

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 4.305, 72.622)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(68, 4.305, 72.622) contains.

<b>CIELCh(68, 4.473, 78.467)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(68, 4.473, 78.467)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABA59E
RGB	171, 165, 158
RGB Percent	67%, 65%, 62%
CMY	0.3299, 0.3534, 0.3809
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.08, 0.33
HSL	32°, 7%, 64%
HSV	32°, 8%, 67%
XYZ	36.3594, 37.9720, 37.7040
YIQ	165.9960, 5.8230, -0.9050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

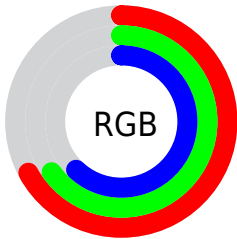
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	169, 171, 158
Decimal	11249054
CIELab	68.00, 0.89, 4.38
CIELCh	68, 4.473, 78.467
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3245, 0.3389
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289439134 (0xFFABA59E)
YUV	165.9960, -3.9420, 4.3885
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, -2.5147, 6.8575

# Details

The CIELCh color **68, 4.473, 78.467** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **67, 4.422, 260.538**, and the grayscale version is **68, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 4.231, 78.663**, and **48, 4.312, 74.193** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 10.568, 77.274**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71, 1.391, 259.998**.

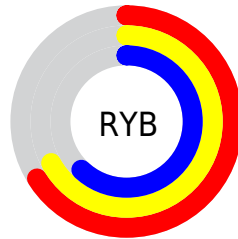
# Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (65%)

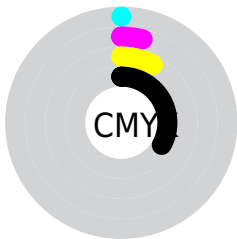
Blue (62%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (62%)

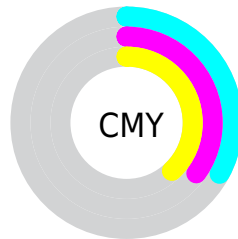


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 4.473, 78.467 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 4.473, 78.467 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 68, 4.473, 78.467       68, 4.473, 78.467

 100, 4.473, 78.467       58, 4.473, 78.467

 88, 4.473, 78.467       48, 4.473, 78.467

 98, 4.473, 78.467       38, 4.473, 78.467

 28, 4.473, 78.467

 18, 4.473, 78.467

 8, 4.473, 78.467

 0, 4.473, 78.467

 68, 4.473, 78.467       68, 4.473, 78.467

 65, 10.568, 77.274       71, 1.391, 259.998

63, 16.907, 76.001

73, 7.045, 261.011

61, 23.494, 74.699

76, 12.510,  
262.136

58, 30.309, 73.372

78, 17.805,  
263.226

56, 37.288, 72.008

54, 44.277, 70.575

81, 22.948,  
264.273

52, 50.966, 68.987

83, 25.548,  
261.823

50, 56.791, 67.071

48, 61.152, 64.640

86, 23.445,  
250.671

88, 22.340,  
238.052

90, 22.348,  
224.953

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 4.473, 78.467



67, 4.422, 260.538

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 4.473, 78.467



68, 4.473, 128.467



68, 4.473, 258.467



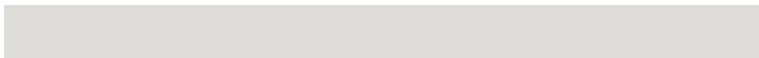
68, 4.473, 308.467

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 4.474, 78.492



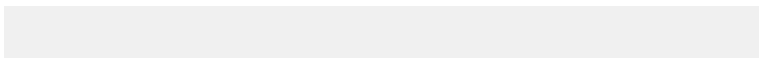
88, 1.433, 78.991



66, 6.016, 346.064



47, 0.821, 78.989



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 4.474, 78.492



86, 6.568, 78.310



70, 7.095, 110.806



35, 3.382, 78.292



42, 56.561, 64.514



4, 6.607, 69.237



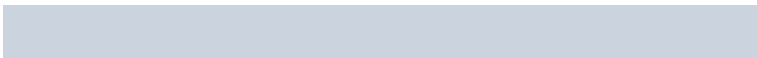


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 4.422, 260.538



84, 6.468, 260.742



65, 7.226, 292.212



35, 3.330, 260.762



31, 51.719, 286.892

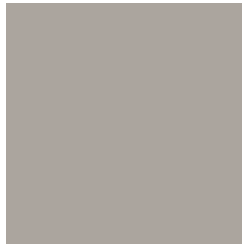


3, 7.625, 267.522



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 4.473, 78.467 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

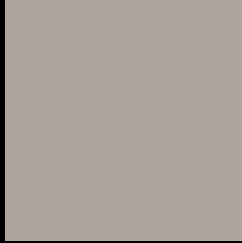
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 68, 4.473, 78.467 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

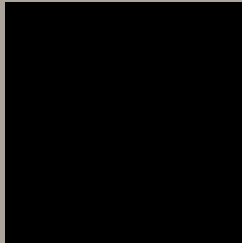
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

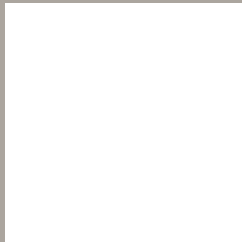
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 68, 4.473, 78.467**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 4.473, 78.467.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 4.473, 78.467.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


68, 4.473, 78.467

### Protanopia

68, 4.286, 82.935

### Deuteranopia

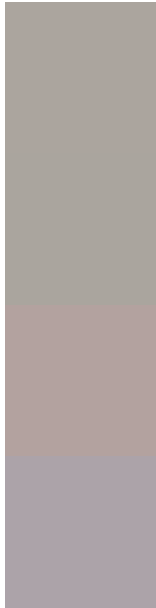
68, 9.407, 23.533



**Tritanopia**  
68, 8.305, 320.485



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 4.473, 78.467

**Protanomaly**  
68, 4.286, 82.935

**Deuteranomaly**  
68, 6.821, 33.834

**Tritanomaly**  
68, 4.773, 335.960

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 4.473, 78.467

**Achromatopsia**  
68, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
68, 1.802, 84.913

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 68, 4.473, 78.467 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 165, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 165, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 165, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 165, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 4.473, 78.467 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 165, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 165, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 165, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 165, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 165, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 165,  
158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 4.473, 78.467 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 165, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
165, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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