

Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 37.003, 186.806)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(68, 37.003, 186.806)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(68, 37.212, 186.151)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	38B8AC
RGB	56, 184, 172
RGB Percent	22%, 72%, 67%
CMY	0.7818, 0.2794, 0.3265
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.07, 0.28
HSL	174°, 54%, 47%
HSV	174°, 70%, 72%
XYZ	26.1194, 37.9720, 44.8548
YIQ	144.3600, -72.4360, -30.8680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

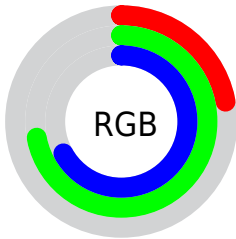
Format	Color
RYB	56, 123, 184
Decimal	3717292
CIELab	68.00, -37.00, -3.99
CIELCh	68, 37.212, 186.151
Yxy	37.9720, 0.2397, 0.3485
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281907372 (0xFF38B8AC)
YUV	144.3600, 13.6265, -77.4917
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -32.1769, -0.0227

Details

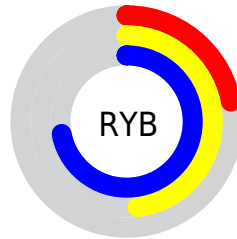
The CIELCh color **68, 37.212, 186.151** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **43, 56.762, 23.694**, and the grayscale version is **60, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 37.540, 185.655**, and **49, 32.488, 185.594** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 39.786, 185.217**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 33.810, 187.023**.

Distribution



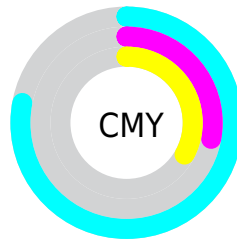
- Red (22%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (28%)





- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (33%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 37.212, 186.151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 37.212, 186.151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 68, 37.212,
186.151


 68, 37.212,
186.151


 100, 37.212,
186.151


 58, 37.212,
186.151


 88, 37.212,
186.151

 48, 37.212,
186.151

 98, 37.212,
186.151

 38, 37.212,
186.151

 28, 37.212,
186.151

 18, 37.212,
186.151

 8, 37.212, 186.151

 0, 37.212, 186.151

■ 68, 37.212,
186.151

■ 68, 37.212,
186.151

■ 68, 39.786,
185.217

■ 69, 33.810,
187.023

■ 67, 41.556,
184.206

■ 69, 29.611,
187.854

■ 67, 42.698,
183.126

■ 70, 24.686,
188.656

■ 67, 42.729,
183.095

■ 71, 19.132,
189.441

■ 72, 13.059,
190.218

■ 73, 6.579, 191.013

■ 75, 0.201, 9.174

■ 76, 7.187, 12.360

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 37.212, 186.151



43, 56.762, 23.694

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 37.212, 186.151



68, 37.212, 236.151



68, 37.212, 6.151



68, 37.212, 56.151

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 37.212, 186.150



91, 17.193, 190.091



66, 77.379, 136.662



48, 11.544, 189.878



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 37.212, 186.150



86, 49.909, 184.651



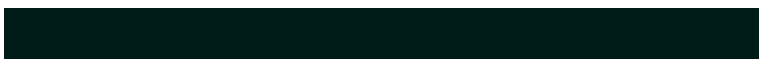
53, 34.437, 258.676



38, 3.838, 191.045



58, 37.733, 183.249



8, 10.881, 187.329

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 56.762, 23.694



52, 83.958, 29.966



53, 48.732, 57.390



36, 4.027, 12.355



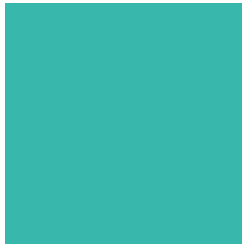
32, 68.326, 35.559



2, 10.705, 13.727

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 37.212, 186.151 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 37.212, 186.151 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

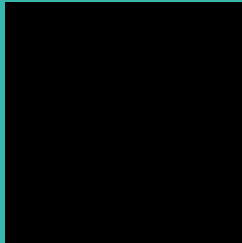
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

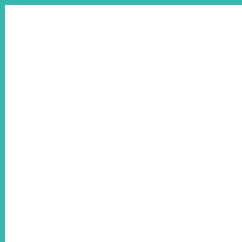
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 68, 37.212, 186.151

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 37.212, 186.151.

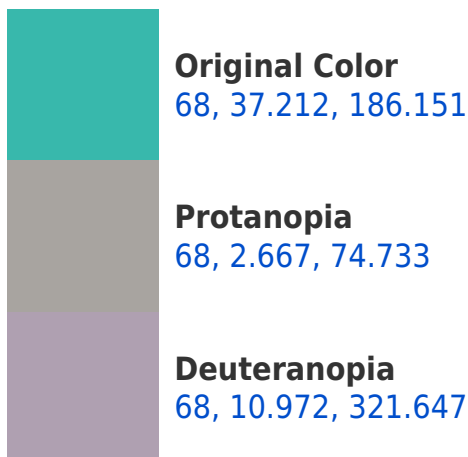


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 37.212, 186.151.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
68, 31.616, 212.449

Trichromacy



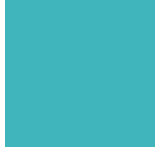
Original Color
68, 37.212, 186.151



Protanomaly
67, 16.285, 184.224



Deuteranomaly
67, 13.260, 212.966



Tritanomaly
68, 32.700, 202.768

Monochromacy



Original Color
68, 37.212, 186.151



Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
62, 16.580, 190.101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 37.212, 186.151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 184, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 184, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 184, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 184, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 37.212, 186.151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 184, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 184, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 184, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 184, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 184, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 184,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 37.212, 186.151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 184, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 184,  
172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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