

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 31.719, 117.377)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 31.719, 117.377)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 31.845, 117.461)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9EAC72
RGB	158, 172, 114
RGB Percent	62%, 67%, 45%
CMY	0.3805, 0.3256, 0.5531
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.34, 0.33
HSL	74°, 26%, 56%
HSV	74°, 34%, 67%
XYZ	31.8755, 37.9720, 21.5595
YIQ	161.2020, 10.2740, -21.0060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

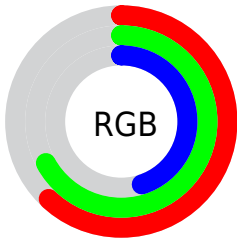
Format	Color
RYB	114, 172, 128
Decimal	10398834
CIELab	68.00, -14.69, 28.26
CIELCh	68, 31.845, 117.461
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3487, 0.4154
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288588914 (0xFF9EAC72)
YUV	161.2020, -23.2706, -2.8082
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -15.5032, 22.3912

Details

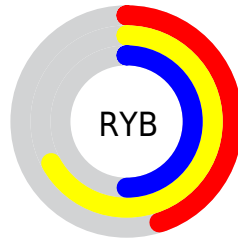
The CIELCh color **68, 31.845, 117.461** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **51, 34.246, 302.180**, and the grayscale version is **66, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 31.877, 117.371**, and **48, 31.979, 117.389** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 40.895, 116.867**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 22.534, 118.094**.

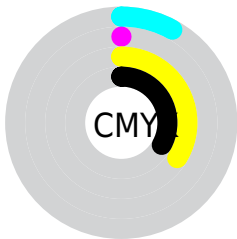
Distribution



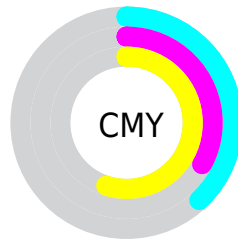
- Red (62%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (33%)





- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (55%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 31.845, 117.461 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 31.845, 117.461 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 68, 31.845,
117.461


 68, 31.845,
117.461


 100, 31.845,
117.461


 58, 31.845,
117.461


 88, 31.845,
117.461

 48, 31.845,
117.461

 98, 31.845,
117.461

 38, 31.845,
117.461

 28, 31.845,
117.461

 18, 31.845,
117.461

 8, 31.845, 117.461

 0, 31.845, 117.461

■ 68, 31.845,
117.461

■ 68, 31.845,
117.461

■ 67, 40.895,
116.867

■ 69, 22.534,
118.094

■ 67, 49.504,
116.343

■ 69, 13.074,
118.731

■ 66, 57.413,
115.951

■ 70, 3.547, 119.361

■ 66, 64.268,
115.768

■ 71, 5.992, 299.954

■ 66, 69.643,
115.891

■ 72, 15.507,
300.532

■ 65, 73.189,
116.409

■ 73, 24.968,
301.075

■ 65, 74.783,
116.862

■ 74, 34.355,
301.583

■ 75, 43.652,
302.056

■ 75, 45.649,
303.466

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 31.845, 117.461



51, 34.246, 302.180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 31.845, 117.461



68, 31.845, 167.461



68, 31.845, 297.461



68, 31.845, 347.461

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 31.846, 117.463



88, 11.831, 118.955



57, 20.778, 42.614



47, 8.060, 118.870



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 31.846, 117.463



86, 46.606, 117.041



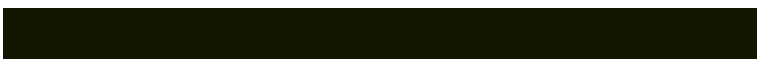
66, 35.913, 135.118



36, 5.431, 119.010



58, 67.731, 116.727



7, 11.654, 122.651

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 34.246, 302.180



61, 51.040, 302.863



54, 36.688, 318.207



34, 5.537, 300.185



18, 88.261, 307.772



1, 11.471, 297.874

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 31.845, 117.461 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

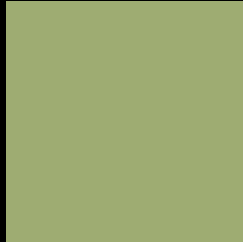
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 31.845, 117.461 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

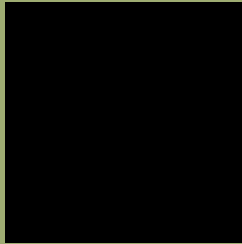
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 31.845, 117.461

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 31.845, 117.461.

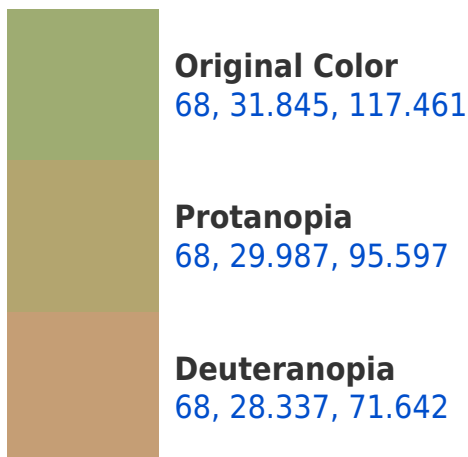



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 31.845, 117.461.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
68, 7.221, 296.763

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 31.845, 117.461

Protanomaly
68, 30.348, 104.622

Deuteranomaly
68, 27.111, 89.190

Tritanomaly
68, 7.310, 121.668

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 31.845, 117.461

Achromatopsia
66, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 11.717, 118.664

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 31.845, 117.461 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 172, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 172, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 172, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 172, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 31.845, 117.461 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 172, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 172, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 172, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 172, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 172, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 172,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 31.845, 117.461 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 172, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
172, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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