

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(68, 40.299, 318.868)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(68, 40.299, 318.868)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(68, 40.262, 318.863)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C694D6
RGB	198, 148, 214
RGB Percent	78%, 58%, 84%
CMY	0.2241, 0.4201, 0.1613
CMYK	0.07, 0.31, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	285°, 45%, 71%
HSV	285°, 31%, 84%
XYZ	45.9397, 37.9720, 68.4308
YIQ	170.4740, 8.6140, 31.1260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

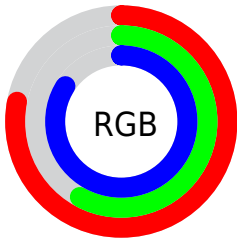
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	198, 148, 214
Decimal	13014230
CIE Lab	68.00, 30.32, -26.49
CIE LCh	68, 40.262, 318.863
Yxy	37.9720, 0.3016, 0.2493
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291204310 (0xFFC694D6)
YUV	170.4740, 21.4583, 24.1403
Hunter-Lab	61.6215, 25.2369, -22.7067

# Details

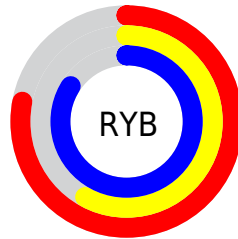
The CIELCh color **68, 40.262, 318.863** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **81, 39.555, 135.965**, and the grayscale version is **70, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 32.611, 325.559**, and **48, 39.875, 318.682** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 53.308, 319.276**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74, 27.078, 318.424**.

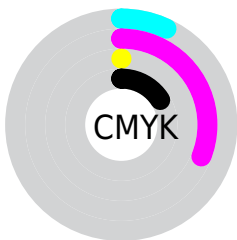
# Distribution



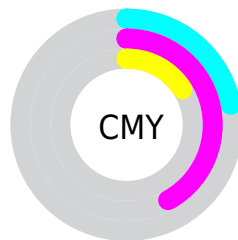
- Red (78%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (16%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 68, 40.262, 318.863 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 68, 40.262, 318.863 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 68, 40.262,  
318.863

 68, 40.262,  
318.863

 100, 40.262,  
318.863


 58, 40.262,  
318.863


 88, 40.262,  
318.863

 48, 40.262,  
318.863

 98, 40.262,  
318.863

 38, 40.262,  
318.863

 28, 40.262,  
318.863

 18, 40.262,  
318.863

 8, 40.262, 318.863

 0, 40.262, 318.863

68, 40.262,  
318.863

68, 40.262,  
318.863

63, 53.308,  
319.276

74, 27.078,  
318.424

58, 65.894,  
319.636

79, 13.979,  
317.978

53, 77.558,  
319.904

85, 1.099, 317.376

49, 87.714,  
320.031

91, 11.484,  
137.174

46, 95.726,  
319.964

97, 23.730,  
136.781

44, 101.079,  
319.651

97, 22.994,  
132.864

42, 103.848,  
319.165

98, 22.254,  
128.577

98, 21.647,  
123.969

■ 98, 21.192,  
119.080

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68, 40.262, 318.863



81, 39.555, 135.965

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68, 40.262, 318.863



68, 40.262, 8.863



68, 40.262, 138.863



68, 40.262, 188.863

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68, 40.260, 318.863



94, 13.346, 317.898



68, 27.609, 281.791



49, 9.286, 317.965



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68, 40.260, 318.863



76, 55.722, 319.137



69, 35.997, 334.444



42, 7.308, 317.913



33, 87.794, 319.291



4, 31.153, 319.045



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 27.160, 3.560



76, 37.944, 4.580



80, 35.742, 149.904



42, 4.780, 0.904



36, 66.848, 25.743

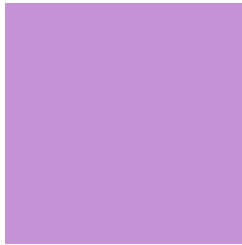


5, 22.129, 8.997



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 40.262, 318.863 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

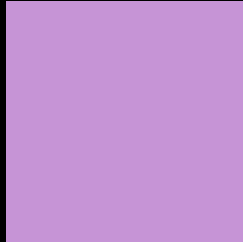
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 68, 40.262, 318.863 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

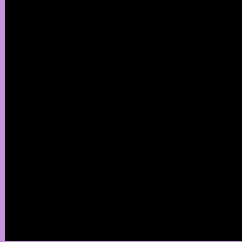
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 68, 40.262, 318.863

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 40.262, 318.863.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 68, 40.262, 318.863.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
68, 14.626, 354.109

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 40.262, 318.863

**Protanomaly**  
68, 35.491, 297.853

**Deuteranomaly**  
68, 30.963, 303.209

**Tritanomaly**  
68, 22.378, 331.973

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
68, 40.262, 318.863

**Achromatopsia**  
70, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
69, 14.829, 317.830

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 68, 40.262, 318.863 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 148, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 148, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 148, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 148, 214) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 68, 40.262, 318.863 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 148, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 148, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 148, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 148, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 148, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 148,  
214) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 68, 40.262, 318.863 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 148, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
148, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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