

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 28.185, 213.411)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 28.185, 213.411)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 28.185, 213.411)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	56B3C1
RGB	86, 179, 193
RGB Percent	34%, 70%, 76%
CMY	0.6636, 0.2988, 0.2439
CMYK	0.56, 0.07, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	188°, 46%, 55%
HSV	188°, 56%, 76%
XYZ	29.5029, 37.9720, 56.1120
YIQ	152.7890, -59.9220, -15.3620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

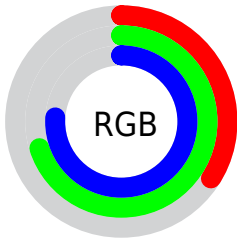
Format	Color
R _Y B	86, 136, 193
Decimal	5682113
CIE Lab	68.00, -23.53, -15.52
CIE LCh	68, 28.185, 213.411
Yxy	37.9720, 0.2387, 0.3072
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283872193 (0xFF56B3C1)
YUV	152.7890, 19.8240, -58.5740
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -22.3759, -10.8540

Details

The CIELCh color **68, 28.185, 213.411** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **53, 43.629, 34.772**, and the grayscale version is **63, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 28.193, 212.886**, and **48, 28.166, 212.777** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 31.166, 214.398**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 24.431, 212.703**.

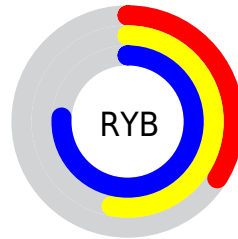
Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (70%)

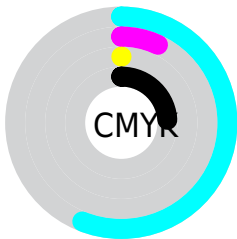
Blue (76%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (76%)

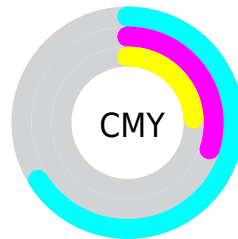


Cyan (56%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (66%)


Magenta (30%)


Yellow (24%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 28.185, 213.411 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 28.185, 213.411 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 68, 28.185,
213.411


 68, 28.185,
213.411


 100, 28.185,
213.411


 58, 28.185,
213.411


 88, 28.185,
213.411

 48, 28.185,
213.411

 98, 28.185,
213.411

 38, 28.185,
213.411

 28, 28.185,
213.411

 18, 28.185,
213.411

 8, 28.185, 213.411

 0, 28.185, 213.411

68, 28.185,
213.411

68, 28.185,
213.411

67, 31.166,
214.398

69, 24.431,
212.703

65, 33.336,
215.723

71, 19.982,
212.230

64, 34.702,
217.439

73, 14.930,
211.949

63, 35.341,
219.588

75, 9.377, 211.831

77, 3.420, 211.912

63, 35.512,
220.636

79, 2.853, 31.638

81, 9.363, 31.913

84, 16.044, 32.135

86, 21.168, 33.185

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 28.185, 213.411



53, 43.629, 34.772

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 28.185, 213.411



68, 28.185, 263.411



68, 28.185, 33.411



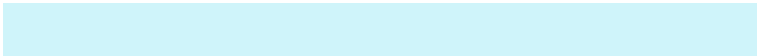
68, 28.185, 83.411

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 28.185, 213.409



94, 12.625, 211.841



70, 63.418, 142.847



50, 8.390, 211.858



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 28.185, 213.409



84, 38.644, 214.702



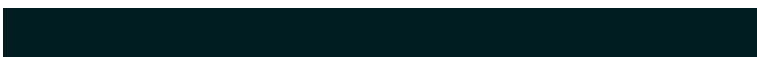
53, 39.191, 277.768



40, 3.502, 211.843



53, 31.045, 220.265



9, 10.847, 214.860

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 62.193, 331.559



63, 88.357, 332.306



65, 40.910, 79.441



38, 6.604, 328.748



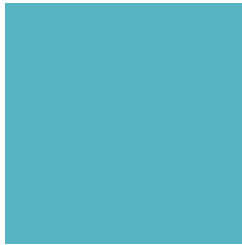
37, 73.919, 334.159



4, 21.414, 331.255

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 28.185, 213.411 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

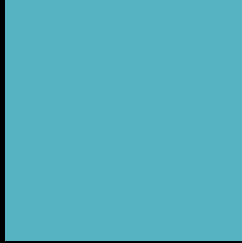
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 28.185, 213.411 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 28.185, 213.411

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 28.185, 213.411.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 28.185, 213.411.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68, 28.185, 213.411

Protanopia

68, 10.493, 287.315

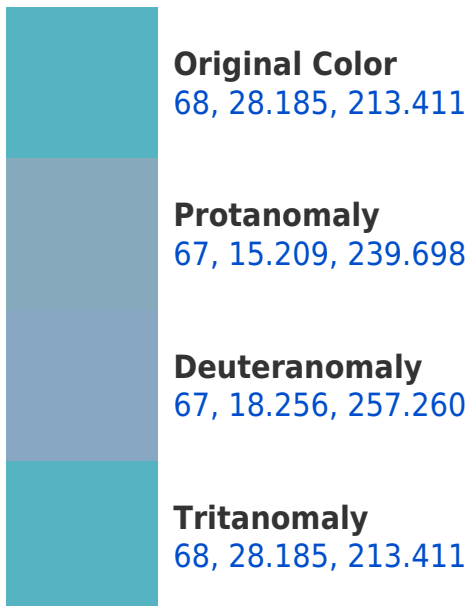
Deuteranopia

68, 19.966, 296.185



Tritanopia
68, 28.185, 213.411

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 28.185, 213.411 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 179, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 179, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 179, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 179, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 28.185, 213.411 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 179, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 179, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 179, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 179, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 179, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 179,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 28.185, 213.411 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 179, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 179,  
193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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