

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 29.474, 133.964)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 29.474, 133.964)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 29.261, 134.073)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8EAF7F
RGB	142, 175, 127
RGB Percent	56%, 69%, 50%
CMY	0.4429, 0.3135, 0.5017
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.27, 0.31
HSL	101°, 23%, 59%
HSV	101°, 27%, 69%
XYZ	30.3405, 37.9720, 25.8276
YIQ	159.6610, -4.2600, -21.9240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

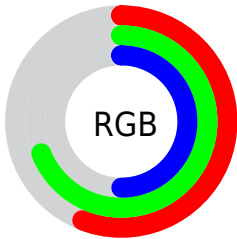
Format	Color
RYB	127, 175, 160
Decimal	9351039
CIELab	68.00, -20.35, 21.02
CIELCh	68, 29.261, 134.073
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3223, 0.4034
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287541119 (0xFF8EAF7F)
YUV	159.6610, -16.1019, -15.4887
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -19.9495, 18.2846

Details

The CIELCh color **68, 29.261, 134.073** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **58, 29.892, 316.493**, and the grayscale version is **66, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 29.511, 134.289**, and **48, 28.737, 134.190** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 39.807, 133.539**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 18.582, 134.579**.

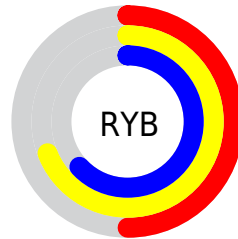
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (69%)

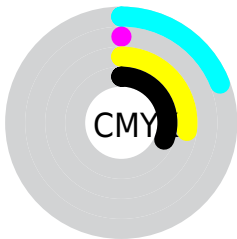
Blue (50%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (63%)

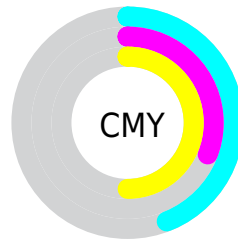


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (44%)


Magenta (31%)


Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 29.261, 134.073 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 29.261, 134.073 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 68, 29.261,
134.073


 68, 29.261,
134.073


 100, 29.261,
134.073


 58, 29.261,
134.073


 88, 29.261,
134.073

 48, 29.261,
134.073

 98, 29.261,
134.073

 38, 29.261,
134.073

 28, 29.261,
134.073

 18, 29.261,
134.073

 8, 29.261, 134.073

 0, 29.261, 134.073

68, 29.261,
134.073

68, 29.261,
134.073

67, 39.807,
133.539

69, 18.582,
134.579

66, 50.046,
132.998

70, 7.886, 135.049

65, 59.742,
132.498

72, 2.736, 315.380

64, 68.573,
132.115

73, 13.222,
315.789

64, 76.126,
131.955

75, 23.530,
316.111

63, 81.955,
132.145

77, 33.632,
316.388

63, 85.854,
132.728

78, 43.509,
316.628

63, 86.721,

80, 47.542,
319.954

132.865

 81, 49.273,
324.480

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 29.261, 134.073



58, 29.892, 316.493

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 29.261, 134.073



68, 29.261, 184.073



68, 29.261, 314.073



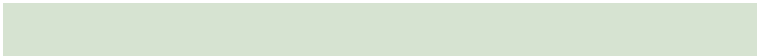
68, 29.261, 4.073

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 29.263, 134.074



89, 10.502, 135.016



66, 19.149, 88.994



47, 7.529, 134.948



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 29.263, 134.074



85, 43.428, 133.747



67, 28.387, 147.965



36, 5.975, 134.963



55, 77.416, 132.704



6, 12.817, 137.146

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 29.892, 316.493



70, 44.573, 316.757



59, 28.491, 331.650



34, 6.024, 315.703



27, 80.895, 317.128



2, 12.321, 312.349

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 29.261, 134.073 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 29.261, 134.073 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

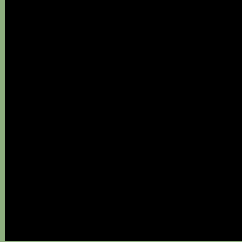
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 29.261, 134.073

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 29.261, 134.073.

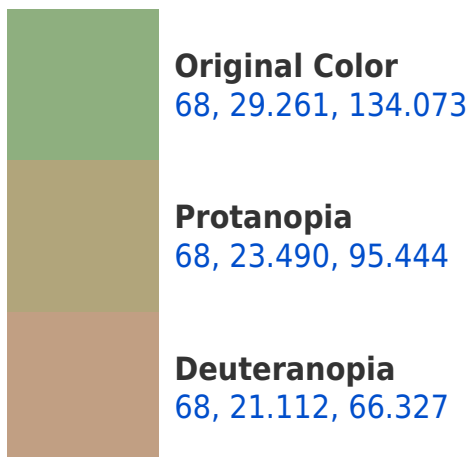


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 29.261, 134.073.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
68, 9.253, 250.007

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 29.261, 134.073

Protanomaly
68, 24.554, 112.445

Deuteranomaly
68, 19.505, 97.220

Tritanomaly
68, 10.278, 166.179

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 29.261, 134.073

Achromatopsia
66, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
66, 10.501, 135.497

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 29.261, 134.073 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 175, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 175, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 175, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 175, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 29.261, 134.073 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 175, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 175, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 175, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 175, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 175, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 175,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 29.261, 134.073 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 175, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
175, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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