

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 32.393, 330.225)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 32.393, 330.225)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 32.597, 330.327)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CB94C3
RGB	203, 148, 195
RGB Percent	80%, 58%, 76%
CMY	0.2027, 0.4184, 0.2340
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.04, 0.20
HSL	309°, 35%, 69%
HSV	309°, 27%, 80%
XYZ	45.2407, 37.9720, 56.7626
YIQ	169.8030, 17.6930, 26.2770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

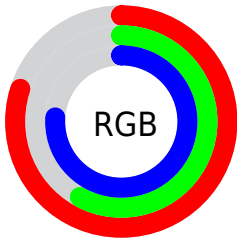
Format	Color
R _Y B	203, 148, 195
Decimal	13341891
CIE Lab	68.00, 28.32, -16.14
CIE LCh	68, 32.597, 330.327
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3232, 0.2713
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291531971 (0xFFCB94C3)
YUV	169.8030, 12.4221, 29.1138
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, 23.2119, -11.4799

Details

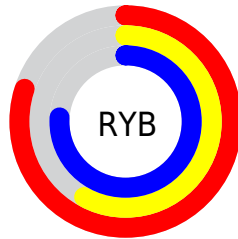
The CIELCh color $68, 32.597, 330.327$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be $77, 32.517, 146.757$, and the grayscale version is $70, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $87, 31.363, 327.180$, and $48, 32.140, 330.457$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $63, 44.402, 330.955$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $73, 20.527, 329.705$.

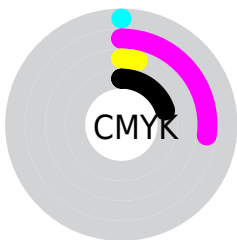
Distribution



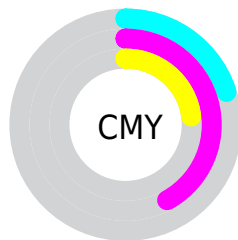
- Red (80%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (20%)





- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (23%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 32.597, 330.327 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 32.597, 330.327 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 68, 32.597,
330.327


 68, 32.597,
330.327


 100, 32.597,
330.327


 58, 32.597,
330.327


 88, 32.597,
330.327

 48, 32.597,
330.327

 98, 32.597,
330.327

 38, 32.597,
330.327

 28, 32.597,
330.327

 18, 32.597,
330.327

 8, 32.597, 330.327

 0, 32.597, 330.327

68, 32.597,
330.327

68, 32.597,
330.327

63, 44.402,
330.955

73, 20.527,
329.705

59, 55.602,
331.586

78, 8.448, 329.080

55, 65.748,
332.216

83, 3.478, 148.615

52, 74.325,
332.846

89, 15.148,
147.985

50, 80.834,
333.485

94, 26.505,
147.437

48, 84.926,
334.147

96, 28.363,
148.709


47, 86.608,
334.857

96, 27.192,
150.706

47, 86.890,

96, 26.052,
152.872

335.071

 96, 24.945,
155.225

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 32.597, 330.327



77, 32.517, 146.757

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 32.597, 330.327



68, 32.597, 20.327



68, 32.597, 150.327



68, 32.597, 200.327

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 32.595, 330.327



95, 11.516, 329.147



64, 30.907, 297.913



50, 8.192, 329.243



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 32.595, 330.327



81, 46.237, 330.664



67, 23.853, 354.307



40, 6.818, 329.229



38, 74.771, 334.956



5, 25.795, 332.888

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 32.595, 330.327



81, 46.237, 330.664



78, 22.436, 168.895



40, 6.818, 329.229



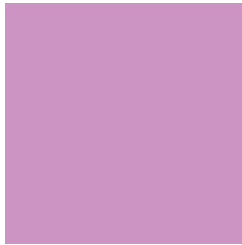
38, 74.771, 334.956



5, 25.795, 332.888

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 32.597, 330.327 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

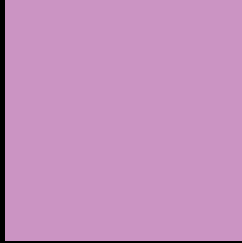
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 32.597, 330.327 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

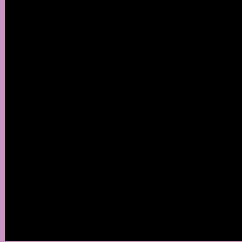
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 32.597, 330.327

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 32.597, 330.327.

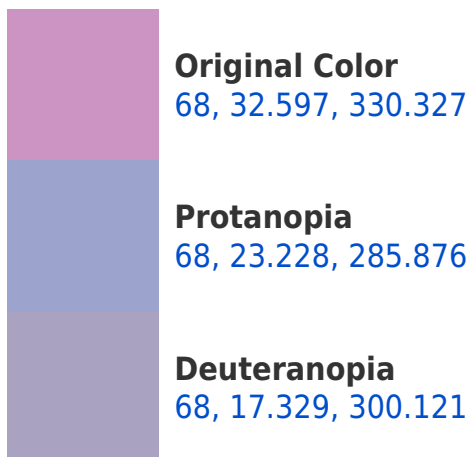



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 32.597, 330.327.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
68, 18.636, 0.659

Trichromacy



Original Color
68, 32.597, 330.327

Protanomaly
68, 24.958, 304.628

Deuteranomaly
68, 22.257, 314.884

Tritanomaly
68, 23.030, 345.259

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 32.597, 330.327

Achromatopsia
70, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
69, 12.011, 329.470

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 32.597, 330.327 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 148, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 148, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 148, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 148, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 32.597, 330.327 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 148, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 148, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 148, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 148, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 148, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 148,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 32.597, 330.327 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 148, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
148, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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