24.071,  
338.678

 58, 24.071,  
338.678

 88, 24.071,  
338.678

 48, 24.071,  
338.678

 98, 24.071,  
338.678

 38, 24.071,  
338.678

 28, 24.071,  
338.678

 18, 24.071,  
338.678

 8, 24.071, 338.678

 0, 24.071, 338.678

68, 24.071,  
338.678

68, 24.071,  
338.678

63, 34.262,  
339.555

73, 13.801,  
337.867

59, 44.114,  
340.517

78, 3.636, 337.053

84, 6.318, 156.517

54, 53.252,  
341.595

89, 16.000,  
155.838

51, 61.209,  
342.832

95, 25.384,  
155.226

48, 67.476,  
344.292

96, 24.900,  
160.028

46, 71.620,  
346.060


96, 22.603,  
167.106

44, 73.459,  
348.244

96, 20.686,  
175.591

44, 73.797,

349.833

 96, 19.267,  
185.522

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 24.071, 338.678



76, 23.740, 154.998

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 24.071, 338.678



68, 24.071, 28.678



68, 24.071, 158.678



68, 24.071, 208.678

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 24.069, 338.679



95, 8.629, 337.354



66, 26.843, 305.066



50, 5.610, 337.403



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 24.069, 338.679



82, 34.929, 339.090



67, 18.897, 9.513



39, 5.725, 337.535



36, 63.873, 349.411



4, 19.563, 344.402



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 24.069, 338.679



82, 34.929, 339.090



77, 16.911, 185.141



39, 5.725, 337.535



36, 63.873, 349.411

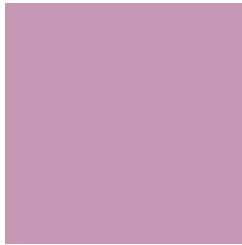


4, 19.563, 344.402



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 24.071, 338.678 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

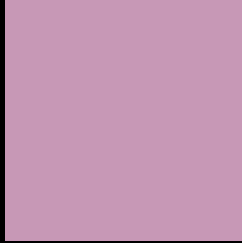
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 24.071, 338.678 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

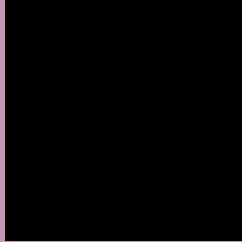
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 68, 24.071, 338.678**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 24.071, 338.678.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 24.071, 338.678.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 24.071, 338.678

**Protanopia**  
68, 13.791, 287.161

**Deuteranopia**  
68, 11.913, 318.937





**Tritanopia**  
68, 17.514, 359.136

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 24.071, 338.678

**Protanomaly**  
68, 15.938, 311.602

**Deuteranomaly**  
68, 15.991, 328.545

**Tritanomaly**  
68, 19.494, 350.995

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 24.071, 338.678

**Achromatopsia**  
69, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
69, 8.846, 337.143

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 24.071, 338.678 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 152, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 152, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 152, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 152, 182) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 24.071, 338.678 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 152, 182) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 152, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 152, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 152, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 152, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 152,  
182) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 24.071, 338.678 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 152, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
152, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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